



Welcome to the 8<sup>th</sup> NHS Virtual  
Wards Summit: Embracing  
Hospitals at Home!



17<sup>th</sup> June 2025

Etc venues Manchester, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor,  
11 Portland Street M1 3HU



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## Chair Opening Address



**Dr Gurnak Singh Dosanjh**

GP

LLR ICB





## Keynote Speaker



**Adrian Matthews**

Consultancy Head of Yorkshire & Humber Region  
NECS Consultancy





A care system support organisation



# Integration and collaboration across NHS pathways and Virtual Care

Adrian Matthews, ChMC

Head of Yorkshire & Humber Region, NECS Consultancy

17 June 2025





# Introduction

*‘Be curious, not judgemental’*







# Context

*“We must design for the way people behave, not for how we would wish them to behave”.*

Donald Norman, designer

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## NHS 10-year Public tensions plan ‘shifts’

Hospital to Community	Supportive of more care in primary and community, but anxious about potential reductions in hospital services
-----------------------	---

Analogue to Digital	Support greater use of data to improve health delivery, but considerable concerns about data sharing beyond direct care
---------------------	---

Treatment to Prevention	Recognise role of government in helping us to be healthy, but no consensus about NHS role in providing preventative service
-------------------------	---

A decorative pattern of small, light grey dots arranged in a grid, spanning the width of the slide at the bottom.



# Delivering 3 shifts with virtual care



## **Hospital to Community:**

Virtual Wards; remote monitoring; hospital at home; chronic disease management; long term condition management; medicines management through NHS App; virtual assessments and prioritisation; managing and monitoring health conditions from home



## **Analogue to Digital:**

Utilising NHS app for better understanding of health data and self-management; data & digital infrastructure and integration; interoperability and information sharing

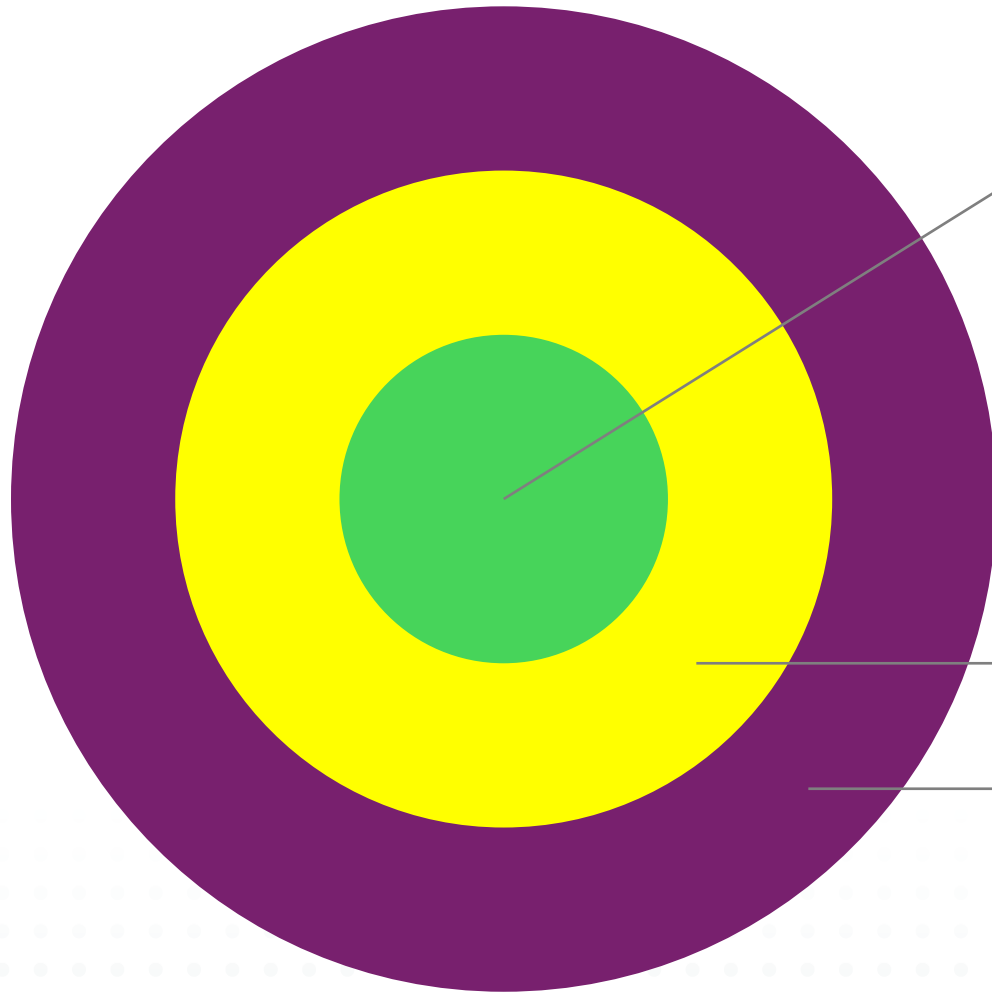


## **Treatment to Prevention:**

Wearables; digital vaccinations; digital screening; at home diagnostics; treatment and support; integrated at home testing & remote early detection; digital health checks



# Why is virtual care important



## Why – Virtual Care benefits

- Improve access to healthcare and specialists
- Convenient for patients
- Increases cost efficiency and effectiveness, reduces demand on other services
- Provides care continuity
- Improves patient engagement and outcomes
- Supports chronic disease and long-term condition management

## How - Delivered through collaboration

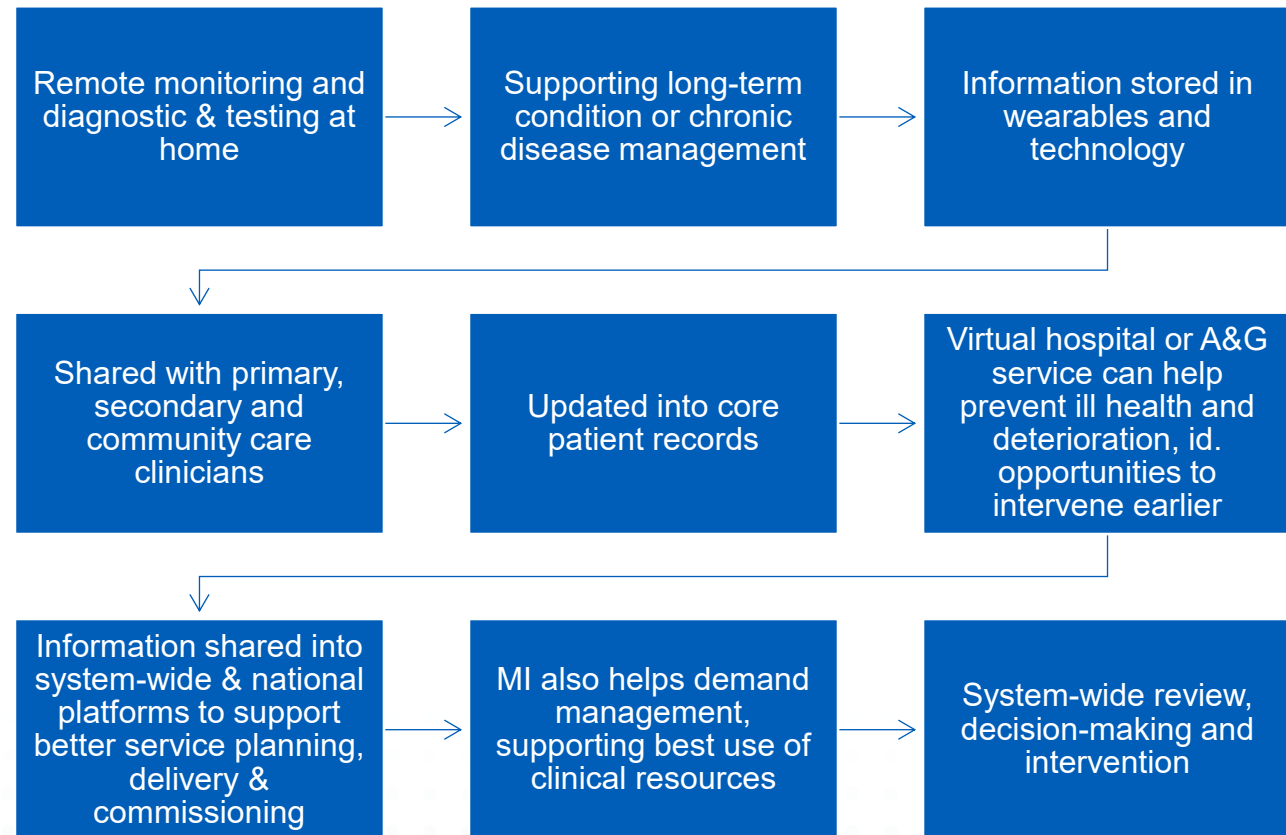
## What - Unlocked through integration





# Integration in Virtual Care and NHS pathways

Provision of  
coordinated and  
seamless  
healthcare  
services across  
organisations





# What is collaboration



Formerly disparate teams and partners working together to deliver common goals



How - establish clear goals; define roles and responsibilities; encourage open communication; utilise collaboration tools; and foster a culture of trust and respect

## Barriers to implementing virtual care

Systems don't talk

Data silos

Don't have the right people or processes

and approaches to work

at a system

time to

Don't

We don't

Don't have an

and issues or impact

## What do we need to do to implement virtual care

Interoperable systems, secure information access across organisations and staff groups

Proactive data sharing and review

Lean review of patient journeys and plan across teams, services and organisations

Clear product and digital strategy, linked with above

Shared purpose and closer cross-organisational working

Right IG frameworks and data tables across systems

Create headroom for experts to deliver effectively

Patient engagement to find out how this will work best

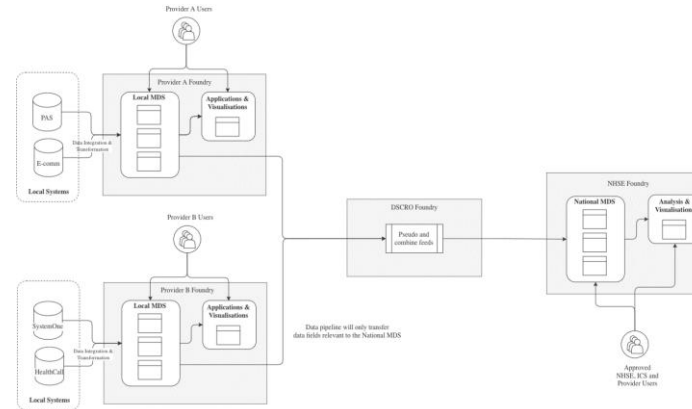
A realistic workforce plan that we can action

Easily accessible management information and supportive analytics

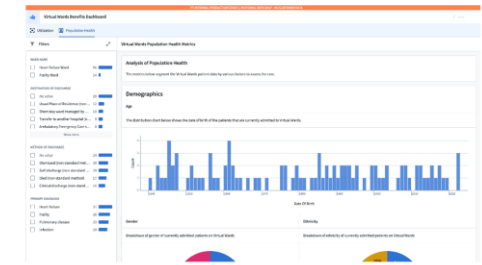




## Virtual Ward Minimum Viable Product



### What does it look like in practice?



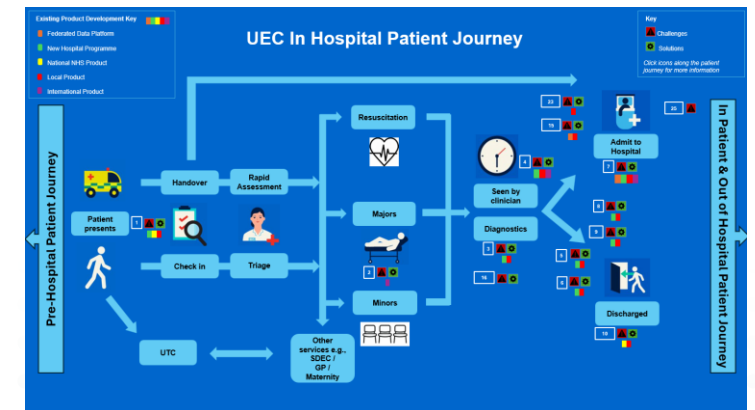
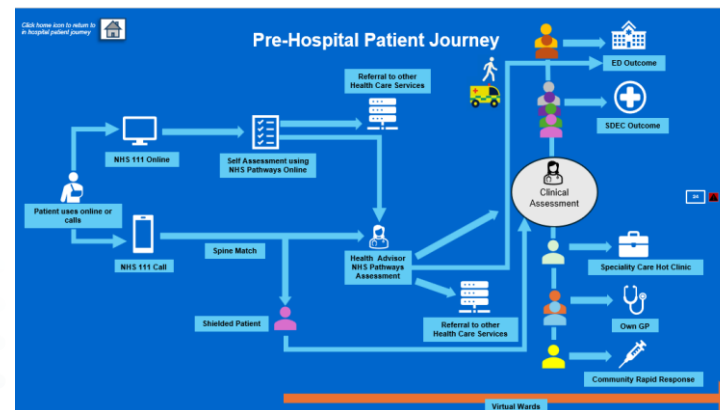
#### Benefits tool\*

- Uses MDS data to highlight key trends and metrics relating to virtual wards utilisation at a given provider
- Allows decision makers to understand efficacy of virtual wards in their clinical setting
- User can drill down to a specific virtual ward, or view metrics across whole provider population

\*all notional data

# Examples

## Urgent & Emergency Care digital products roadmap





# Conclusion



*“People will forget what you said. They will forget what you did. But they will never forget how you made them feel.”*

Maya Angelou, Poet, singer and civil rights activist



We can achieve many of the things we don't think at first are possible, when we work together



Patient care, delivery and management, but also integration of data and results, impact, statistical analysis to improve services and outcomes



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# Panel Discussion

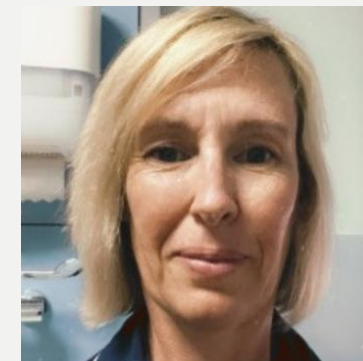
## NHS Virtual Wards Summit

Embracing Hospitals  
at Home



**Mrs. Clarisse Ann  
Lagman**

Phlebotomy and Point of  
Care Testing Manager  
(Transformation and  
Delivery), Oxford Health  
NHS Foundation Trust



**Esther Birrell**

Lead nurse, Paediatric  
virtual ward  
UHL University Hospitals  
Of Leicester NHS Trust



**Alison Davis**

Clinical Quality Improvement Lead  
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust



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# Refreshments & Networking





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## Chair Morning Reflection



**Dr Gurnak Singh Dosanjh**

GP

LLR ICB



# Case Study

doccla<sup>i</sup>







# Case Study

## NHS Virtual Wards Summit

Embracing Hospitals  
at Home



**Rebecca Edwards:** MRI H@H Acute Service  
Lead  
&

**Prasanna Rao-Balakrishna:** Joint Medical Lead  
MFT City-Wide H@H



# Digital transformation supporting novel care delivery models

## MFT Hospital at Home (Urgent Care in the Community)

Rebecca Edwards: MRI H@H Acute Service Lead

Prasanna Rao-Balakrishna: Joint Medical Lead MFT City-Wide H@H





# Manchester University Foundation Trust



- MFT is one of the largest trusts in the country (> 2.5 million patients per year).
- At one time Manchester Royal Infirmary has **726** inpatients on average.
- Increasing numbers of patients are presenting to our hospitals, leading to real challenges with resources.
  - Poor patient experience & outcomes
  - Impact on flow of patients
  - Impact on staff experience
- **Care at Home** is not a new concept but instead is evolving, where care that would traditionally be delivered in an inpatient setting is now able to be done at home.
- The opportunities to care for patients at home who would normally be in hospital is endless:
  - ***it just requires a different mindset***
- Supports new NHS Urgent and Emergent Care Plan June 2025



# Evolution of the MRI Hospital at Home service



Manchester University  
NHS Foundation Trust

April 2022

Dec 22

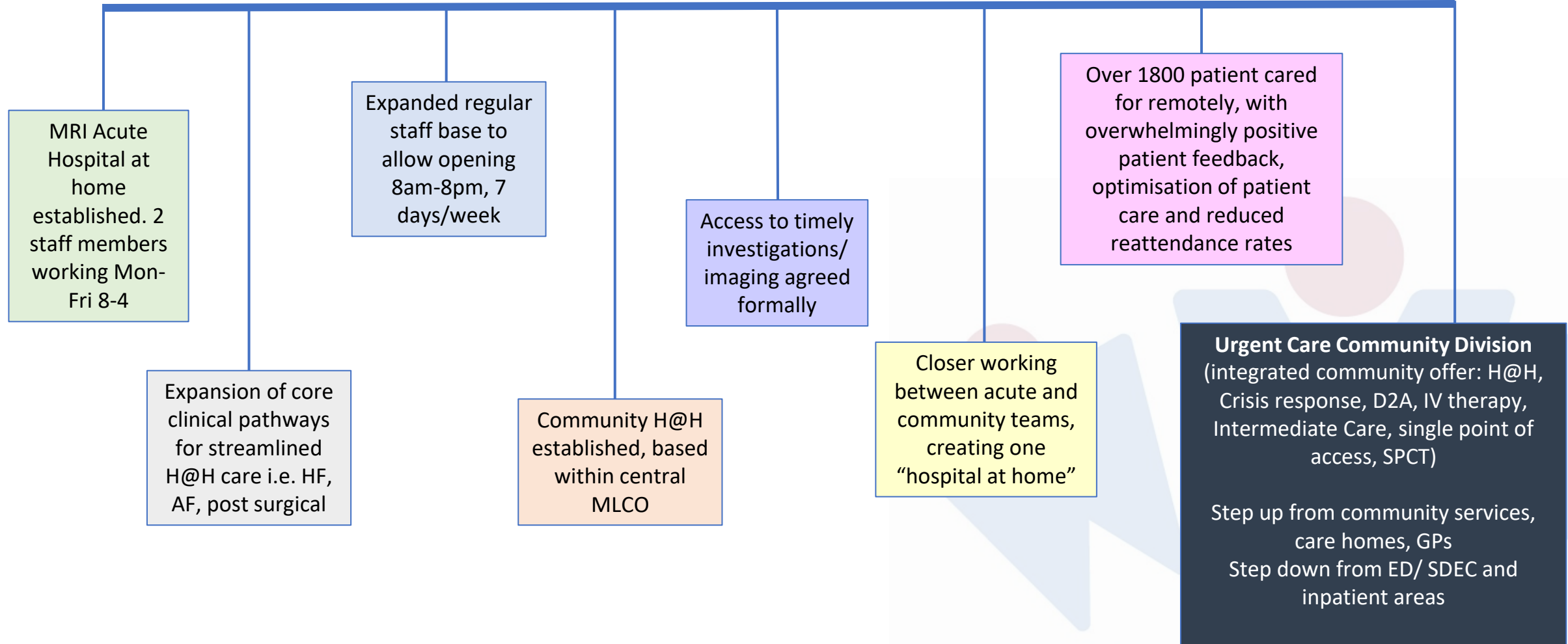
Sept 23

April 24

2024-25

2025

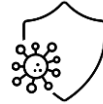
Now





# Considering the possible...

Always ask if the patient can receive their care closer to home ?



## 'Step up' and 'Step down' models



### Step up

**Step up models provide an alternative to admission to hospital** for acutely unwell or deteriorating patients who can be offered the choice between being treated at home or in hospital.

Patients can be 'stepped up' to a virtual ward service by primary or community care, from single points of access (SPoAs), same day emergency care (SDEC) or emergency department (ED).



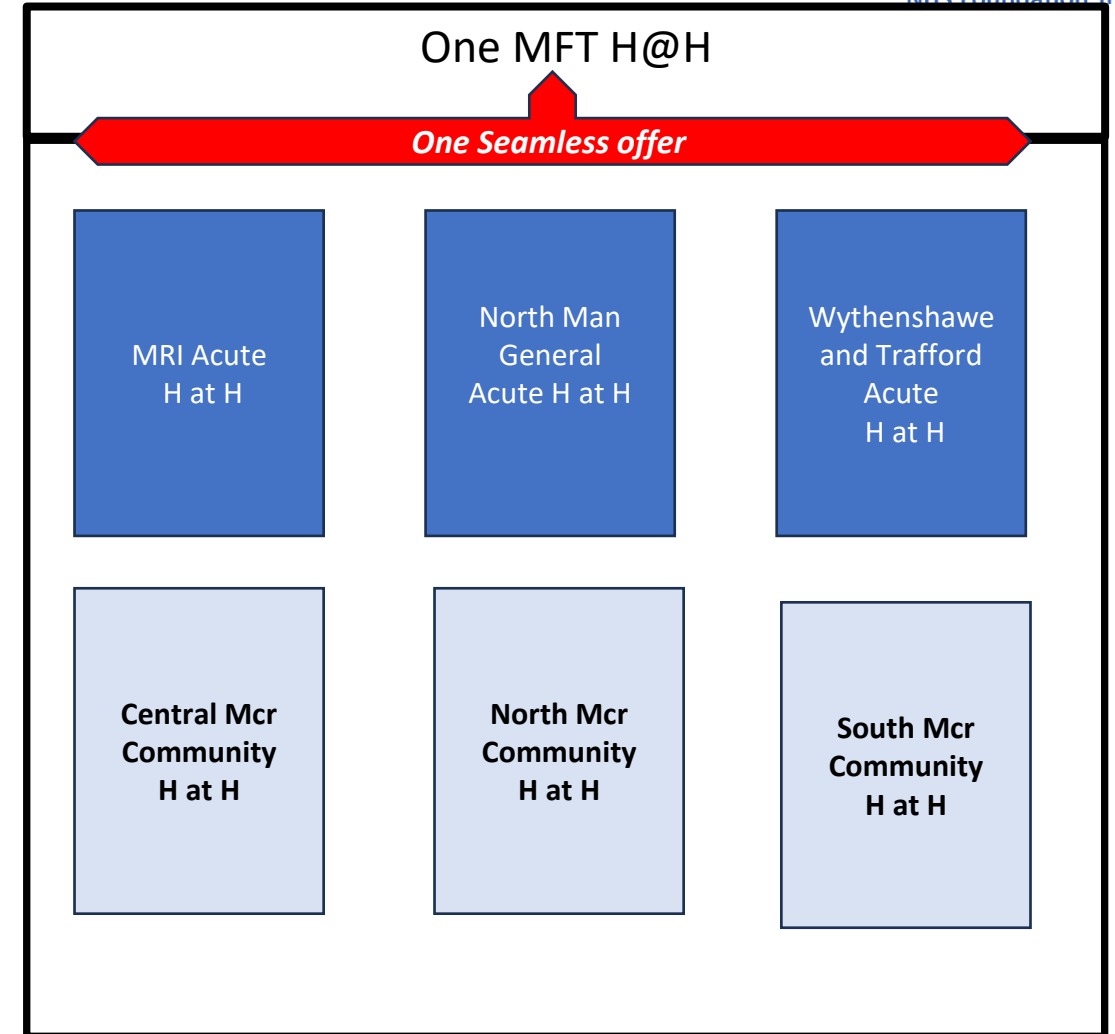
### Step down

**Step down models facilitate earlier transfers from inpatient wards** by enabling patients who are not medically optimised for discharge to continue to receive medical treatment, oversight and diagnostics at home.

Patients can be 'stepped down' from hospital inpatient wards.



- Started as locality individual services
- Developed into a City-wide offer
- Moved into one locality model
- Robust telemedicine protocols embedded within care
- Remote vital sign monitoring (DOCCLA): continuous and intermittent
- Timely face to face assessment, intervention care and support in the home or via SDEC services
- Wrap around care at home by the MDT (Geriatricians, GP's, ACP's, Nurses, physiotherapists, occupational therapists, social workers, pharmacists, and speciality team input)







## Hospital at Home Offer: Core Components

Continuous and  
intermittent  
vital sign  
monitoring.

Virtual MDT  
Board Rounds.

Key routes of  
escalation of  
those requiring  
urgent medical  
review.

Consultant /GP  
review in the  
home or  
specialist  
consultant  
virtual support

Social support in  
the home

Therapy support  
at home.

IV therapy /Sub  
Cut Fluids  
(Diuretics/ ABX)  
in the home.

Daily  
telemedicine  
clinical  
assessment via  
telephone or  
video.

Nursing care in  
the home

Pharmacy  
support in the  
home



# National Ask: is this the whole picture?

NHS England key focus is that of 3 specific defined pathways:

1. Frailty
2. Heart failure
3. Acute respiratory infections

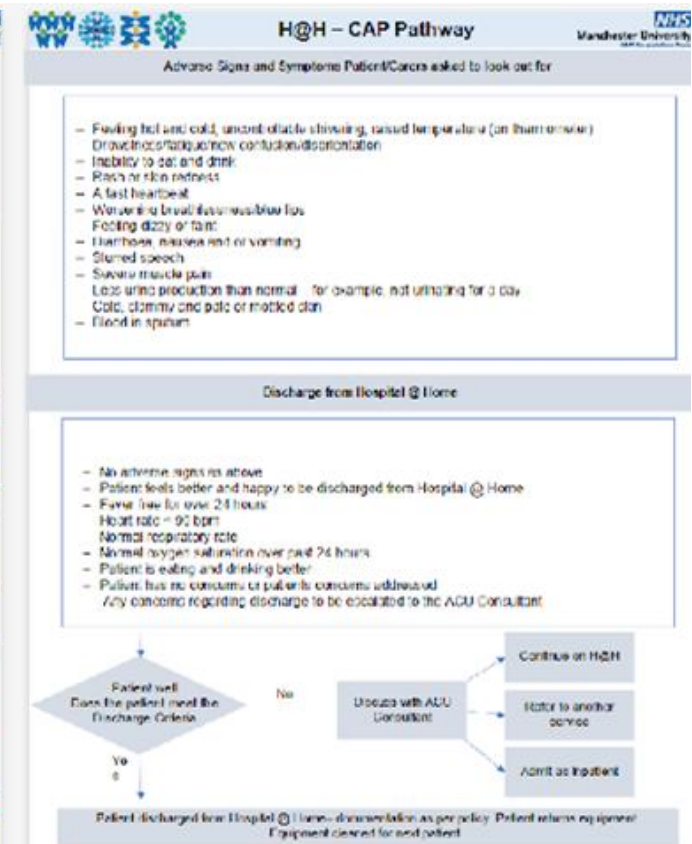
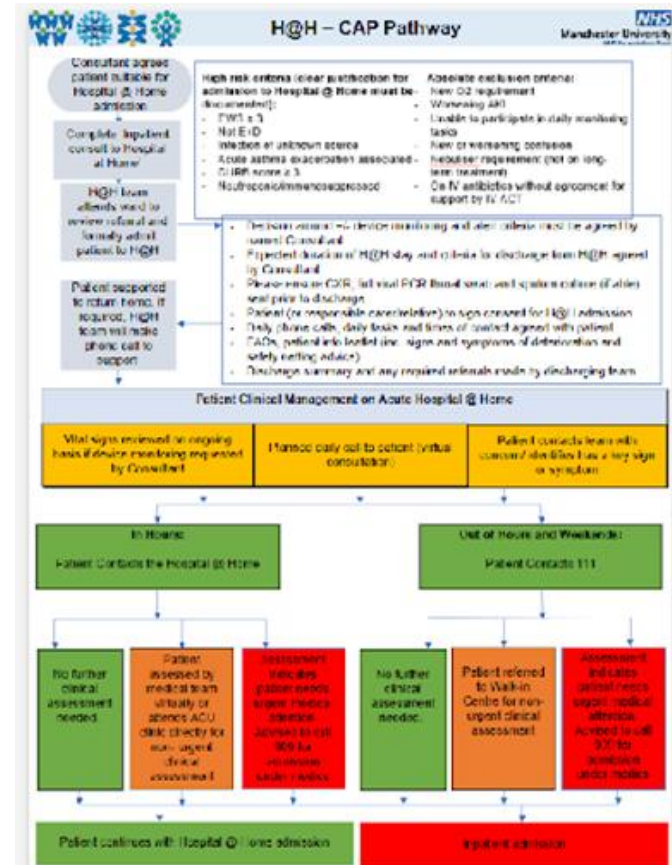


- MFT have expanded the scope beyond the national ask
- flexibility helps patient flow and maximizes opportunities
- Provide a diverse and inclusive offer for our population groups across Manchester
- MRI v Wythenshawe v North Manchester – includes similarities and variation in population groups
- Standardisation of the offer is key whilst ensuring local patient populations needs are met



## Current formalised pathways

- Frailty
- CAP
- Respiratory Virus
- General Infection
- AF
- Heart failure
- COPD
- Covid
- Renal overload
- Hypertension





# We do much more.....

- Frailty
- Abdo pain
- Acute hepatitis
- AF
- Apical pneumothorax
- Asthma
- CAP
- Covid
- Cellulitis
- Chest pain
- Heart failure
- Decompensated liver disease
- Constipation and hyponatraemia
- IECOPD/NIECOPD complex
- Diverticulitis
- DVT

- Electrolyte abnormality
- Gastroenteritis
- Flu
- Asthma and Flu
- HIV and Flu
- Hypertension
- Infection
- Viral illness
- LRTI
- Diarrhoea
- Neutropenic sepsis
- Urosepsis
- Tonsillitis
- Stroke
- Sinusitis
- Rash

## Planned Expansion of Scope

- Surgery (Pre and post op)
- Pancreatic cancer surgery
- Reactive seasonal care
- IBD
- Trauma



## Challenges:

- No EPR system has H@H across acute, community and primary care boundaries
- Most EPR systems are only designed for inpatient OR outpatient
- Logistical challenges i.e. tests and investigations
- Managing data/reporting while upscaling model

## How we overcame them:

- Working with EPIC to develop a bespoke Hospital at Home environment
- Ward manager comprehensive view of all activity on one screen
- One view for all H@H related activity
- Referral triage allows for smooth step-up procedures and improved data reporting capabilities
- Ability for hybrid working across teams

The screenshot displays the 'Virtual Care' interface for a 'Hospital Care At Home Assessment'. The form is structured into several sections with input fields and dropdown menus. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like 'TRADE', 'DOCUMENTATION', 'ASSESSMENTS', and 'DISCHARGE'. The right sidebar shows an 'Index' of various clinical orders and a 'Daily Checklist' with a status of 'Overdue (1)' and 'Completed (4)'. The main form area includes fields for 'Referral Date', 'Referral Time', 'Referral Source' (with a table of options), 'Referral Outcome' (Accepted/Declined), 'Referral Accepted Date', 'Referral Accepted Time', 'Assessment Method for Admission' (Virtual/Face to Face), 'Is this patient an admission avoidance?' (Yes/No), and 'Care Delivery Method'.

Referral Source				
Acute Hospital Inpatient De...	Outpatient Department	Emergency Department	General Medical Practitione...	Mental Health Service
Community Health Service	NHS 111	NHS 999	SDEC	Urgent Community Response
Non-MFT	Other or Unknown			





# Workforce

## Challenges:

- Service growth at pace
- New ways of working: Virtual care
- Digital integration
- Maintaining competence in clinical skills and knowledge whilst working virtually

## Solutions:

- Embedded within SDEC clinical setting
- Ensuring ongoing development of staff and diversity of work (improving retention)
- Providing opportunity for progression i.e. OT/PT/Pharmacy/Nurse Specialists/Physician Associates





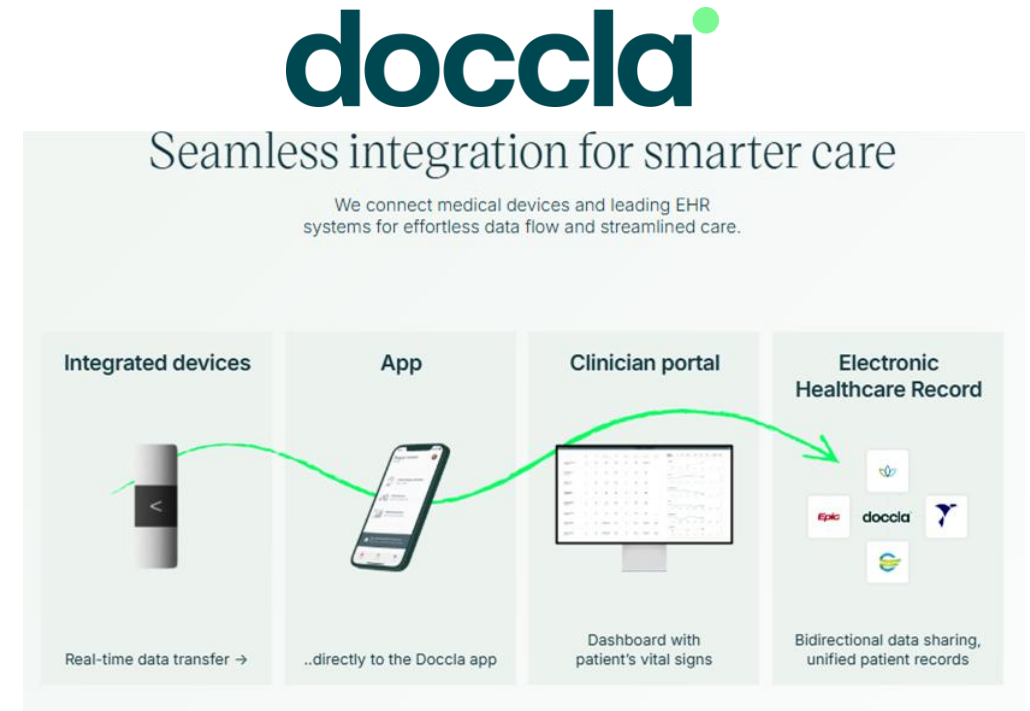
# Remote Monitoring

## Challenges:

- Lack of national offer for continuous monitoring
- **One size does not fit all:** Lack of variation in digital remote monitoring offer
- Lack of integration with EPR systems for workload optimisation
- Ease of use of technology and patient digital literacy

## How we overcame them:

- Procurement process led by clinicians
- Communication channels with provider (Doccla) allowing for continuous service development
- Work towards Doccla and EPIC integration
- Ensuring remote monitoring provider has a spectrum of options to individualise patients care





# The need for a flexible and varied digital offer: Doccla

## Continuous (passive) monitoring

- Ease of use for patient/carer
- Predict deterioration/acuity quicker
- Method of choice by patients and staff
- Higher staff workload



## Intermittent monitoring

- Patient familiar with technology
- Lower staff workload
- Lower data burden
- More tasks for patient



## Non vital sign based data

- Patient questionnaires/validated assessments
- Nutrition
- Hydration
- Pain
- Wound care
- “end of the bed” assessment





## Benefits to the digital offer

- Allows for reduced reliance on health care borders
- Meeting the needs of the local population
- Optimised use of inpatient beds
- Builds Clinician Trust in remote care (supports management of risk)
- Able to widen clinical scope of services
- Patient and carer confidence
- Increased communication between healthcare provider and patient/family
- Improves patient/carers inclusion in their healthcare
- Central online dashboard accessible on mobiles/ computers for healthcare teams to be able to monitor in an office or on the move



# The art of the possible

**WE LEARN  
WE GROW**







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# Case Study

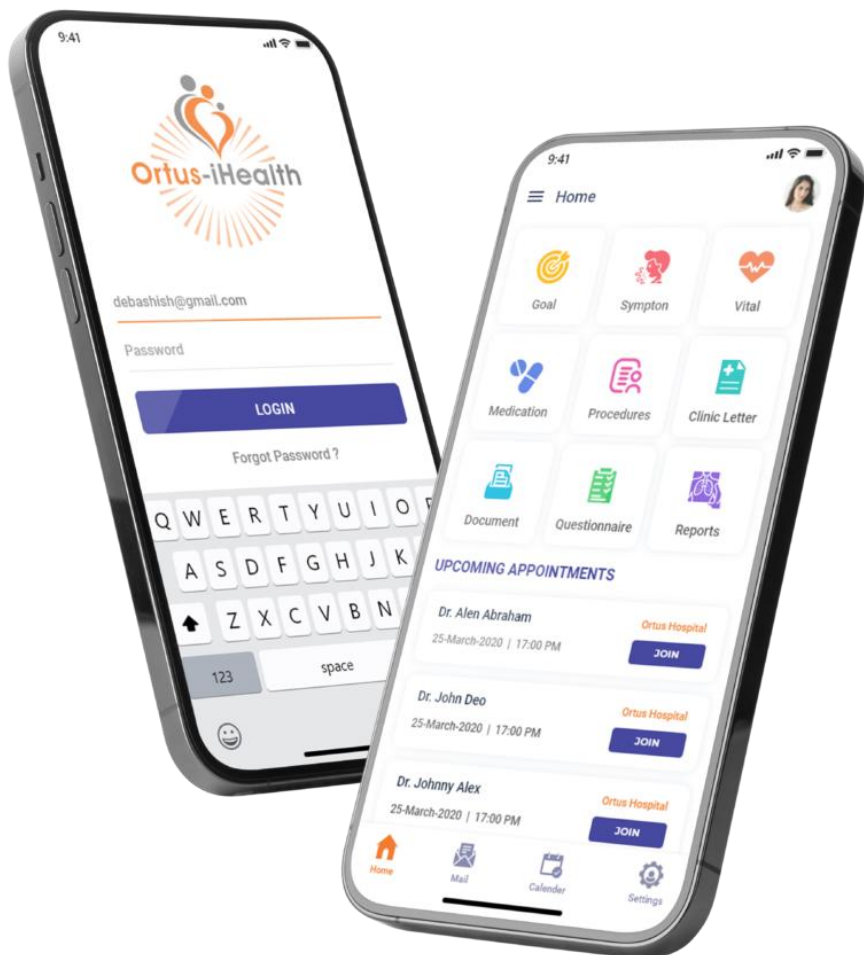




# Case Study



**Dr. Debashish Das**  
Consultant Cardiologist, Barts NHS Trust  
CEO & Founder, Ortus-iHealth



# Comprehensive Remote Patient Care Addressing the Full Acuity Spectrum

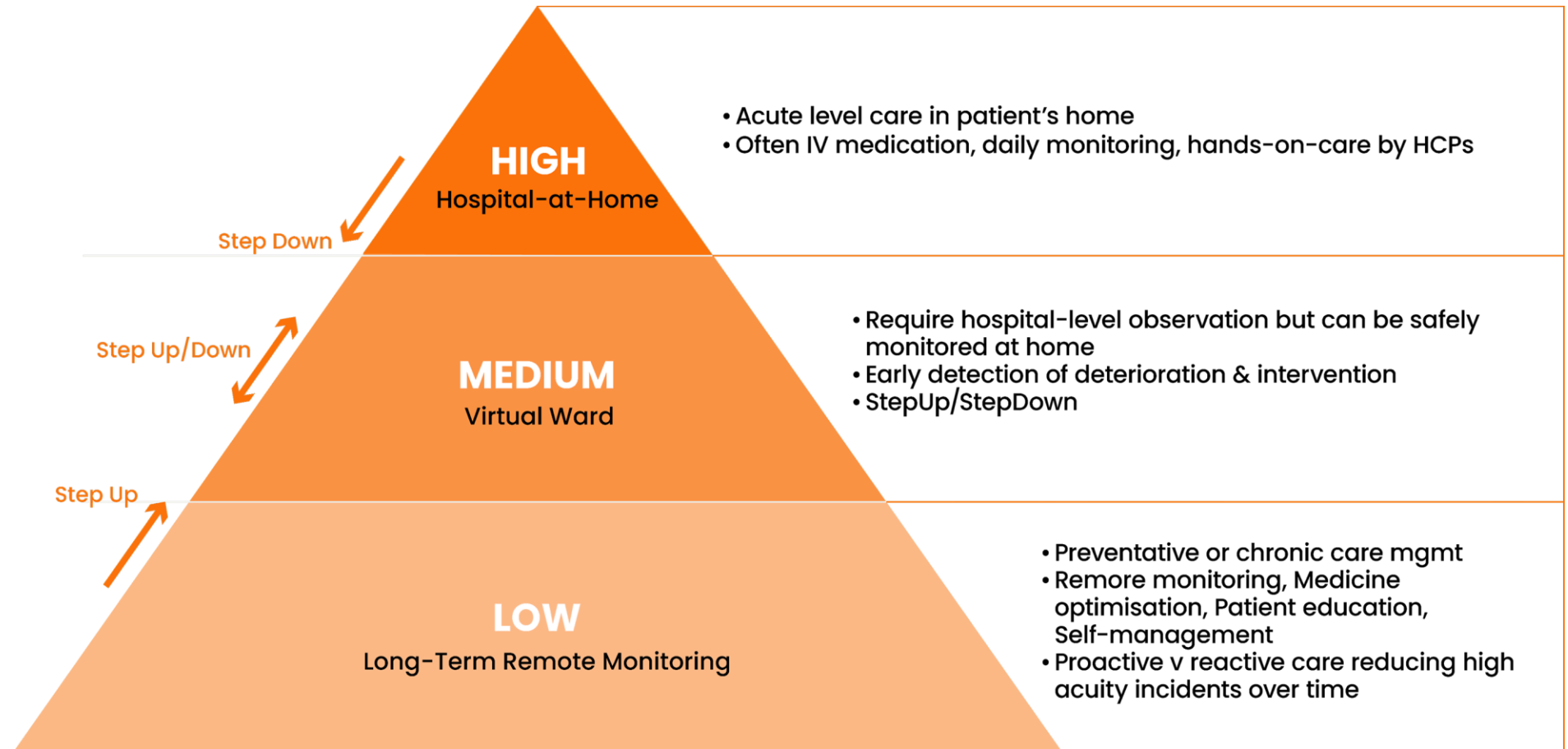
Moving Beyond Hospital at Home with  
Integrated Long-Term Remote Monitoring and  
Early Intervention

**Debashish Das**

Consultant Cardiologist St Barts Hospital  
Clinical Director Cardiology Whipps Cross Hospital  
CEO Ortus-iHealth



# The Acuity Pyramid in Remote Patient Care





# Definitions



## **Hospital-at-Home – avoid hospitalisation**

Provides acute-level care in a patient's home as an alternative to hospital admission.

Often includes IV medications, daily monitoring, and hands-on care by healthcare providers

## **Virtual Wards – reduce re-admission and prevent clinical decline**

Monitor patients remotely after discharge for early detection of deterioration.

Manage patients who may still require hospital-level observation safely outside the hospital environment

## **Long-Term Remote Patient Monitoring – prevent disease progression, detect deterioration early**

Ongoing, non-acute monitoring, typically patients with chronic conditions, or on an elective care pathway

Proactive rather than reactive care reducing high acuity incidents over time

Includes wearable devices, patient-reported outcomes (PROMs), digital rehabilitation, and education

# Acuity Pyramid Features



Feature	Hospital-at-Home	Virtual Ward	Long Term Remote Monitoring
Target Population	Acute High Acuity	Post Acute Medium Acuity	Chronic Low to Medium Acuity
Objective	Substitute Hospitalisation	Prevent Readmissions	Prevent Disease Escalation
Duration	Short-Term episodic care	Transition Phase (1-3 weeks)	Continuous Long-Term
Care Modalities	IVs, Daily Visits, Urgent Interventions	Monitoring Episodic Visits	Digital Monitoring, Patient Education and Coaching
Technology Requirements	Low/Medium Telehealth	Medium/High Remote Monitoring, Alarms	High Wearables, Tracking, AI Risk Scoring

# Value of the Acuity Pyramid



## Hospital-at-Home and Virtual Ward

Addressing only the top of the pyramid limits impact to short-term, high-acuity cases.

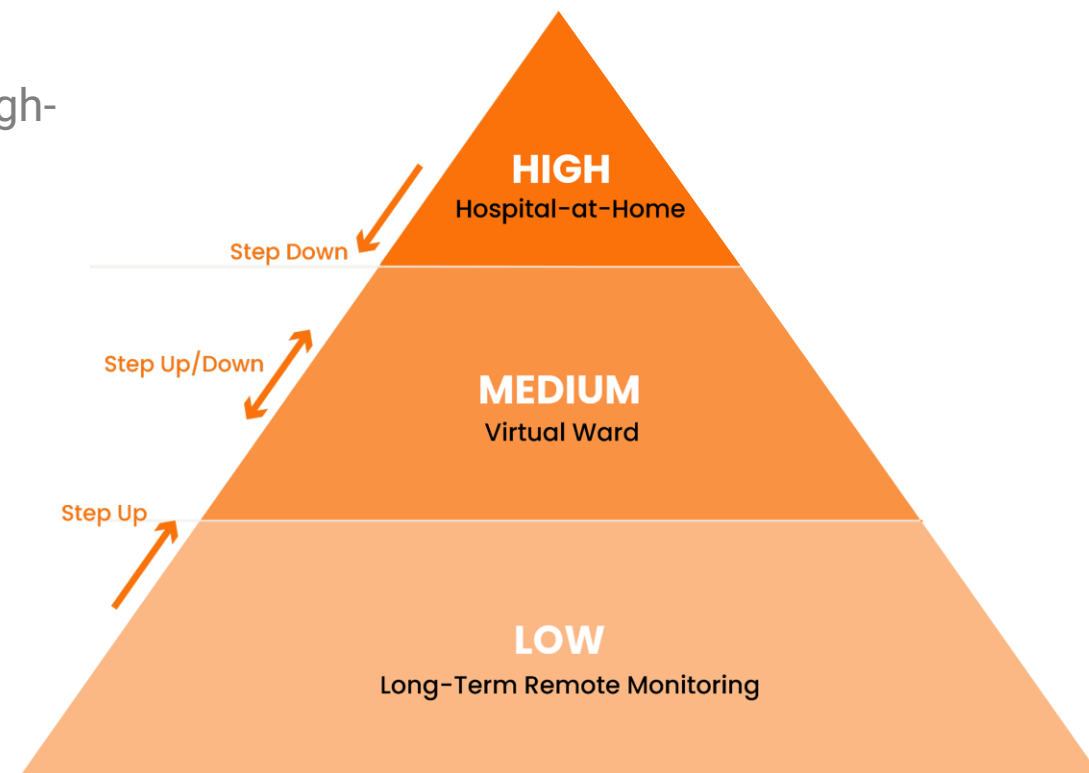
## Long Term Monitoring

Adds value across all acuity levels, supporting long-term health outcomes and reducing demand on acute services.

## Evidence

Studies show that preventive and early intervention (bottom and middle of the pyramid) lead to:

- A 20-30% reduction in hospitalizations in chronic disease patients.
- Improved quality of life, with reduced morbidity in long-term conditions like heart failure, diabetes, and COPD.



# Benefit of the Acuity Pyramid



## Improved Patient Outcomes

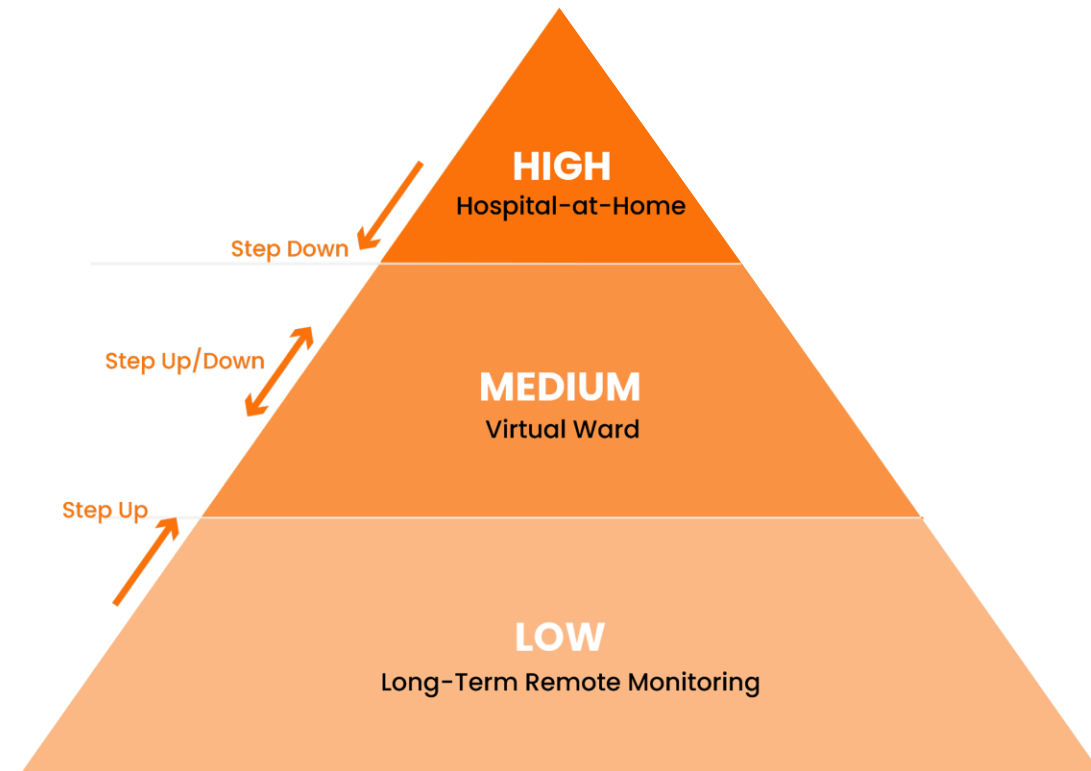
Proactive care reduces emergency admissions – example: Liverpool HF remote monitoring

## Cost Savings

Long-term RPM has been shown to reduce total healthcare costs by 10-15% per patient by lowering the frequency and severity of high-acuity events (Reference: Digital Medicine Studies, 2020).

## Patient Satisfaction

Patients experience continuity of care, feel empowered through digital tools, and report higher satisfaction scores.



# Building a Digital offering



## **Unified Platform**

Combining Hospital-at-Home, Virtual Wards and Long-Term Monitoring into one system covering all acuity levels.

## **Interoperable**

Integration with EHRs, PROMs, and risk assessment tools, patient education and self-help for holistic and continuous care.

## **Scalable Care**

Flexibility to move patients up or down the acuity pyramid as their condition changes, optimising resource use.



# Platform Overview



## Access

Web, apps and smart devices  
Any time, any place, anywhere



## Clinics & Consultations

Clinic and V-Clinic modelling, delivery, automation, appointments and  
Consults



## Assessment

Pre & Post Clinic PROMs, PREMs,  
Quality assessments &  
eConsent



## Track, Discharge & Share Outcome Data

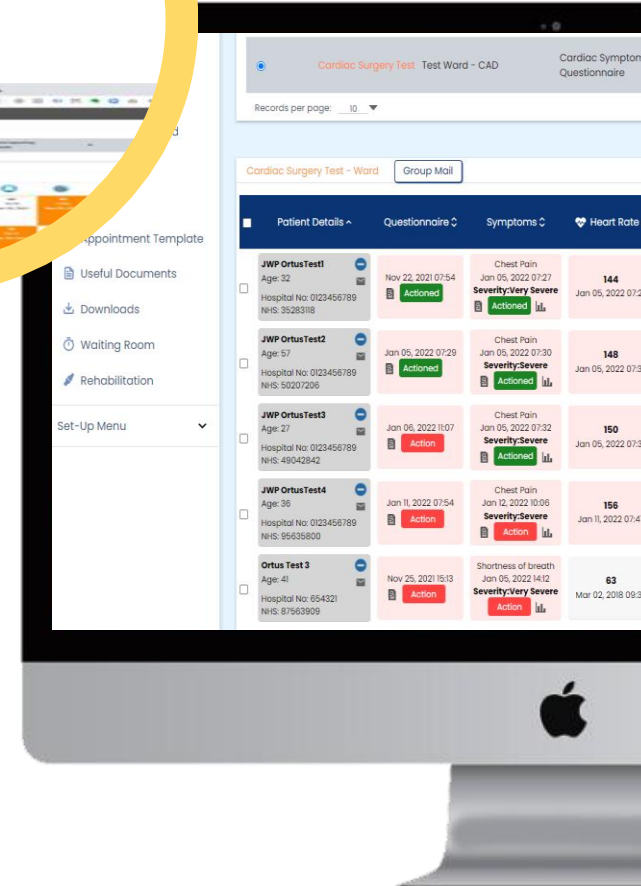
Clinic, Population, PAS & EPHR



## Remote Monitoring Pre & Post Treatment

Pathway dashboards,  
need based prioritization &  
early discharge

Removes barriers and delivers flexible access & pathways,  
remote monitoring, a dashboards, content, consent,  
engagement & clinics



# Building your Digital Pathways



## Build Your Service Pathways

- Is this H@H, VW or LTC –RPM?
- Cadence of intervention/review
- What Data do we want
  - What Observations? Vitals, Blood Pressure, Wounds?
  - Symptoms tracking - Questionnaires
- What are the signs of deterioration?
- Asynchronous messaging
- Health education & Rehab
- PROMS/PREMS
- Medication updates & advice



Patients in the Community



The Patient receives automated and timed contact:

1. Prompts and reminders for taking measures
2. Health education info
3. Review notifications
4. Medication updates



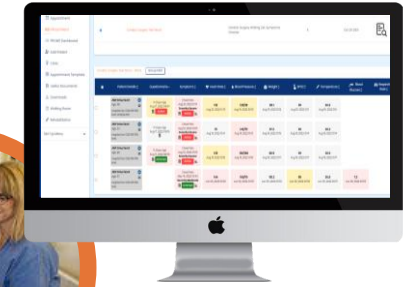
Patients can communicate back with care provider through asynchronous Messaging and using device



Medications & messages can be reviewed. Care adjusted and escalations managed

Connecting Systems and Platforms

Send to Cerner 

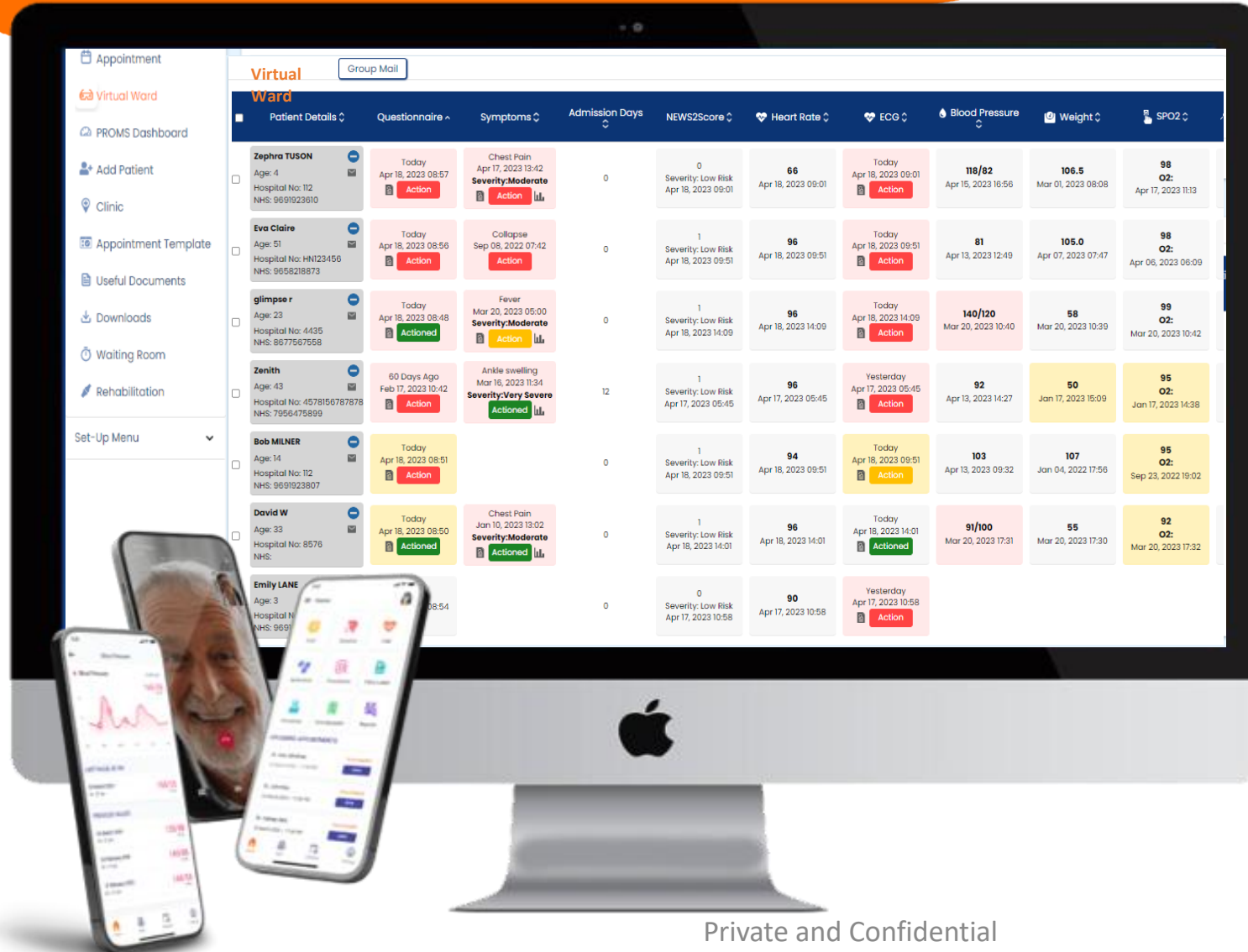


Ward round questionnaires  
Symptoms & Vitals monitoring .  
Ongoing review on the dashboard.  
The option to provide feedback as appropriate



Private and Confidential

# Virtual Ward & Remote Patient Monitoring



Private and Confidential

## Patient and Clinician Experience

- Easy to access and use
- Outstanding user experience

## Keeping Patients Safe

- Patient prioritisation
- Risk mitigation

## Automated Care Plans

- Pre-assessment questionnaires
- EConsent
- PROMs collection

## Facilitating

- Reduce emergency admission
- Early discharge
- Scaled virtual wards and remote monitoring

## Integrated

- Devices
- FHIR/HL7 Integration
- Cerner, EMIS, SystemOne & Epic

# Dashboard

## Configurable, Scalable



Virtual Ward <span>Group Mail</span> <span>3</span>													
<span>1</span> <span>2</span> <span>3</span> <span>4</span> <span>5</span>													
Patient Details	Questionnaire	Symptoms	Admission Days	NEWS2Score	Heart Rate	ECG	Blood Pressure	Weight	SPO2	Temperature	Blood Glucose	Respiration Rate	
<b>Zephra TUSON</b> Age: 4 Hospital No: 112 NHS: 9691923610	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:57 <span>Action</span>	Chest Pain Apr 17, 2023 13:42 <b>Severity: Moderate</b> <span>Action</span>	0	0 Severity: Low Risk Apr 18, 2023 09:01	66 Apr 18, 2023 09:01	Today Apr 18, 2023 09:01 <span>Action</span>	118/82 Apr 15, 2023 16:56	106.5 Mar 01, 2023 08:08	98 O2: Apr 17, 2023 11:13	37 Sep 15, 2022 12:02	65 Sep 15, 2022 12:04	13 Sep 15, 2022 12:01	
<b>Eva Clo</b> Age: 5 Hospital No: H123456 NHS: 965018872	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:56 <span>Action</span>	Collapse Sep 08, 2022 09:42 <span>Action</span>	0	1 Severity: Low Risk Apr 18, 2023 09:51	96 Apr 18, 2023 09:51	Today Apr 18, 2023 09:51 <span>Action</span>	81 Apr 13, 2023 12:49	105.0 Apr 07, 2023 07:47	98 O2: Apr 06, 2023 06:09	36.24 Apr 06, 2023 06:12	100 Feb 15, 2023 11:21	23 Jan 09, 2022 14:44	
<b>glimpse r</b> Age: 23 Hospital No: 4435 NHS: 8677567558	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:48 <span>Actioned</span>	Fever Mar 20, 2023 05:00 <b>Severity: Moderate</b> <span>Action</span>	0	1 Severity: Low Risk Apr 18, 2023 14:09	96 Apr 18, 2023 14:09	Today Apr 18, 2023 14:09 <span>Action</span>	140/120 Mar 20, 2023 10:40	58 Mar 20, 2023 10:39	99 O2: Mar 20, 2023 10:42	36 Mar 20, 2023 10:41	75 Mar 20, 2023 10:41	12 Mar 20, 2023 10:41	
<b>Zenith</b> Age: 43 Hospital No: 45781567878 NHS: 7956475899	60 Days Ago Feb 17, 2023 10:42 <span>Action</span>	Ankle swelling Mar 16, 2023 11:34 <b>Severity: Very Severe</b> <span>Actioned</span>	12	1 Severity: Low Risk Apr 17, 2023 05:45	96 Apr 17, 2023 05:45	Yesterday Apr 17, 2023 05:45 <span>Action</span>	92 Apr 13, 2023 14:27	50 Jan 17, 2023 15:09	95 O2: Jan 17, 2023 14:38	37 Jan 17, 2023 14:36		18 Feb 09, 2023 14:14	
<b>Bob MILNER</b> Age: 14 Hospital No: 112 NHS: 9691923807	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:51 <span>Action</span>		0	1 Severity: Low Risk Apr 18, 2023 09:51	94 Apr 18, 2023 09:51	Today Apr 18, 2023 09:51 <span>Action</span>	103 Apr 13, 2023 09:32	107 Jan 04, 2022 17:56	95 O2: Sep 23, 2022 19:02				
<b>David W</b> Age: 33 Hospital No: 8576 NHS:	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:50 <span>Actioned</span>	Chest Pain Jan 10, 2023 13:02 <b>Severity: Moderate</b> <span>Actioned</span>	0	1 Severity: Low Risk Apr 18, 2023 14:01	96 Apr 18, 2023 14:01	Today Apr 18, 2023 14:01 <span>Actioned</span>	91/100 Mar 20, 2023 17:31	55 Mar 20, 2023 17:30	92 O2: Mar 20, 2023 17:32	36 Mar 20, 2023 17:33	70 Mar 20, 2023 17:33	20 Mar 20, 2023 17:34	
<b>Emily LANE</b> Age: 3 Hospital No: 225 NHS: 9691918218	Today Apr 18, 2023 08:54 <span>Action</span>		0	0 Severity: Low Risk Apr 17, 2023 10:58	90 Apr 17, 2023 10:58	Yesterday Apr 17, 2023 10:58 <span>Action</span>							

1. Observations and ECG Tracking



2. Symptoms Monitoring



3. Deteriorating patient questionnaire



4. Templated, Individual and Group Messaging

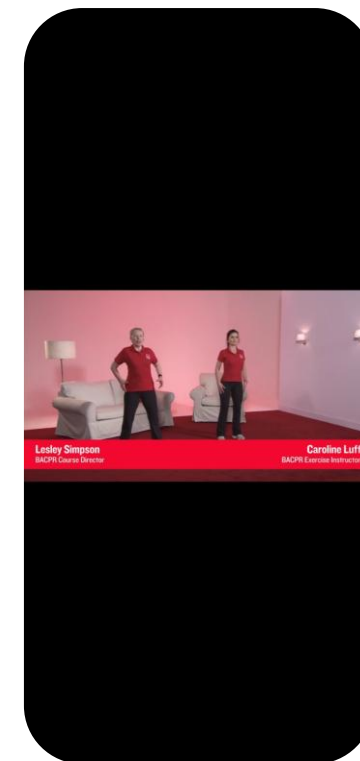
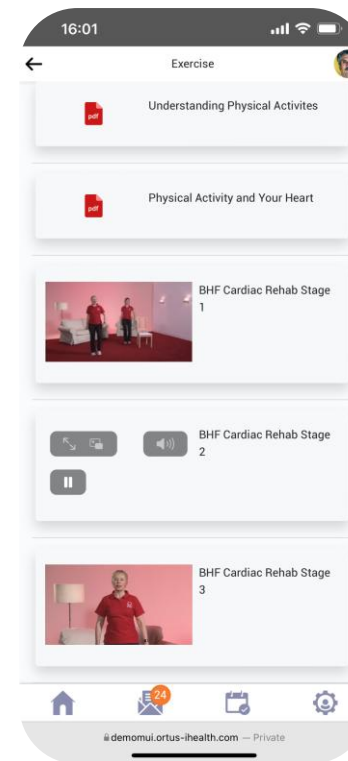
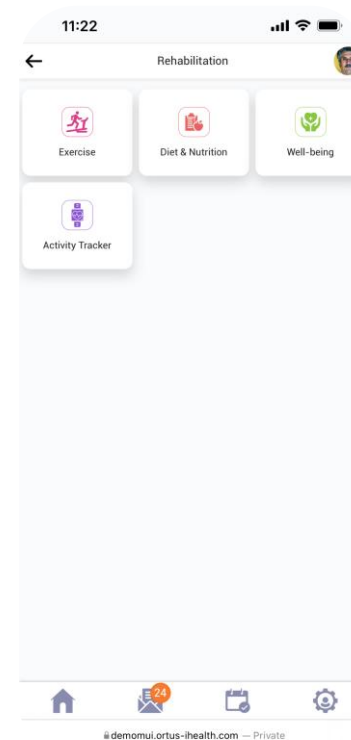
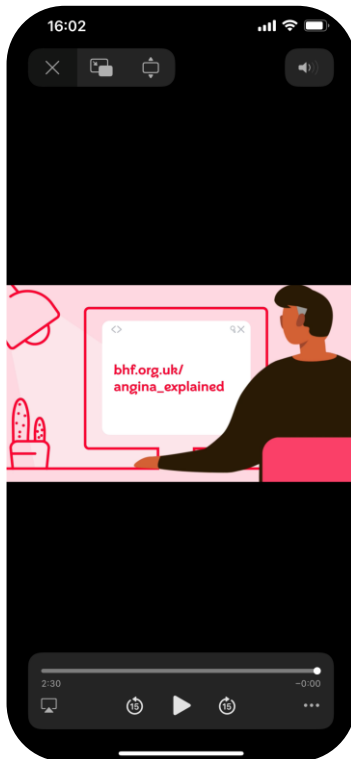
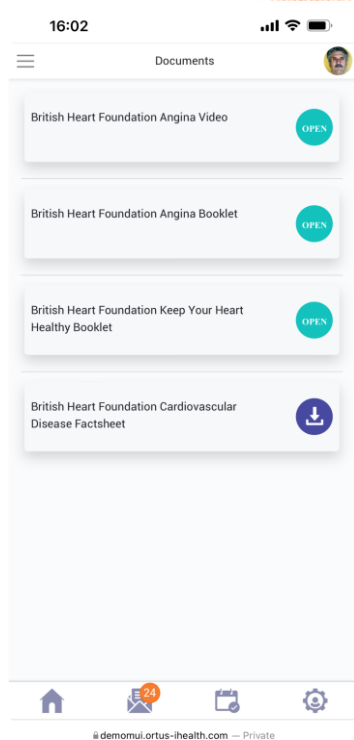


5. Prioritise Patients and Take Action





# Patient Support and Self-Management



Supplement with Digital Education/Care Plans

Digital Rehabilitation Support



# Low Risk NSTEMI Virtual Ward

## *The Case for Change*



In the UK, Non-ST Elevation Acute Coronary Syndrome (NSTEMI) is the most common type of acute coronary syndrome (ACS) accounting for approx. 100,000 cases per year



The management of NSTEMI places a significant burden on the healthcare system requiring significant cost and resources including hospital admissions, diagnostic tests and invasive procedures



Timely treatment with angiography is critical in avoiding adverse outcomes with National and International guidelines recommending treatment within 72-96 hours of admission for higher risk patients



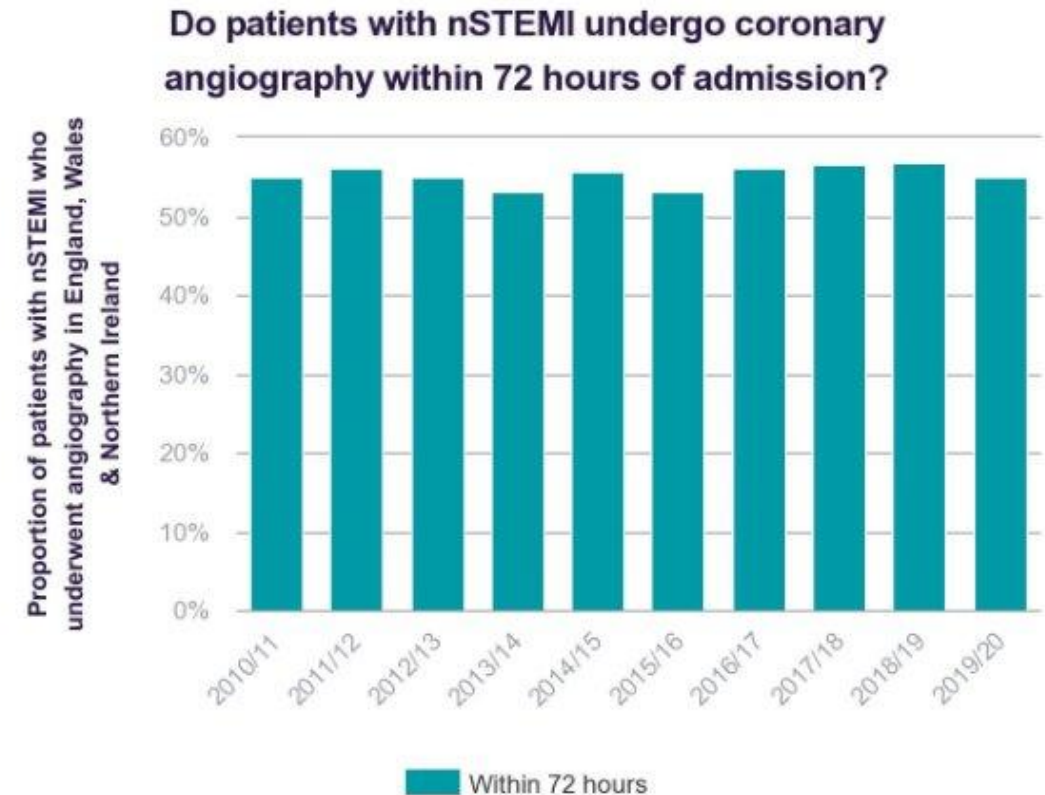
There is considerable variation in the time from admission to angiography for NSTEMI patients and many hospitals are failing to meet the targets

# Low Risk NSTEMI Virtual Ward

## *The Case for Change*



- In 2021/22, only 55% were treated within 72 hours - BCIS target of 75%
  - Long in-patient waits for angiography (often 5-10 days) with difficulty in prioritising higher risk patients (1<sup>st</sup> come 1<sup>st</sup> served)
    - Poor Patient experience
    - Low satisfaction
  - In lower-risk patients the benefit-to-risk ratio of early invasive procedures is less clear
  - Opportunity to risk assess NSTEMIs
    - Providing early/expedited procedures in the high and very high risk
    - Early discharge with OP angiography in the low risk
- Reducing waiting times



Copyright Nuffield Trust & The Health Foundation

# ATLAS Virtual Ward



  
**Patient has NSTEMI  
and awaiting  
angiogram**

  
**Patient meets  
ATLAS Criteria**



**Patient on virtual  
ward until  
angiogram**



**Fill out daily  
Cardiac  
Symptoms  
Checker**



**Daily Reviews  
by Advanced  
Nurse  
Practitioner**



**Alerts are  
Actioned and  
Escalated**



**Angiogram**

# ATLAS Virtual Ward Results



440 Patients  
Discharged



**86yrs**

Oldest patient



**62yrs**

Average patient



**38yrs**

Youngest patient



**96±30**

Grace Score



**11 Patients  
angio expedited**  
(11 of 431- 2.6%)



**37 Patients  
Medication changes**  
(37 of 431- 8.5%)

## Angio Procedures

**431 angiography**

**All <7 days**

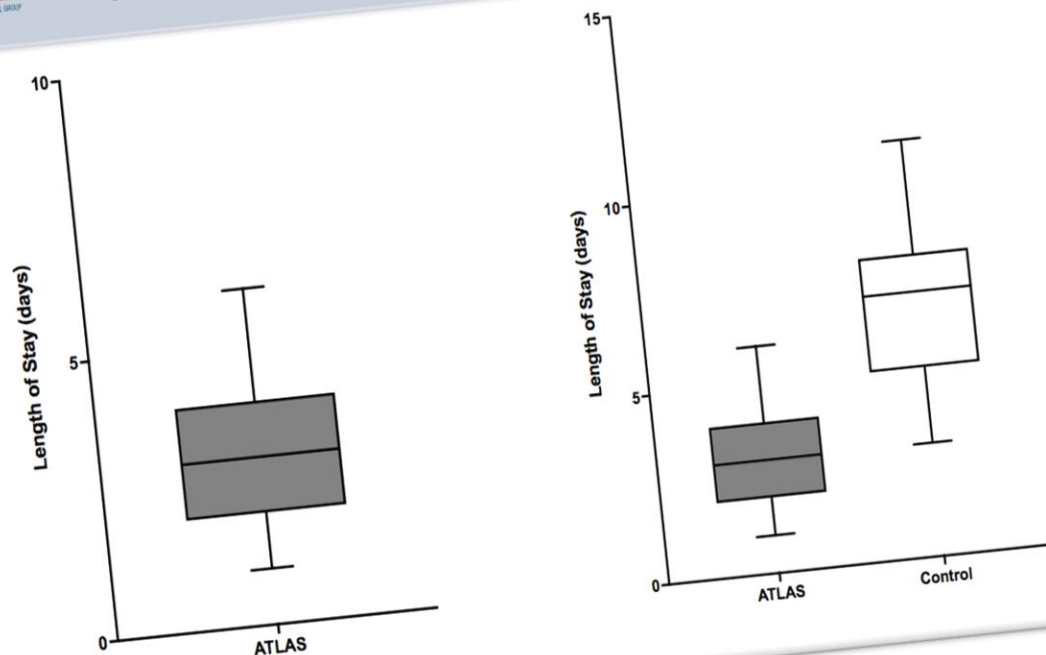
**Average 4.0 days**  
(Discharge to Angio)  
(Range 1-7)

**9 Awaited**

**10 deviated to CMR/CTCA**

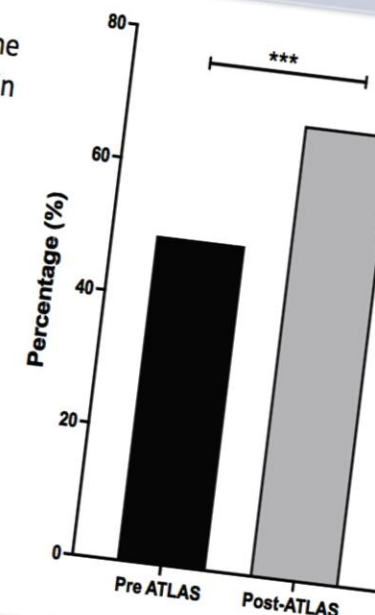
# ATLAS Virtual Ward Results

## B.I.G. Improved Efficiencies: Decreased Wait For Angiography



## Lower wait for high risk patients

- Key aim of pathway was to increase the proportion of patients treated within 72hrs
- NICE/GIRFT recommendation
- Pre-Pathway
  - 49% of patients were treated within 72hours
- Post Pathway
  - Increased to 67%





# ATLAS Virtual Ward Results



## Improved Efficiencies: Cancellations



- NSTEMI-ACS listed in urgent slots
- Potential for on-the day cancellations if emergencies
- Cancellation rate in IHTs over time-period: **29.1%**
- **0.4%** rate in ATLAS pts
- Predictability to plan lists



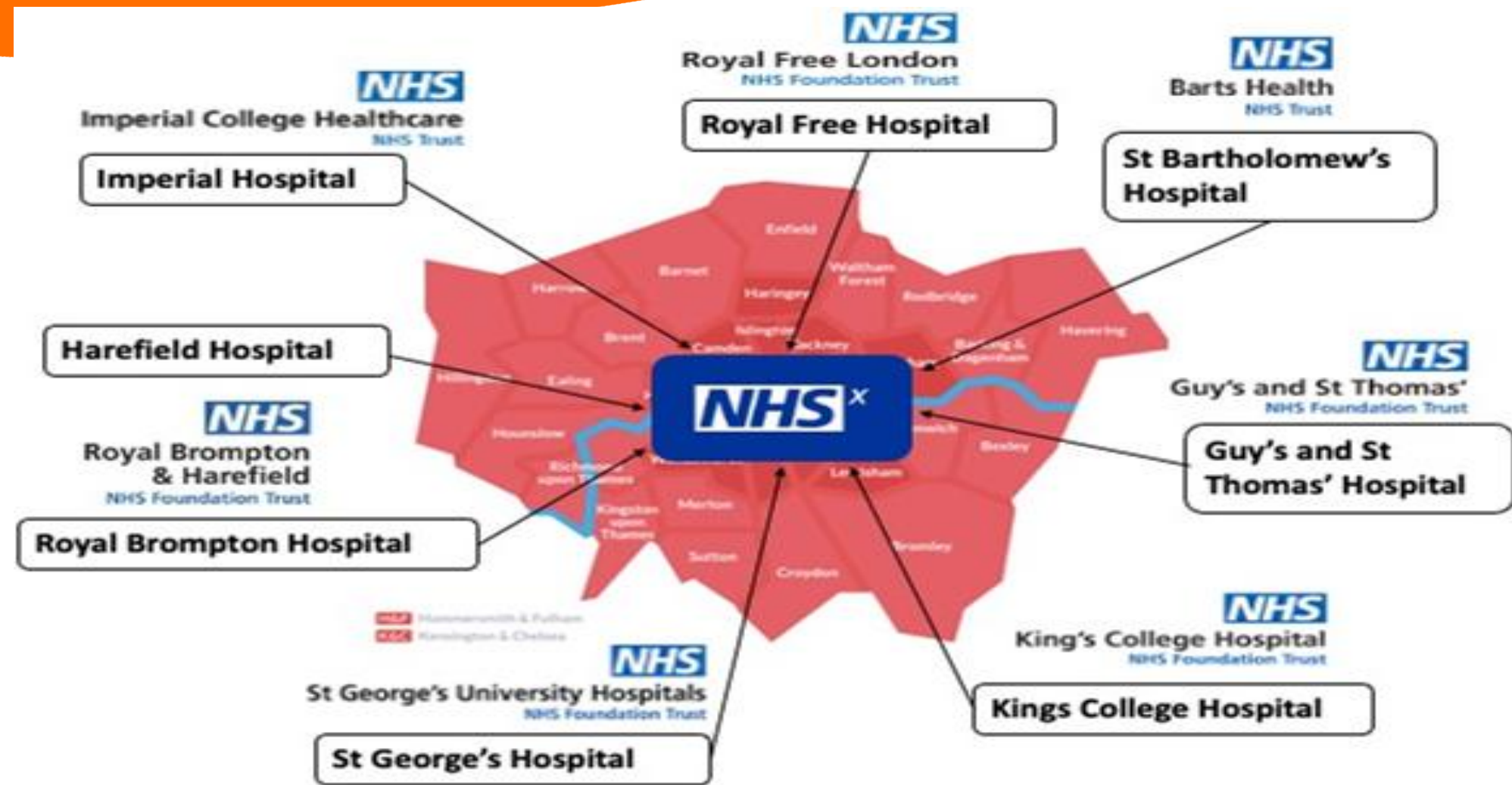
## Improved Efficiencies: Decreased Wait For Angiogram

### ATLAS Pathway

**1,760 Bed Days Saved-**  
**150-400 Bed Days per DGH**

**£900K in 10 Months**

# London Cardiac Surgical Patients



# Pan London Cardiac Elective Surgery Wait List



Currently 1,800 patients are on the Elective Cardiac Surgery waiting list, as part of a total of 7,000 patients who receive surgery annually

Waiting times are steadily increasing. Large majority of patients facing P2 clearance times in excess of 12 weeks

Substantial and increasing risks of morbidity and mortality whilst waiting for cardiac operations

An end-to-end Elective Cardiac Surgery pathway transformation was needed to enable operationally efficient and clinically safe, effective, high-quality care

# Elective List Remote Care Pathway



## Multiple Remote Monitoring Lists

Cardiac Surgery Test Ward - ward Group Mail

Patient Details	Questionnaire	Symptoms	Heart Rate	Blood Pressure	Weight	SPO2	Temperature	Blood Glucose
<b>JWP OrtusTest4</b> Age: 37 Hospital No: 0123456789 NHS:		Chest Pain May 16, 2022 05:54 <b>Severity: Moderate</b> Actioned	144 Jun 06, 2022 06:56	150/111 Jun 06, 2022 06:55	101.2 Jun 06, 2022 06:55	98 Jun 06, 2022 06:56	36.8 Jun 06, 2022 06:57	7.3 Jun 06, 2022 06:56
<b>JWP OrtusTest3</b> Age: 28 Hospital No: 0123456789 NHS:	22 Days Ago Aug 17, 2022 08:58 Actioned	Chest Pain Sep 05, 2022 09:47 <b>Severity: Severe</b> Action	122 Sep 05, 2022 10:48	133/112 Sep 05, 2022 10:48	88.5 Aug 18, 2022 10:17	99 Aug 18, 2022 10:17	36.9 Aug 18, 2022 10:17	
<b>JWP OrtusTest2</b> Age: 58 Hospital No: 0123456789 NHS: 0011223456	22 Days Ago Aug 17, 2022 09:04 Action	Chest Pain Sep 06, 2022 15:07 <b>Severity: Severe</b> Action	120 Sep 06, 2022 10:00	117/104 Sep 05, 2022 10:40	88.4 Sep 05, 2022 10:42	98 Sep 05, 2022 10:41	36.5 Aug 18, 2022 10:11	
<b>JWP OrtusTest1</b> Age: 33 Hospital No: 0123456789 NHS:	22 Days Ago Aug 17, 2022 09:05 Actioned	Chest Pain Sep 05, 2022 09:43 <b>Severity: Severe</b> Actioned	120 Sep 05, 2022 10:45	133/101 Sep 05, 2022 10:44	97.3 Aug 18, 2022 10:15	98 Sep 05, 2022 10:46	36.3 Aug 18, 2022 10:14	
<b>Dummy TestPatient8</b> Age: 22 Hospital No: 008 NHS: 0000111129	2 Days Ago Sep 06, 2022 19:59 Action	Chest Pain Sep 06, 2022 19:04 <b>Severity: Mild</b> Action	101 Sep 06, 2022 20:03	110/78 Sep 06, 2022 20:03				
<b>Dummy TestPatient7</b> Age: 22 Hospital No: 007 NHS: 0000111128	2 Days Ago Sep 06, 2022 19:57 Actioned		56 Sep 06, 2022 20:01	88/67 Sep 06, 2022 20:01				

1. Observations Tracking



2. Symptoms Monitoring



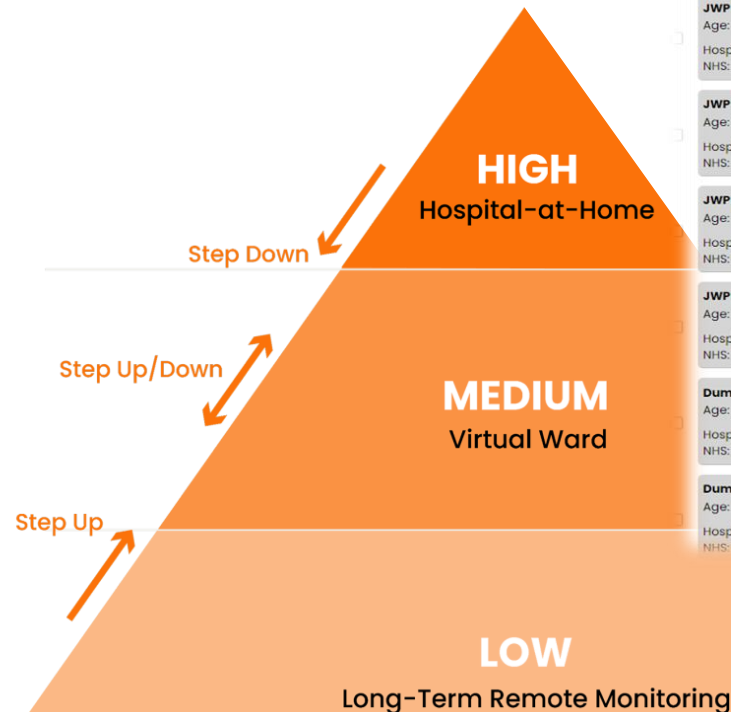
3. Deteriorating patient questionnaire



4. Templated Individual and Group Messaging



5. Prioritise Patients and Take Action



# Barts Remote Monitoring Surgical Data



## Scope

1432 patients enrolled (Sept 2022 – Dec 2023) remotely monitored up to July 2024  
72% Males, 18% Female, 71% engaged with the Remote Monitoring programme

## Results

120 patients escalated as deteriorating and surgery brought forward  
Unplanned admissions 0.98% RPM vs 5.71% not P<0.05  
Mortality remotely monitored 0.59% RPM vs 1.9% P<0.05

Bed days saved 1200 days - Cost Saving £1M

Cost per live saved £15K

Cost per QUALY £1.5K - **highly cost-effective** (below £20,000–£30,000 per QUALY NICE Threshold)





## Slido

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## Fireside Interview



**Mr James Benson**  
Chief Executive Officer  
Central London Community Healthcare NHS Trust



## Slido

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## Case Study



livework





# Case Study



**Tracy Stocker**  
Director of Operations for  
Flow and Integration  
Medway NHS Foundation  
Trust

# Virtual Hospital

Improving Productivity, Efficiency and  
Patient Flow

Tracy Stocker

Director of Operations, Flow and Integration

Medway NHS Foundation Trust

SRO Medway and Swale Virtual Ward





# Exclusive: ‘Virtual hospitals’ to be launched in 10-Year Plan

By Joe Talora | 13 June 2025



> 10-Year Health Plan to launch “virtual hospitals”

The upcoming 10-Year Health Plan is set to propose the introduction of “virtual hospitals” based on patients directly contacting consultants on an Uber-style platform, *HSJ* has been told.

Senior sources have indicated the proposal will involve a major overhaul and expansion of the existing “advice and guidance” model, whereby GPs can seek advice from a consultant before referring a patient to hospital, in the hope of finding an alternative.

Described by one well-placed official as “Uber for consultants”, the new proposal would create a system for GPs and individual patients to directly seek advice from any consultants, including those outside their home area, who make themselves available.

It is being described as “virtual hospitals” or “virtual clinics”.

COOKIE SETTINGS

Virtual Hospital is now an officially recognised movement!

Central to delivering the 10-year plan

- Digital
- Prevention focused
- Keeps care in the Community

There must be no delay in the scaling up of Virtual Hospitals

Start now.

WEST HERTFORDSHIRE TEACHING HOSPITALS TRUST

## Virtual wards saved trust £1.3m a year

By Zoe Tidman | 12 June 2025



> West Hertfordshire Teaching Hospitals Trust carries out home service

Hong Kong harbour and skyline

## The Rise of the Home-Based Healthcare Revolution in China



**Tara Donnelly**  
Founder | Digital Care

June 2, 2025

With a population of 1.4 billion, the People's Republic of China is facing a pressing challenge in providing effective medical services throughout the country, particularly given the age profile of this vast population.

BUSINESS REPORTER

**BR**



## World's largest virtual hospital enhances cutting-edge health access for millions

MANAGEMENT

SPONSORED BY SAUDI DELEGATION TO THE WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM

*Saudi Arabia has put digital healthcare and technology at the heart of its transformative vision*

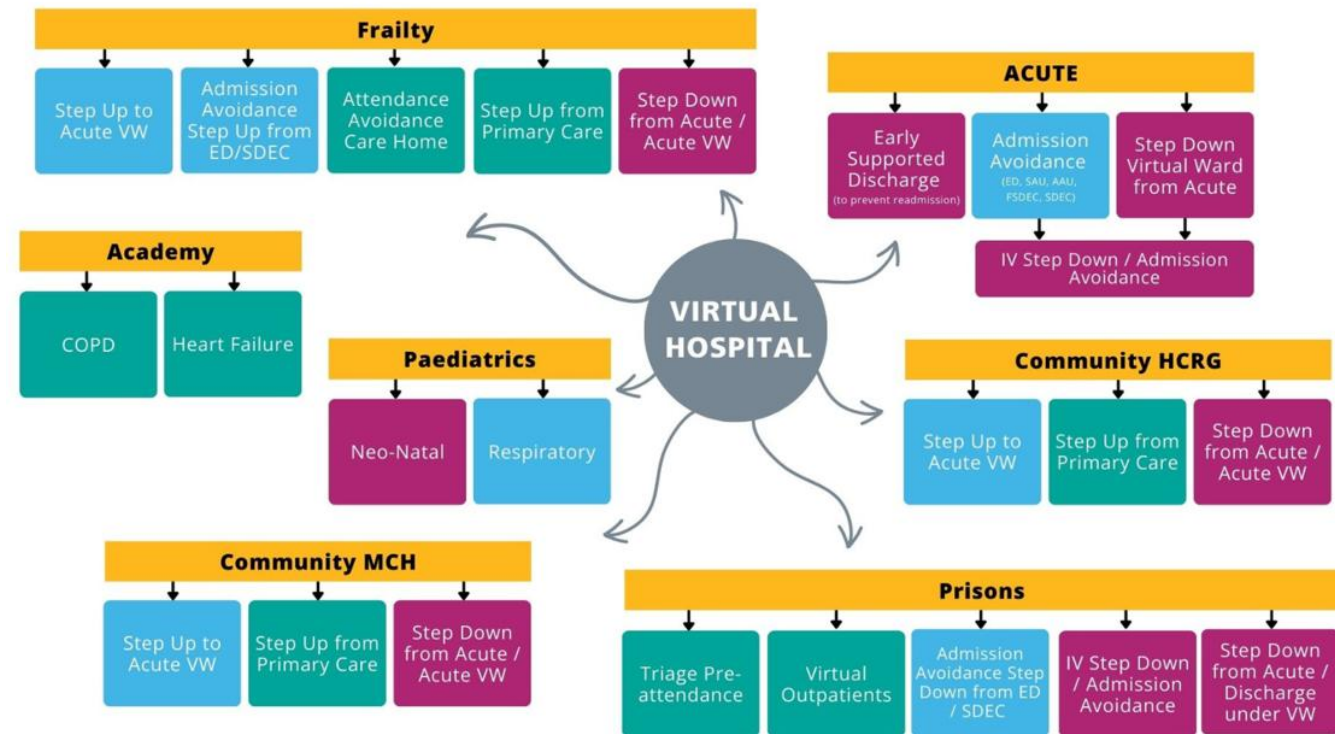


### What is a virtual Hospital?

- Fully integrated joined up care
- Multiple specialities
- Complex Patients
- Risk Stratification and Digital Triage
- Modular Architecture
- On Demand Consultant access

# OUR VISION: THE MEDWAY & SWALE VIRTUAL HOSPITAL

1. A **patient-centred connected infrastructure**, delivering the highest quality and safest care at home.
2. A true **partnership** between services.
3. We need to transform our services, **putting the patient at the centre**, and most patients recover more effectively **at home**.
4. We need to **build bridges between services** to ensure most patients don't need to step foot in hospital.
5. We need **joined-up infrastructure** (outcome targets, data, tech, workflows/pathways).



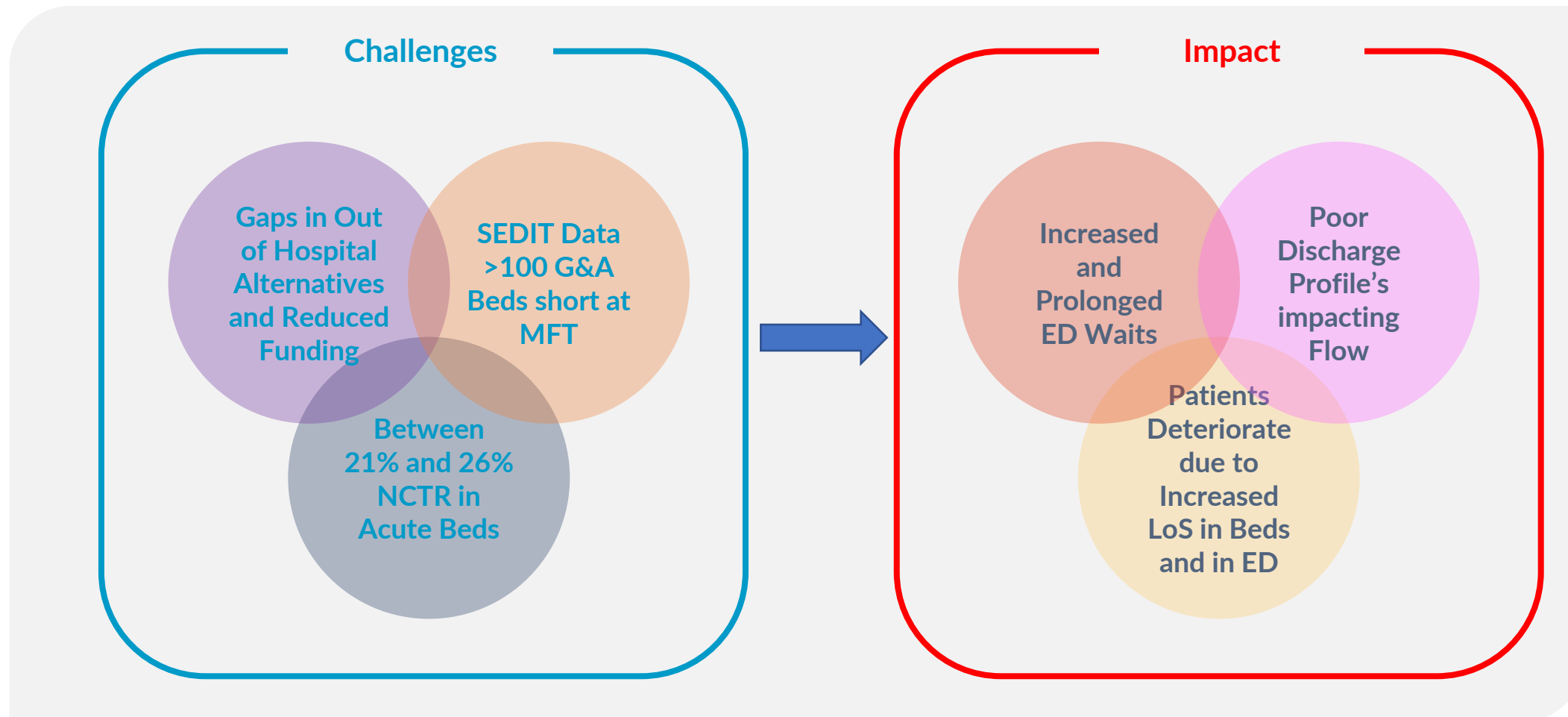
# MEDWAY & SWALE LANDSCAPE

- Population of 427,000 people
- Medway and Swale have some of the highest deprivation levels in the UK, with some wards in the 10 per cent most deprived areas in the country
- Medway and Swale population is mixed with 13 national indicators of health scoring better and six worse than the average in England
- High DNA rates
- Significant health inequality
- Rurality and patchy infrastructure
- Late presentation of disease with high levels of acuity and comorbidity
- Vulnerable patients across five prisons and young offender institutions

- c. 550 General and Acute beds
- Single Site in a Town Centre
- Two Local Authorities
- Two Community Providers
- Seven frailty wards
- Gaps in community provision



# CHALLENGES NOT WITHIN MFT CONTROL





# OUR ROADMAP OF TRANSFORMATION

## ACUTE

**80 beds | >100% occupied**

### Step Down from an Acute Bed:

- Frailty
- Spec. Med.
- Acute Med.
- Surgery
- Theatre recovery
- Elective
- Obs and Gynae
- Oncology

### Early Supported Discharge:

- Orthopaedics

### Admission Avoidance from:

- ED
- SDEC
- FSDEC
- AAU
- SAU
- Outpatients
- Community VW
- Hot Clinic

## COMMUNITY

**Community VW (HCRG)  
20 beds**

### Step Up from GP and community services

- Frailty
- Heart Failure
- Respiratory
- other

### Step Down from ED, SDEC, Acute wards and from Acute VW

---

**Community VW (MCH)  
25 beds**

### Step Up from GP and community services via Urgent Response

- Frailty
- Heart Failure
- Respiratory

### Step Down from ED, SDEC, Acute wards and from Acute VW

## Prisons

**Pre-Attendance Triage:** Triage for suitable clinical pathways in the prison overseen by AVW physician

### Admission Avoidance from:

ED | SDEC | FSDEC | SAU | AAU

### Step Down from an Acute Bed into the Prison VW:

Frailty | Spec. Med. | Acute Med.  
Surgery | Theatre recovery | Elective  
Oncology

### IV pathway

**Virtual Out-Patients** for appropriate services

## PAEDIATRICS

**Neonatal Pilot:** Enabling clinically well babies to go home with family with Team Noah support. Family provided with feeding equipment and scales

**Paediatric respiratory VW in scope**

## ACADEMY

Using technology and CNS expertise to set up clinical parameter to be monitored alongside education, advice and tips to manage condition at home, prevent exacerbation and ED attendance. Supported by the VW team using technology and apps.

Heart Failure | Respiratory | Frailty

## FRAILITY

Building upon HCRG-led frailty ward.

Acute VW frailty pathway requires expansion linked into HCP Frailty Strategy using the same tech, processes and principles of the other VW provisions

Opportunity to separate pathway once a robust integrated frailty offer is delivered and a geriatrician can be funded

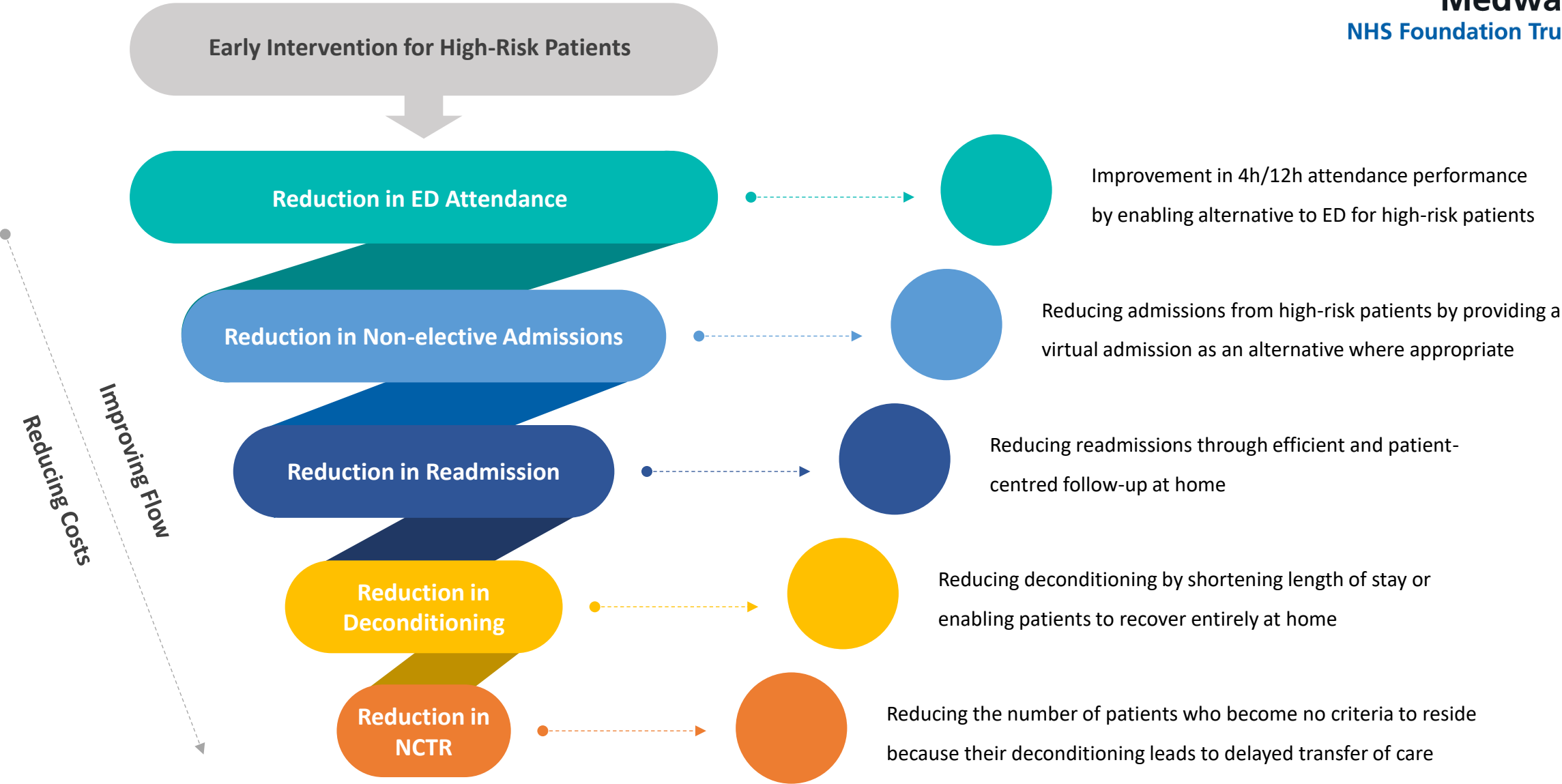
### Residential Homes:

21 use Feebris/Isla (IG required for monitoring remotely from our platform)

# THE BENEFITS OF THE VIRTUAL HOSPITAL



# Downstream impact on flow and costs



# Governance, Quality and Patient Safety

**Workshop held to collect perspectives on priorities for integrated virtual wards. Specific focus on governance requirements, quality and Patient Safety metrics.**

Scope: Medway and Swale.

Participants from; MFT, MCH, HCRG, M&S HCP. ;-)

## Activities:

- Mapping current services at organisational and local system level
- Capturing perspectives on priorities and gaps to ensure all organisations processes and requirements are considered / met
- Ensuring patient engagement and feedback in developing services to ensure safe, high quality services addressing health inequalities
- Capturing requirements for governance

Towards more integrated working and governance.

To enable the pursuit of, and reporting against system goals and metrics.

Providing Safe high quality services for patients.

# EXAMPLE: PRISONS VIRTUAL AND SUPPORTED HEALTH PROGRAMME

## Project

Clear project plan agreed across all organisations. Clear milestones, deliverables with required and measurable outcomes. RAID logs, TAFG's, Steering Group and programme governance – Patient First

## Governance

Developing a governance framework which spans the four organisations involved in the healthcare of prisoners; clinical governance, medicines management, risks and safety, feedback, PSURF, IG and legal / legislative requirement. Ensuring clinical accountability across all of the pathways as well as sharing learning and service development.

## Planning

Collaborative partnership working to ensure the programme is designed to meet the health needs of the patient and is efficient in delivery with all security considerations met

## Clinical

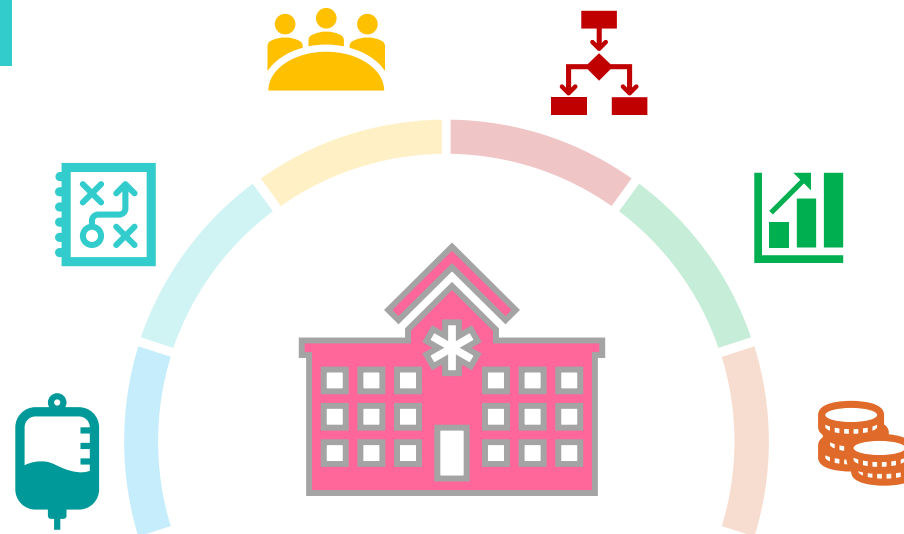
Co-designed Clinical Pathways which are safe, and high quality; delivered in the appropriate setting using technology and joint skillsets. In-line with security and healthcare requirements

## Metrics

Cross-referencing data from all organisations to identify the types of conditions the prisoners attend ED with. This enables us to design the new pathways with the greatest economy of scale and in-turn deliver the greater efficiencies. Also baseline to measure impact / success

## Efficiency

Delivering this programme will result in efficiencies across the four organisations, including productivity efficiencies, reduced ED attendances, Early Supported Discharge, Alternatives to ED. A reduction in DNA's for outpatients and the potential for cash out savings if demand is moved from the acute. Escort and bed watching costs are with the NHS not HMPPS.

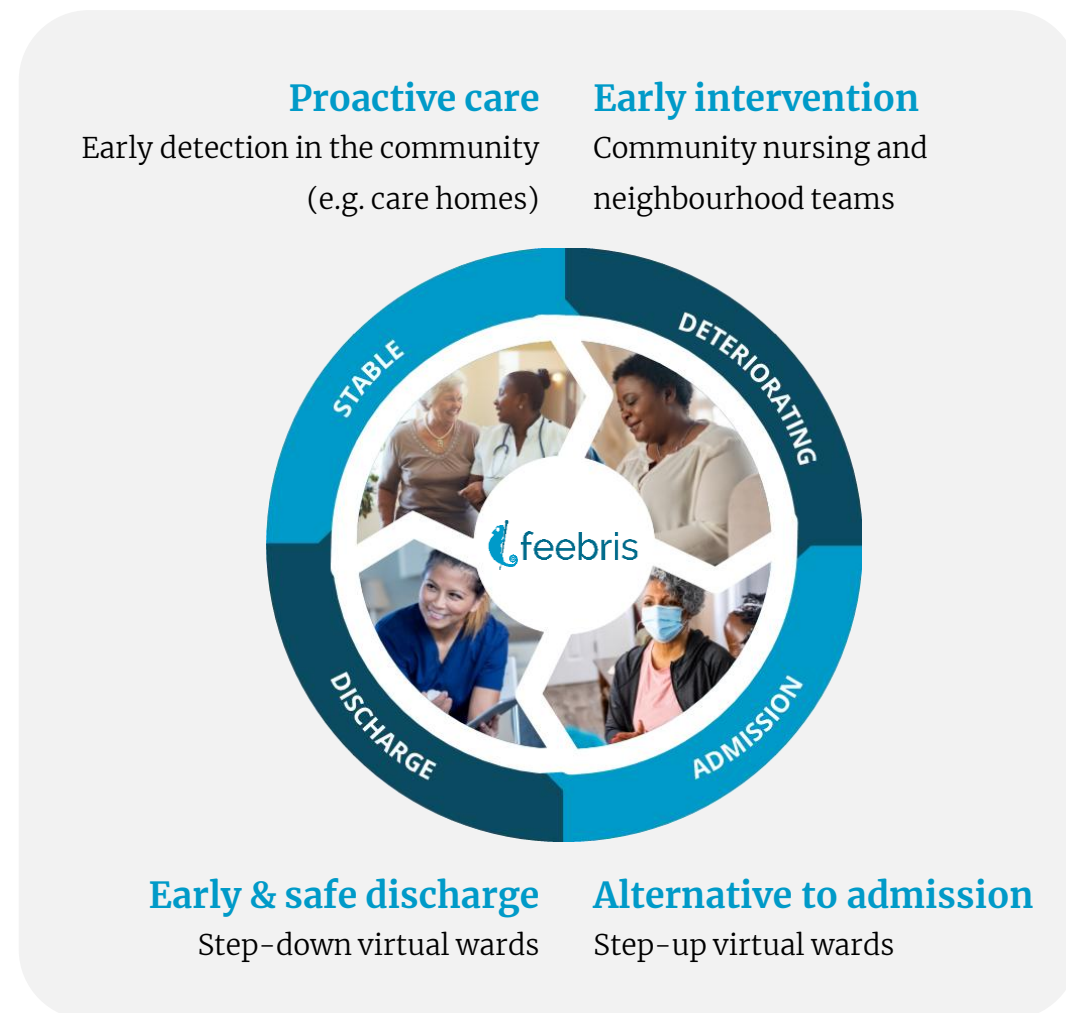




# The operating system for our virtual hospital

## A single platform for the continuum of care

- Scalable across **unlimited pathways** (community & acute)
- Scalable across **all patient groups** (paediatrics & adults)
- Supporting **low and high acuity** health management (intermittent and continuous monitoring)
- **Connective tissue** between local services (supporting virtual MDTs inc. acute teams, community teams, care homes and GPs)
- **Proven impact** (evidenced ROI for the NHS)
- **Evolving** with our vision (co-production of innovation)



# The operating system for our virtual hospital

## Patient Empowerment

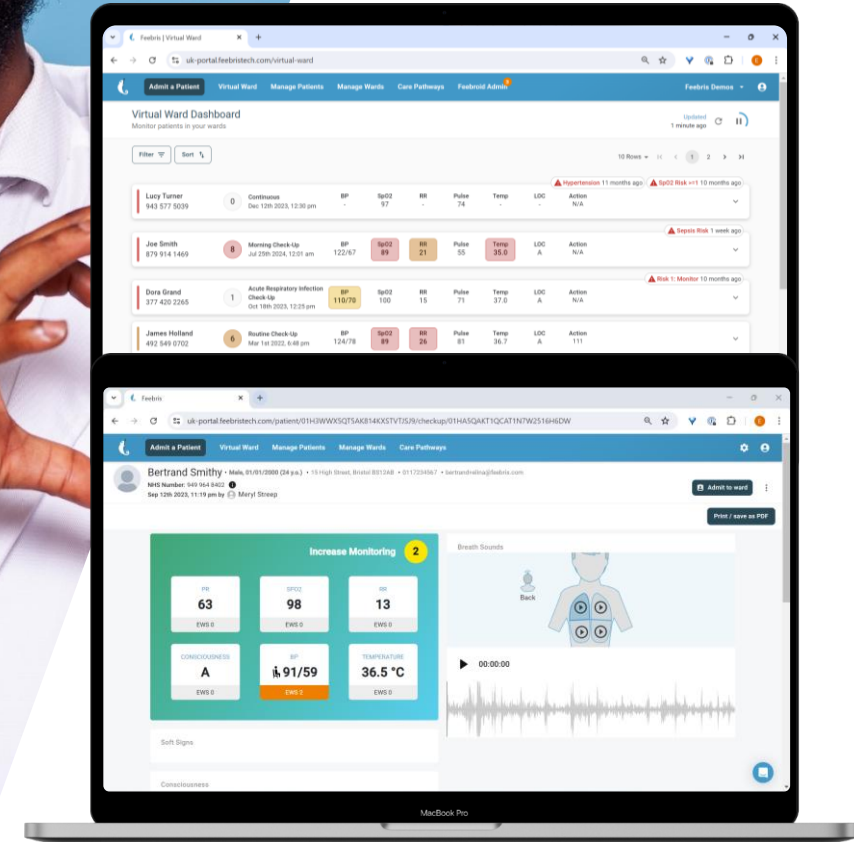
- **Accessible:** Last-mile delivery for the most vulnerable patients
- **Intuitive:** Offline functionality and an extremely intuitive interface to remove barriers of network and digital competence
- **Precise:** clinically reliable assessment at home, with decision-support at every step



# The operating system for our virtual hospital

## Clinical Platform for Integrated Care

- **Virtual MDTs:** Coordination across clinical teams, including seamless referrals, action tracking and communication (e.g. video/messages)
- **Personalised:** Risk assessment against clinical standards and personalised baselines for patients with co-morbidities
- **Advanced Insights:** Intuitive presentation of insights to support diagnostic process, e.g. lung sounds, cardiac reports, medical images





# Intermittent

# Continuous



PULSE  
OXIMETERS



BLOOD PRESSURE  
CUFFS



THERMOMETERS



DIGITAL  
STETHOSCOPES



GLUCOMETERS



SCALES



SPIROMETERS



ULTRASOUND  
(Coming soon)



IV FLUIDS & POCT  
(Coming soon)



**PULSEOX-BASED**  
OXYGEN SATS, PULSE,  
RESPIRATOR RATE, ARRHYTHMIA



**ECG-BASED**  
ECG, RESPIRATORY RATE,  
ARRHYTHMIA, STRESS, ACTIVITY



**THERMOMETER-BASED**  
TEMPERATURE

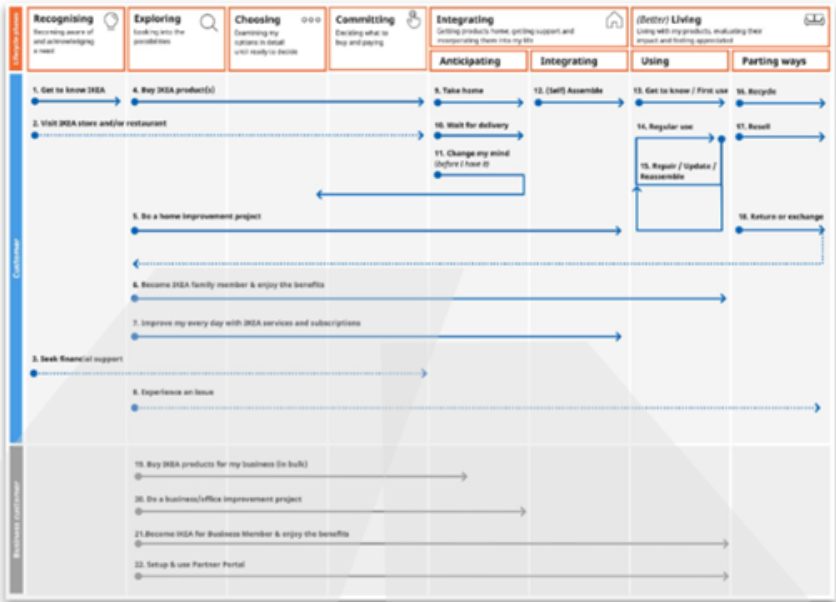


**ACTIVITY-BASED**  
ACTIVITY, SLEEP PATTERNS

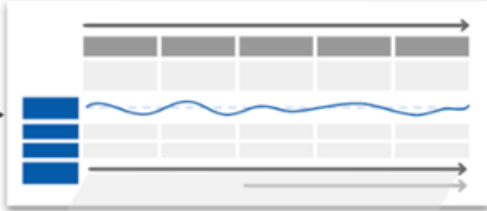
# A nested system

## Evolving Dynamic NHS VH Blueprint

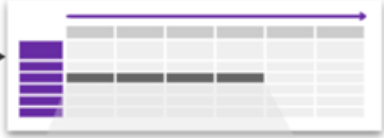
The virtual hospital, centred around the patient journey.  
We call this Level 0 (L0).



Each service within the virtual hospital, still centred around the patient journey.  
We call this Level 1 (L1).



Integrated care journeys that span across services.  
We call this Level 2 (L2).



Clinical pathways, governance SOPs, and policies, centred on staff experiences.  
We call this Level 3 (L3).



# Our Patient Journey Framework for Medway

L0

The virtual hospital, centred around the patient journey.

L1

Each service within the virtual hospital, still centred around the patient journey.

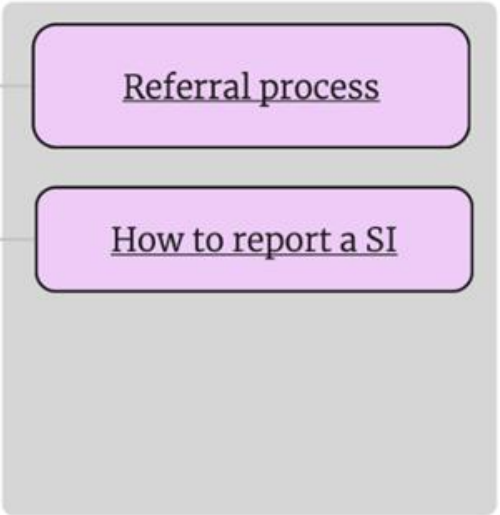
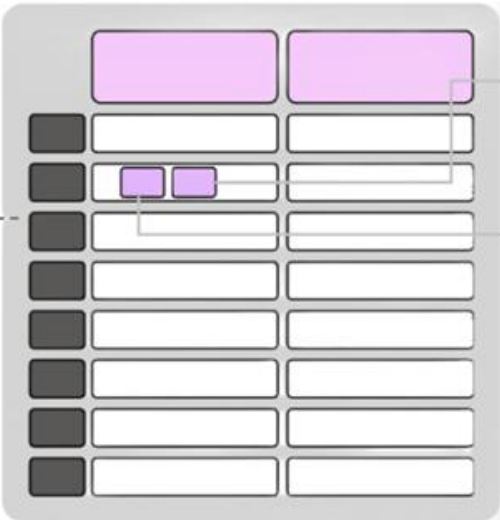
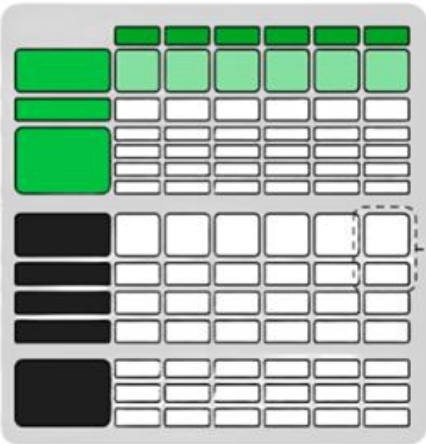
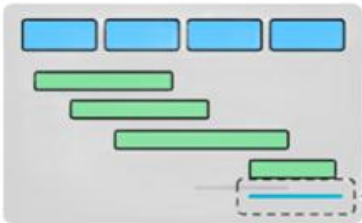
L2

Integrated care journeys that span across services.

L3

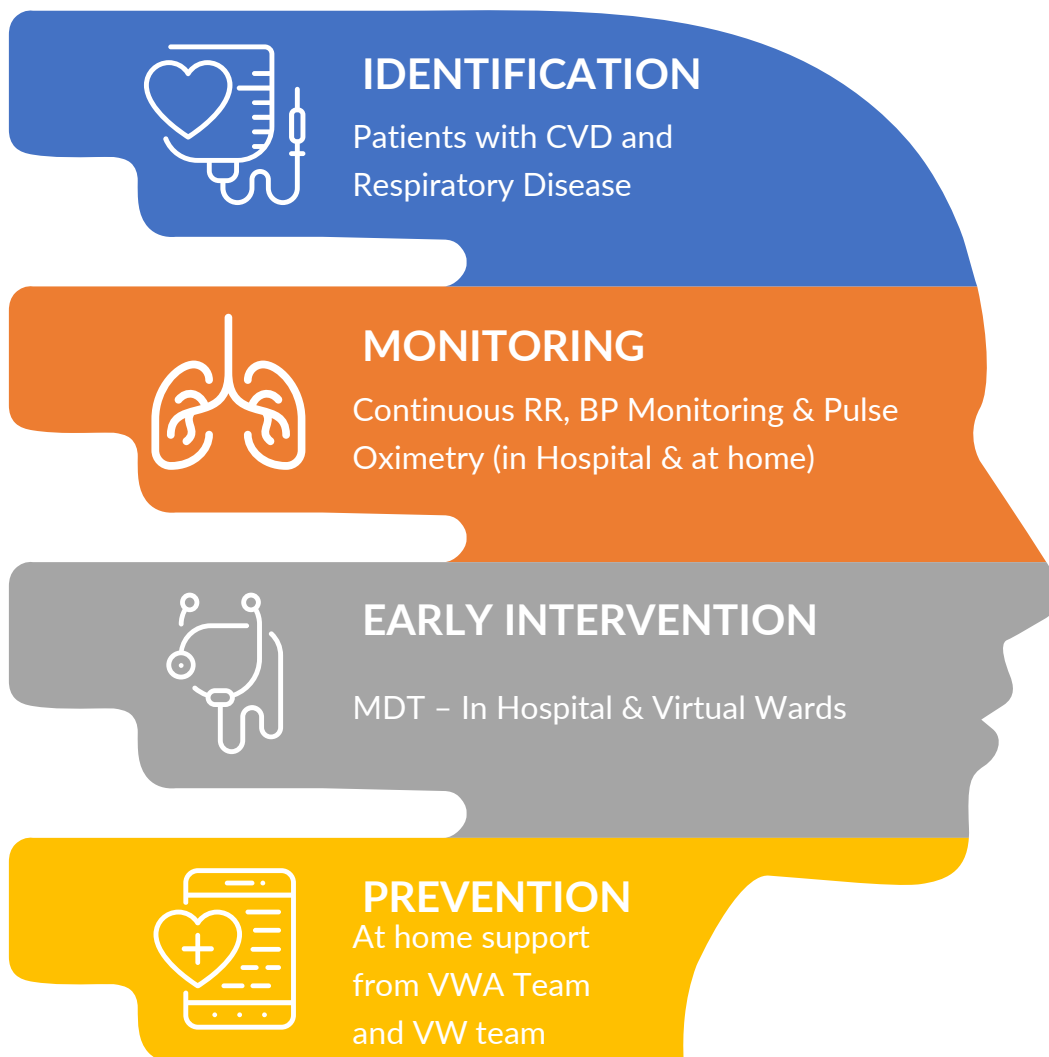
Clinical pathways, governance SOPs, and policies, centred on staff experiences.

## Journey Hierarchy





# EXAMPLE: CVD & RESPIRATORY ACADEMY - A DIGITAL NERVOUS SYSTEM



## IDENTIFICATION

Patients display a pattern of exacerbations and illness  
Culminating in repeat Hospital attendance / admission  
RR is most important predictor of prognosis / clinical condition



## MONITORING

Suite of tools: RR monitoring, Blood Pressure & Pulse Oximetry at home & in Hospital



## EARLY INTERVENTION

Virtual team to respond to Virtual Ward patient alerts  
Hospital team respond to inpatient alerts as they occur

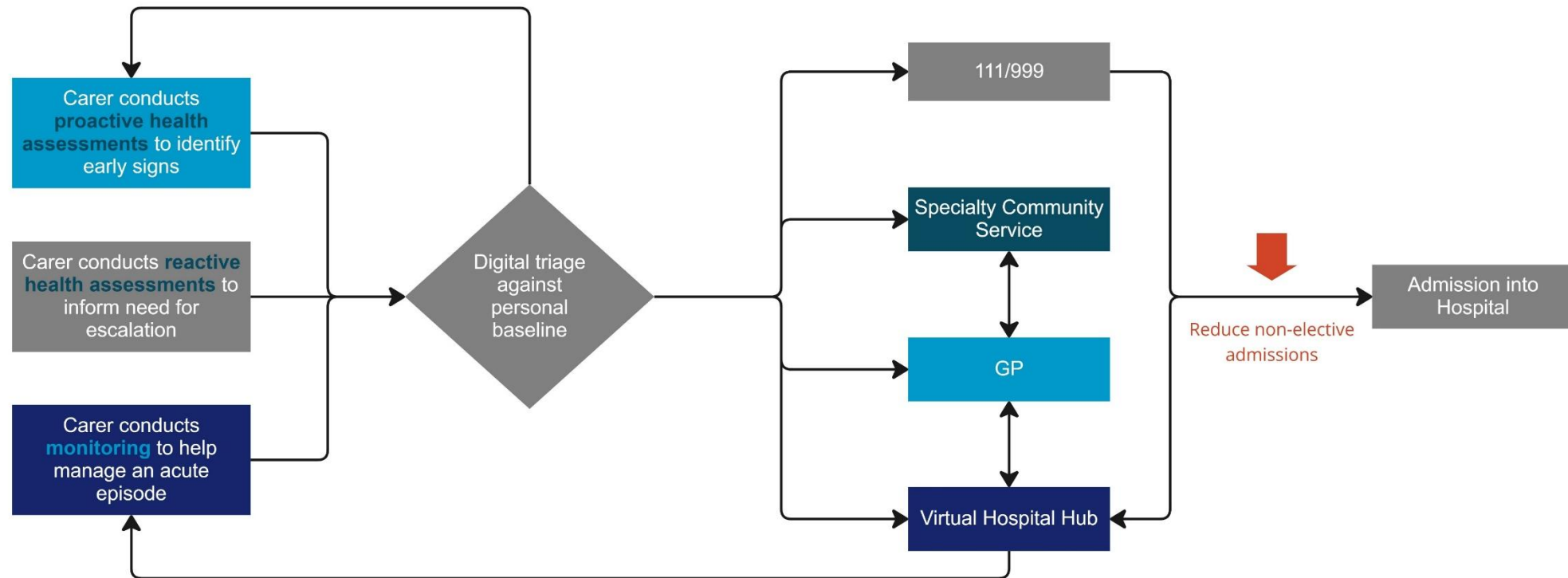


## PREVENTION

RS Provides dedicated patient onboarding team 7 days per week to support Virtual Wards team & provide patient education

## EXAMPLE: INTEGRATED CARE PATHWAYS FOR CARE HOMES

With digital technology acting as the connective tissue between services, the process of identifying, assessing and escalating health concerns to the appropriate clinical services can be streamlined. This can in turn dramatically reduce service inefficiencies.



Pillar 1: Proactive Health at Home

Pillar 2: Multi-Professional Community Services

Pillar 3: Hospital-Grade Care at Home

Shared Infrastructure

# TECHNOLOGY ALONE DOES NOT EQUAL CHANGE

---

## Build transformation partnership beyond technology

- **Connected Infrastructure:** a virtual operating system that can connect all our services and enabled integrated ways of working
- **Change management:** enabling our teams to embed innovation sustainably, inc. providing training, digital academies, blueprints and impact reporting.
- **Ongoing support:** responsive and holistic support for clinical users and patients
- **Co-production of innovation:** developing new functionality to accommodate emerging needs as we embed the virtual hospital





## Slido

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# Lunch & Networking





## Chair Afternoon Reflection



**Dr Gurnak Singh Dosanjh**

GP

LLR ICB



# Case Study

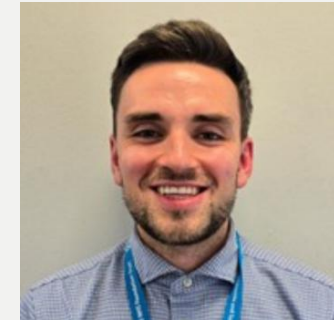




# Case Study



**Lee Gutcher**  
Director of Strategic  
Partnerships  
Luscii



**Daniel Harrison**  
Advanced Practitioner Pharmacist  
South Tyneside and Sunderland NHS  
Foundation Trust



**Natalie Spark**  
Advanced Clinical Practitioner  
South Tyneside and Sunderland NHS  
Foundation Trust



**Jonathan Lewis**  
Managing Director  
Luscii



LUSCINIA

A TRIBUTE TO THE LADY WITH THE LAMP

Create more  
time to care





## INSIGHTS

# PROVEN TRUSTED METHOD



### Over a decade of experience

All our insights are integrated into our product and services, allowing us to tailor our approach to your specific needs. COPD / ARI NICE. 30+ scientific publications.



### 350+ implementations / Scalable model

Our implementation journey is full of templates and standards, which we customise together to meet your requirements. Scalable business model. Lego build.



### Programmes for 150 different conditions

Includes many programmes developed in collaboration with NHS clinical teams, ready for use.





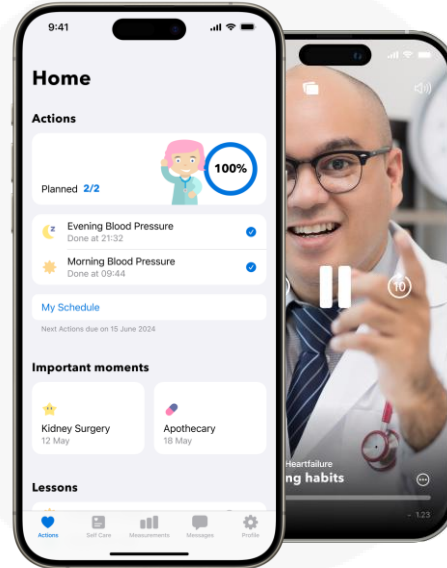
WHY LUSCII

# Patient Care with System-Wide Monitoring



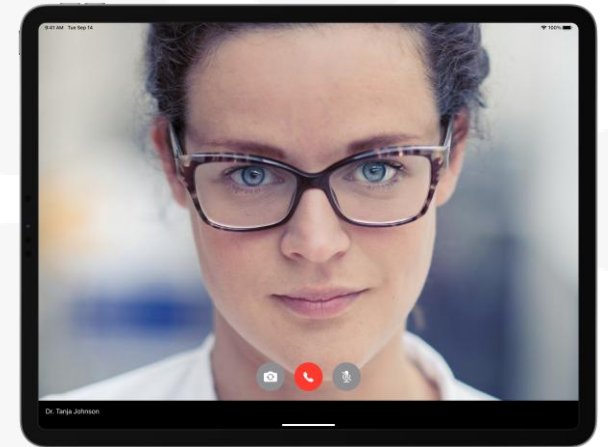
## Monitoring

Easy and confident  
decision making using  
Luscii AI Clinical Engine



## Patient Empowerment

Empowered patients with  
more insights and control  
over their own health



## Contact

Reassured and confident  
patients at home because  
they are still connected to

INNOVATION

# 'Hospital in a Box'



# Changing Asthma Care

- Asthma pathway facilitating early discharge.
- Blended model of care via Luscii
- Improving patient compliance



# Case study: Mr. T Watson

## Acute phase

- Transferred to Hospital at Home
- Set up on Luscii > Parameters set > Visits agreed

## Recovery

- Blended care to remote monitoring only
- Inhaler education and self care

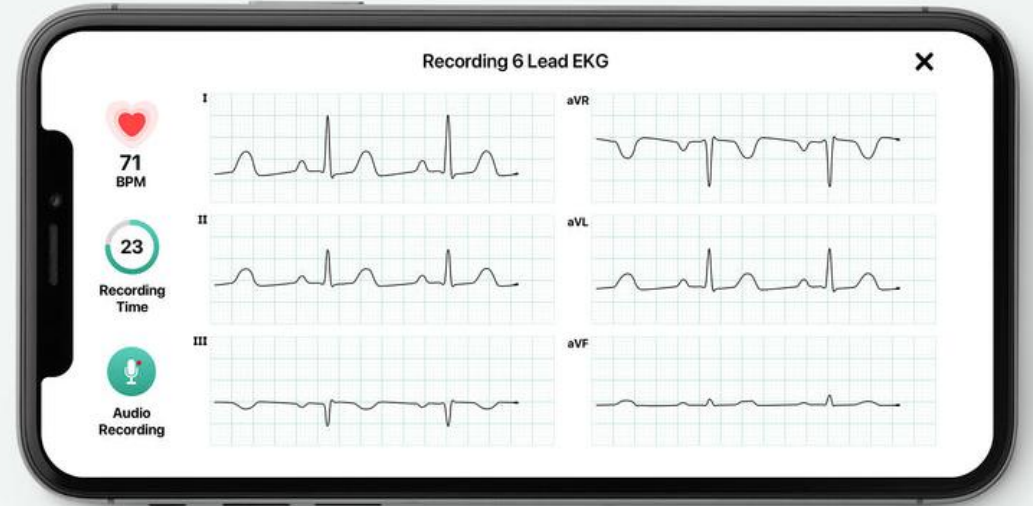
## Follow up

- Information from Luscii shared with specialist secondary care team to direct long term management
- Patient able to recognise deterioration and seek help earlier.

# Atrial fibrillation Pathway

*Using the KardiaMobile 6L ECG Pathway*

- Patient performs daily ECG, heart-rate and questionnaire
- Practitioner performs daily video calls and remote medicine optimisation
- Saving SDEC, ED and the GP time. Increasing capacity and allowing more patients to be treated at home
- Custom built Luscii programme





# Questions....?

## TRUSTED PARTNER OF THE NHS



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# Keynote Presentation



**Dr Nnaemeka Nnamani**  
Specialty Doctor, SMART Virtual Ward,  
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Gillingham



**Ms Jackie Hammond**  
Head of Nursing Virtual Ward  
Service  
Medway Foundation Trust



**Medway**  
NHS Foundation Trust



**8<sup>th</sup> NHS VIRTUAL WARD  
SUMMIT 17<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2025,  
MANCHESTER**



**Patient  
FIRST**



Patient First



Medway

NHS Foundation Trust

# ***SMART HOSPITAL @ HOME VIRTUAL WARD A GENERALIZED APPROACH***

Presented by:

**Dr Nnaemeka Nnamani-SAS Doctor  
SMART virtual ward**

**Jacqueline Hammond –Head of  
Nursing Clinical Nurse lead SMART  
H@H virtual ward**

**MEDWAY MARITIME HOSPITAL  
GILLINGHAM, KENT, ENGLAND**





- Virtual ward(VW) is a modelled healthcare delivery that offer hospital level care to patient at comfort of their own home.
- The objective of our service is to deliver hospital level care for all patients above the age of 18, who would ordinarily be admitted in hospital bed.
- Patient's care is enhanced with technology.
- What we do, reduces hospital admissions, Reduces LOS in acute bed, Reduces re-admissions, promote better patient experience and decongests ED.

## WHERE WE ARE

- ❖ Medway Foundation Trust (MFT) located in South- East of England, with hospital bed capacity of 651.
- ❖ Covers Medway and Swale, a population of 42,7000
- ❖ One of the high areas of deprivation in the UK, housing high population of low socio-economics groups and very vulnerable members in the society.

## WHO WE ARE

- We are the Surgical Medical Acute Recovery Team (SMART) providing H@H virtual ward, Vascular Access across the hospital, and OPAT services for our 2 community partners. (MCH & HCRG)
- A Multidisciplinary team of Doctors, Nurses, and allied healthcare staff.
- We provide a high quality hospital level care at patient's home with the use of technology and innovation.
- Our model is created to mimic NHS England framework and design for a virtual ward.
- A generalist approach but still delivering a holistic multi speciality service .

## **SMART TEAM SERVICE WORKFORCE**

- 3 Acute Medical Consultants with 3PAs weekly/On-calls
- 1 Specialty Doctor
- 1 Clinical Lead
- Microbiologist for weekly OPAT MDT
- 1 pharmacist
- 1 SHO (short term locum)
- 3 Nurse practitioners
- Band 6, 5, 4 Nurses
- Therapies and other allied healthcare
- Admin support

# Patient First

- Our ward has a capacity of 80 beds. Can go up to 120 on PAS during busy periods
- We are a 12 hour service-Shift pattern- 8am- 6pm and 10am to 8pm.
- The service is enhanced by 2 Community virtual wards with a capacity of- 50 beds
- In house referrals are received from all specialties, and attendance units in the hospital.



# Patient First

## Clinical Governance

- SMART Acute physician is responsible for all medical admissions under the service.
- For All other specialties, the inpatient admission clinician remains the same when accepted on our ward

## INCLUSION CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION

- ☐ All patient over 18 years old in Medway and Swale
- ☐ All specialties
- ☐ Admitting consultant agrees to transfer with clinical support via referral team
- ☐ Patient is safe to start acute treatment or continue acute care in outpatient setting
- ☐ Patient and family consent for discharge onto SMART virtual ward
- ☐ Patient is compliant with proposed care and not confused  
(Exceptional to living with responsible fulltime adult or a safety patient tailored safety net can be implemented)
- ☐ Patient has access to telephone for communication

## EXCLUSIVE CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION

- Patient under 18 years
- Patient outside the catchment areas( there is exception to this)
- Patient who lives alone and safety net cannot be mitigated
- Patient who is Confused, disoriented and lacking capacity(safety net cannot be mitigated)
- Patient deemed high risk to staff (safety net cannot be mitigated)
- Acutely hypoxic patient

## ADMISSION PATHWAYS

### STEP UPS ON VIRTUAL WARDS

- ✓ Community referrals from community virtual ward
- ✓ Community specialty teams – Heart failure team, Respiratory, Frailty
- ✓ Acute areas- A/Es, Ambulatory care(SDEC)
- ✓ Assessment units
- ✓ Urgent response team
- ✓ Interventional radiology(IR) dept
- ✓ Hospital theatre

### STEP DOWNS ON VIRTUAL WARDS

- All hospital bedded patient in different areas

All hospital referral are made on Hosp intranet to SMART dashboard(not integrated with EPR)

Community referral are made via NHS email.

## SERVICE DELIVERY MODEL

### THE SMART VIRTUAL WARD OPERATED ON 4 HUBS

**1. TRAWLER HUBS-** FISH AROUND HOSPITAL, PICK REFERRALS, TRIAGE, ADMIT ON OUR DASHBOARD

**2. VIRTUAL HUB-** ENSURES TECH ENABLED REMOTE MONITORING, DAILY PATIENT COMMUNICATION, MONITOR DASHBOARD, TRACK VITALS, INTERPRET TRENDS, REVIEWS AND ESCALATED ALERTS. THIS ARE DUTY OF BAND 6 NURSES WHO UNDERSTANDS DECISION MAKING

**3. VISITING HUBS-** ALSO KNOWN AS THE HOSPITAL AT HOME TEAM. OFFERS FACE 2 FACE REVIEW, IV ANTIBIOTIC, ACUTE WOUND CARE, NEB WEAN, OXYGEN SUPPORT, FLUID OFFLOAD, BLOOD INVESTIGATIONS

**4. VASCULAR HUB-** ENHANCE ACUTE IV ANTIBIOTICS PATHWAY IN HOSPITAL AND COMMUNITY AND, ALSO FACILITATE OUR OPAT SERVICES.



# Patient First

## SMART DAILY ACTIVITIES

- Daily morning board rounds- Every patient reviewed and discussed
- Allocation of task to hubs
- Doctor responsible for virtual ward rounds, virtual clinical reviews/attends to escalations, face to face review in SDEC, review of community referrals, arrange timely face 2 face clinic appointment for SDEC, provide prescriptions, admits on EPR and provide EDNs.

# Patient First

## GENERALIZED APPROACH

SMART model allows us to  
accept and see all  
categories of patient hospital

SURGERY	MEDICINE
General surgery	Emergency, Acute, Gen Medicine, Frailty
Urology	Respiratory
Orthopaedic	Cardiology
Breast care	Endocrine
Obstetrics and Gynae	Oncology and Haematology

# Patient First

## RPM

- Feebris & Isla
- Continuous and intermittent
- Patients admitted on specialty wards
  - ortho
  - Resp
  - Cardo
  - Urology
  - Surgical
  - Investigation
  - Monitoring

- Joint replacements – ESD 1 - 2X VISIT LOS 14 days post op
- Elective Urology 1-2 VISIT LOS 7 Days post op
- Elective Breast- 2-4x visits LOS 2 -14days
- Heart Failure **Daily visits** LOS 1 – 14 days
- Emergency Urology 2 – 4 visits LOS 14 days
- Emergency general surgery 2-4x visits LOS 2 -14days
- Respiratory – 1 -2 visit LOS 3 to 5 days (Step down)  
2 - 4 LOS 7 to 10days
- Oncology **Daily visits** LOS 1 to 14days

## DISCHARGES AND RE ADMISSION

- Majority of patients are safely discharged back to GP, community specialty team, HMP.
- Some may requires follow up with parent team
- Few may be reviewed via SDEC, ESAC, SAU and E/D
- **Escalation**- Safey net both during and out of hrs, 111 or 999 in out of hrs.

We've had 3 mortalities- All were referred as terminally ill and palliative.



# Patient First



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## FUTURE OF SMART VIRTUAL WARD

- To provide 24 hours monitoring
- Give community IV fluid and stat first dose of IV antibiotics
- Community Acquired pneumonia / chest infection diagnosis via point of care testing
- Establish a virtual hospital in KENT & MEDWAY

Thank you. *Can take Questions*



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# Panel Discussion



**Tracy Stocker**  
Director of Operations for  
Flow and Integration  
Medway NHS Foundation  
Trust



**Lina Ramsden**  
Regional Virtual Ward Lead  
NHS England



**Adrian Matthews**  
Consultancy Head of Yorkshire & Humber Region  
NECS Consultancy