



# WELCOME TO

## The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



Check Out Our  
Agenda Here...



Thursday 13th October 2022- 10:50am – 15:00pm – GoTo Webinar

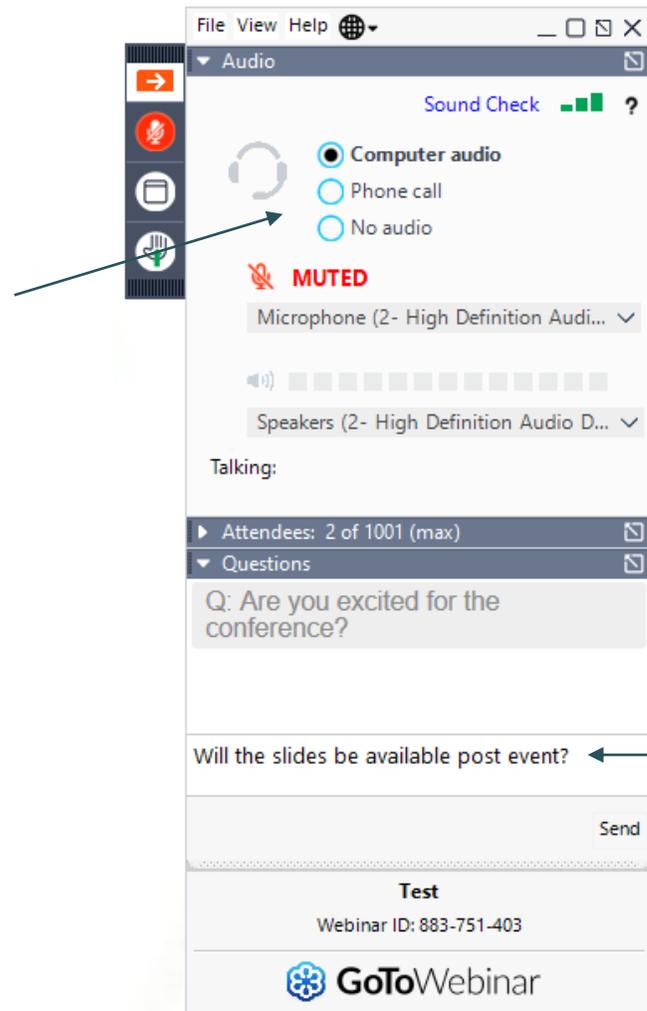
Conference hosted by Convenzis Group Limited



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



Make sure you are connected via Computer Audio for the conference. You can test your audio via the 'Sound Check' tab.



If you have any questions or comments for Speakers across the day, please expand the Questions Section on the GoToWebinar panel. You will not be able to see each others questions.



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



Now viewing Rhea Okine's screen

Talking:

QUICKPOLL

**Would you be interested in attending the next conference in this series?**

Please select one:

- Yes
- No

Submit

Click on **one** of the multiple choice options, then press 'Submit'

Now viewing Rhea Okine's screen

Talking:

QUICKPOLL

**Would you be interested in attending the next conference in this series?**

Please select one:

- Yes
- No

Your poll answers have been submitted.

Once **Submitted** your screen will look like this



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Andy Rees

Clinical Trials Operations Manager  
NHS Digital

### I will be discussing...

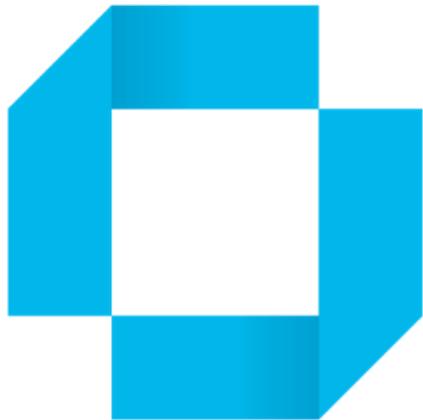
“NHS Digi Trials – providing  
data and technology  
solutions for clinical trials”



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## UP NEXT...



# TRUSTMARQUE



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Dick Wall  
BI consultant  
Trustmarque



Claire Burnett  
Sepsis Lead Nurse and  
Critical Care Outreach  
Nurse

### We will discuss...

“Fear of Real Time Data  
Analytics & Actionable  
Intelligence”

# Fear of Real-Time Data Analytics and Actionable Intelligence

**Claire Burnett**

Quality Lead for Sepsis Deterioration, Royal Berkshire Hospital

**Dick Wall**

Data Solutions Architect, Trustmarque

Built on



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Delivered by



# About Trustmarque

Real-time data you can plan on, act on, count on

- Long-standing NHS collaboration (30 years+)
- Deep understanding of your healthcare Technology challenges
- NHS-ready data warehouse, built on Bedrock
- Data to improve outcomes in the NHS
- We support the NHS to deliver better care

# NHS Trust data issues

## The true impact



**Never enough time**



**Skills deficit  
aging infrastructure**



**Reports backlog**



**Real time analytics?**



**Develop operational  
/ clinical tools**

**Unreliable and incoherent  
systems**

**Mixed Infrastructure**

**Out of support**

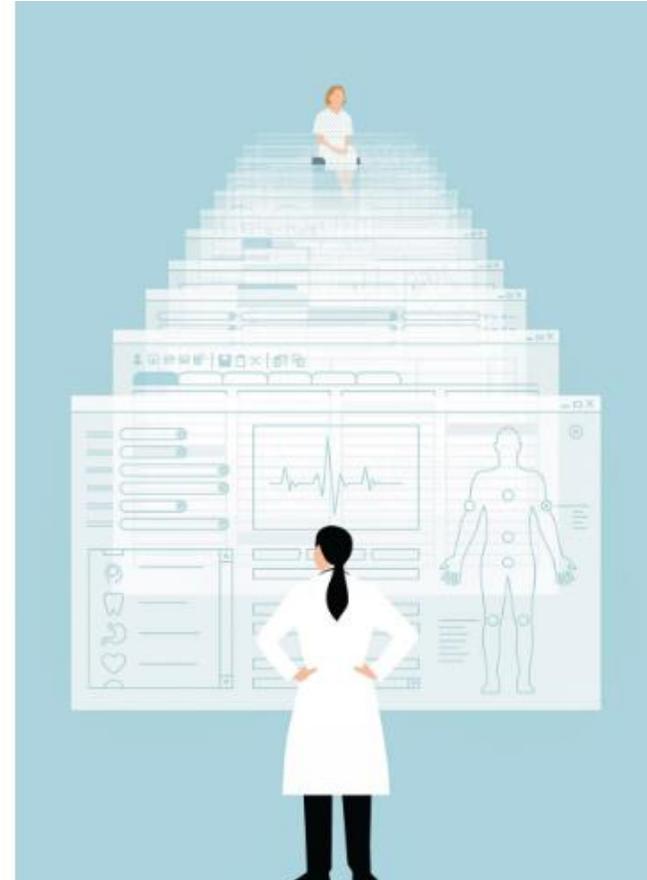
# 'Why Drs hate their computers' - The New Yorker

Can screens come between Drs and patients?

“All these different technologies and apps on these iPads....they’re either slow, or they’re cumbersome, or they require a lot of data entry and they’re not efficient.”

By [Atul Gawande](#)

Full article: [Why Doctors Hate Their Computers | The New Yorker](#)



The background of the slide features a dark blue gradient with several semi-transparent financial charts and line graphs in shades of green, red, and yellow. The charts show various data trends and fluctuations. There are also some light blue L-shaped corner markers on the right side of the text area.

It's now time to deliver the right data,  
to the right people at the right time  
and improve outcomes in the NHS.

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# TiNA dashboard - live demo



Built on

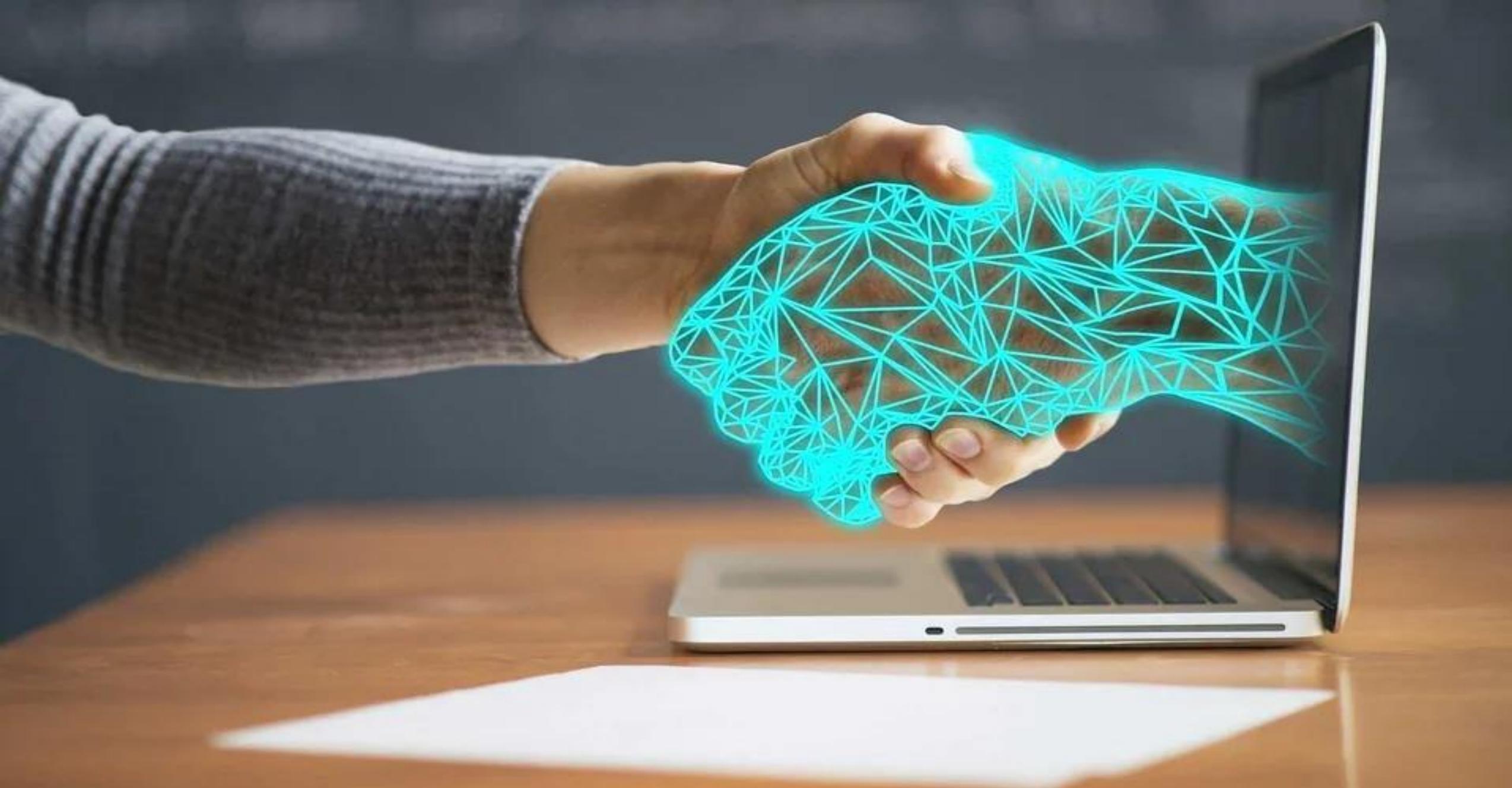


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# Questions and discussion

**Claire Burnett**

Quality Lead for Sepsis Deterioration, Royal Berkshire Hospital

**Dick Wall**

Data Solutions Architect, Trustmarque

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# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



**Dr Simone Yule**

GP, Clinical Director and PHM lead  
Dorset ICS and NHSEI

### I will be discussing...

“Underpinning population health  
management with data  
Population health management”

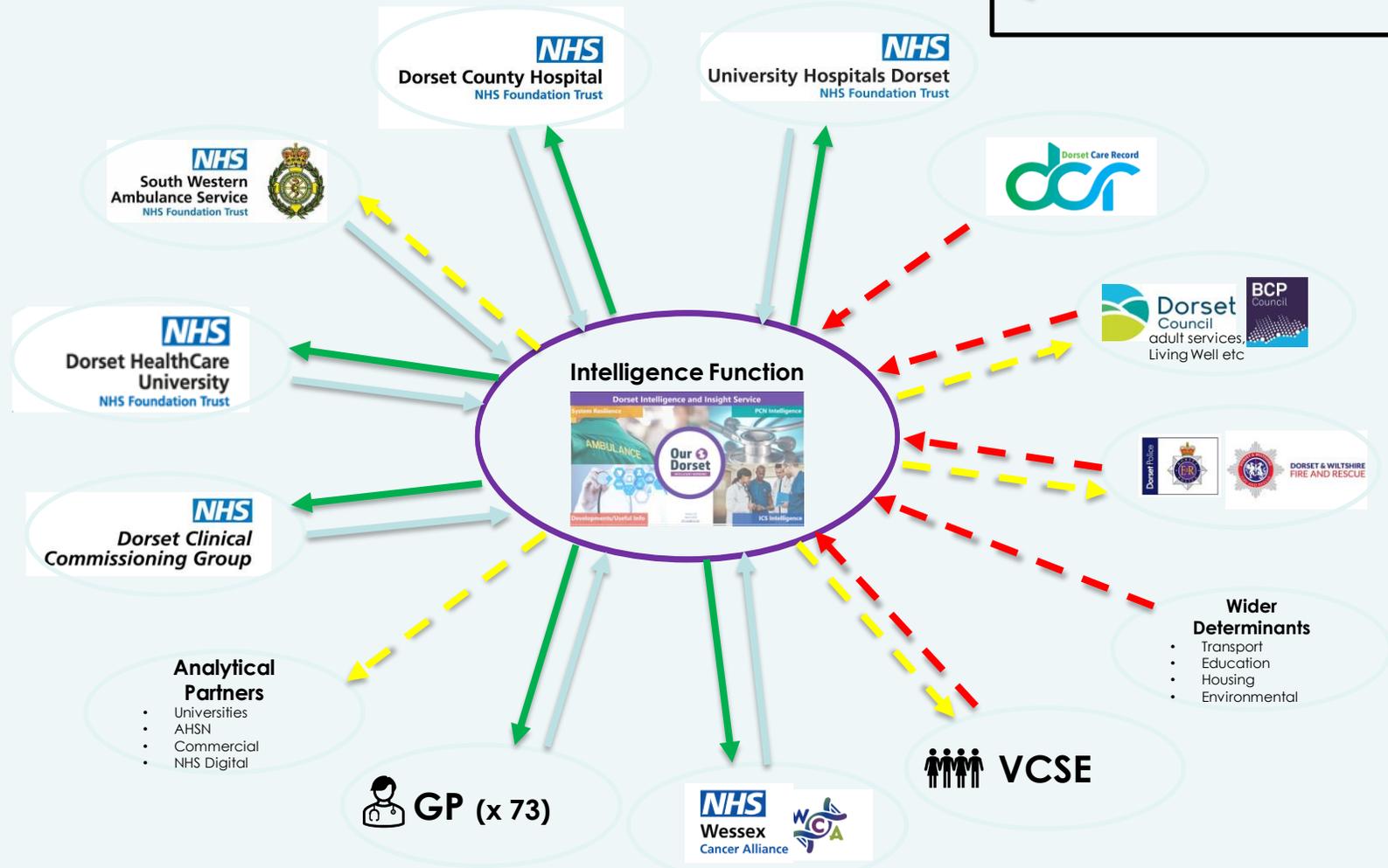


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An overview of a PHM approach using linked data to design interventions and the use of predictive algorithms in the development of a proactive care programme.

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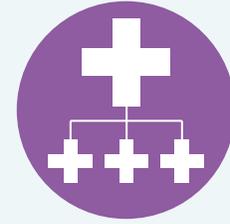
# Dorset Integrated Care System and Partners



# Welcome to the DiiS

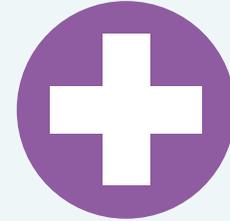
The DiiS is being used every day by health and care professionals across Dorset to make evidence-based decisions to improve the health and wellbeing of our population.

- Cloud hosted, locally shared data warehouse for shared intelligence and insights reporting
- Tool at the forefront of Dorset's COVID-19 analytical response linking data from primary care, acute and community providers on a near real time basis
- Monitoring disease and condition pathways across primary and secondary care
- Case finding / Targeting for individuals or cohorts (including secure re-identification of patients or service users to those who manage their care)
- Population Health Management: the ability to group by medical, mental health, demographic and socio-economic markers to identify points of earlier intervention in the pathway
- Provision of wider population-based insights to enable the use of social prescribing including the services from voluntary sector organisations



**18**

primary care networks



**73**

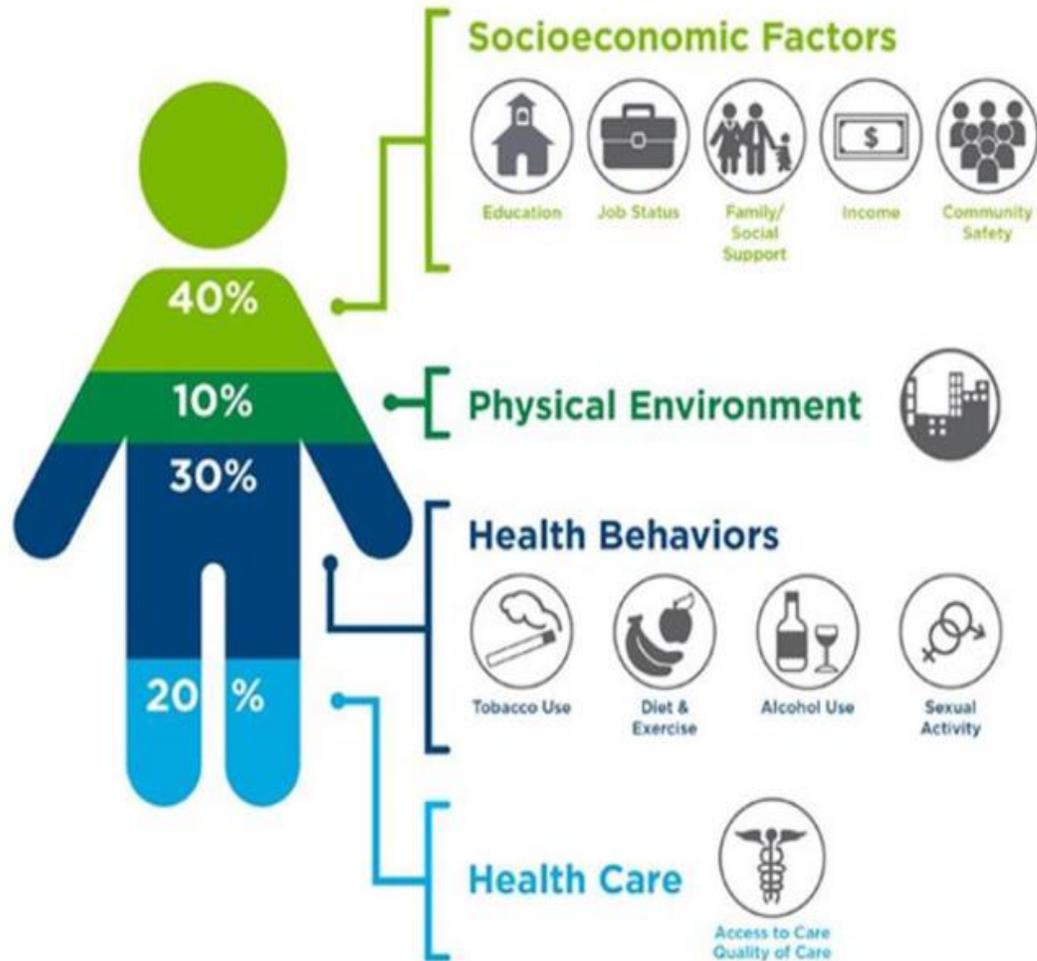
GP practices



**818,000**

registered population

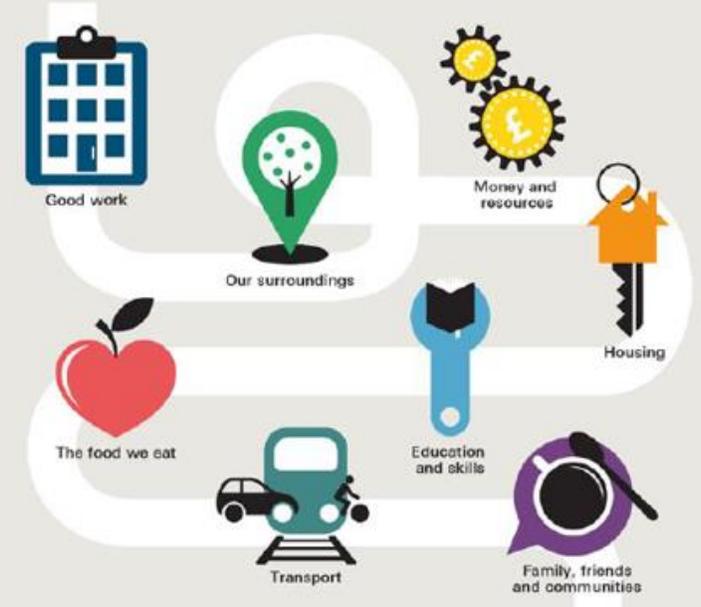
# Determinants of Health



## What makes us healthy?

Good health matters, to individuals and to society. But we don't all have the same opportunities to live healthy lives.

To understand why, we need to look at the bigger picture:



The healthy life expectancy gap between the most and least deprived areas in England is over **18** YEARS

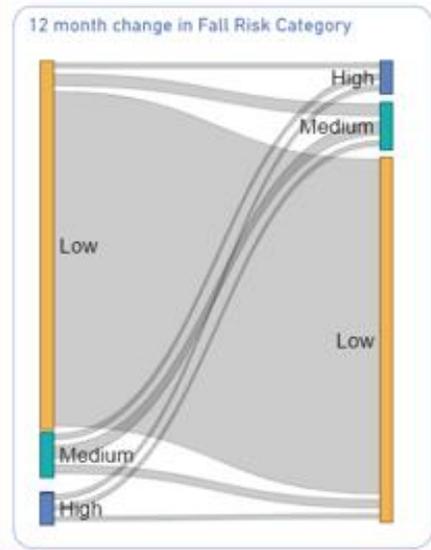
Find out more: [health.org.uk/what-makes-us-healthy](https://www.health.org.uk/what-makes-us-healthy)



© 2019 The Health Foundation.

Using linked data enables us to take into account the wider determinants of health effecting a holistic approach.

# Falls Risk Score



## Risk Stratification

### Risk Stratification Methods eFrailty



### Fall Risk (65+ only)



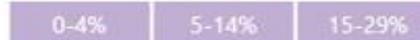
### Mortality Risk



### Emergency Hospitalisation



### Inpatient Hospitalisation 6 mths

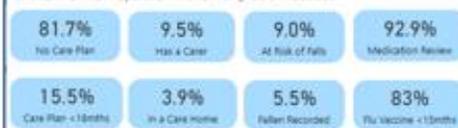


## Frailty insights

### eFrailty Index Grouping:



### % and N of Frail Population with a Frailty Care Process:

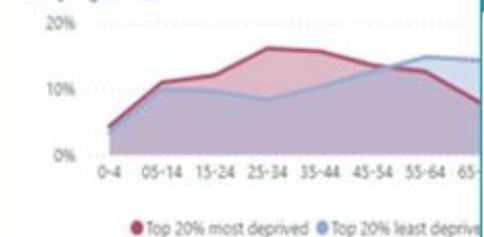


### Rockwood versus eFrailty:

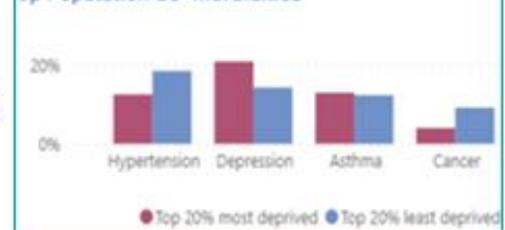


## Health Inequalities

### % by Age Band

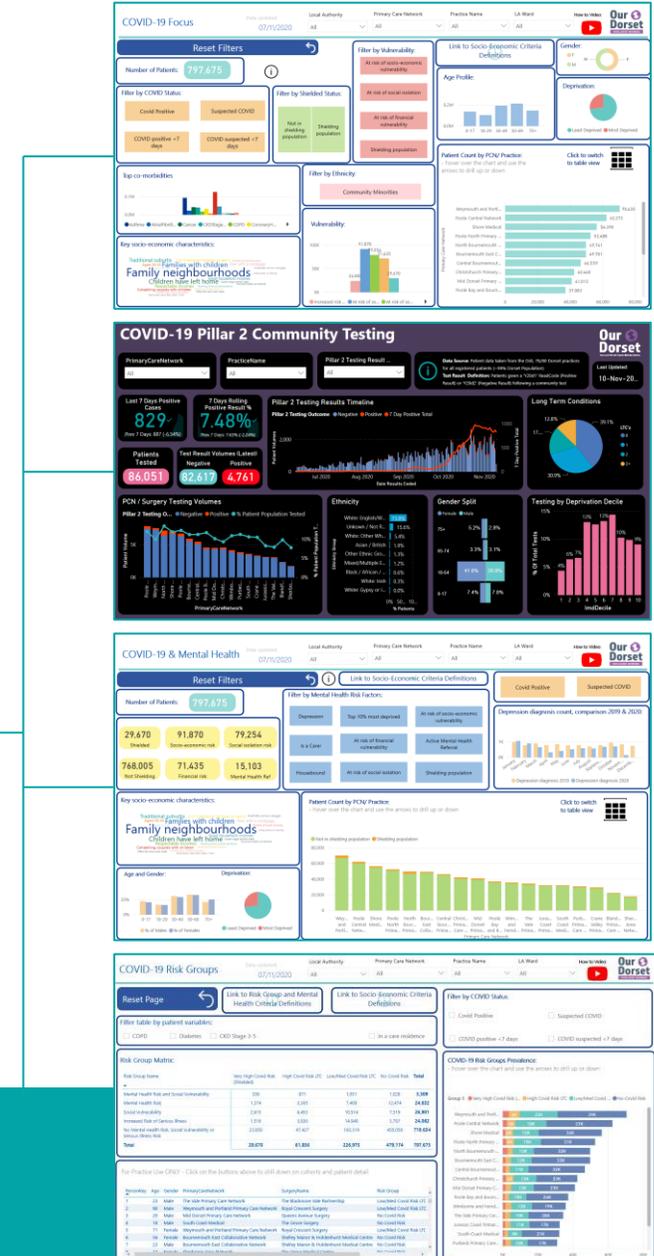
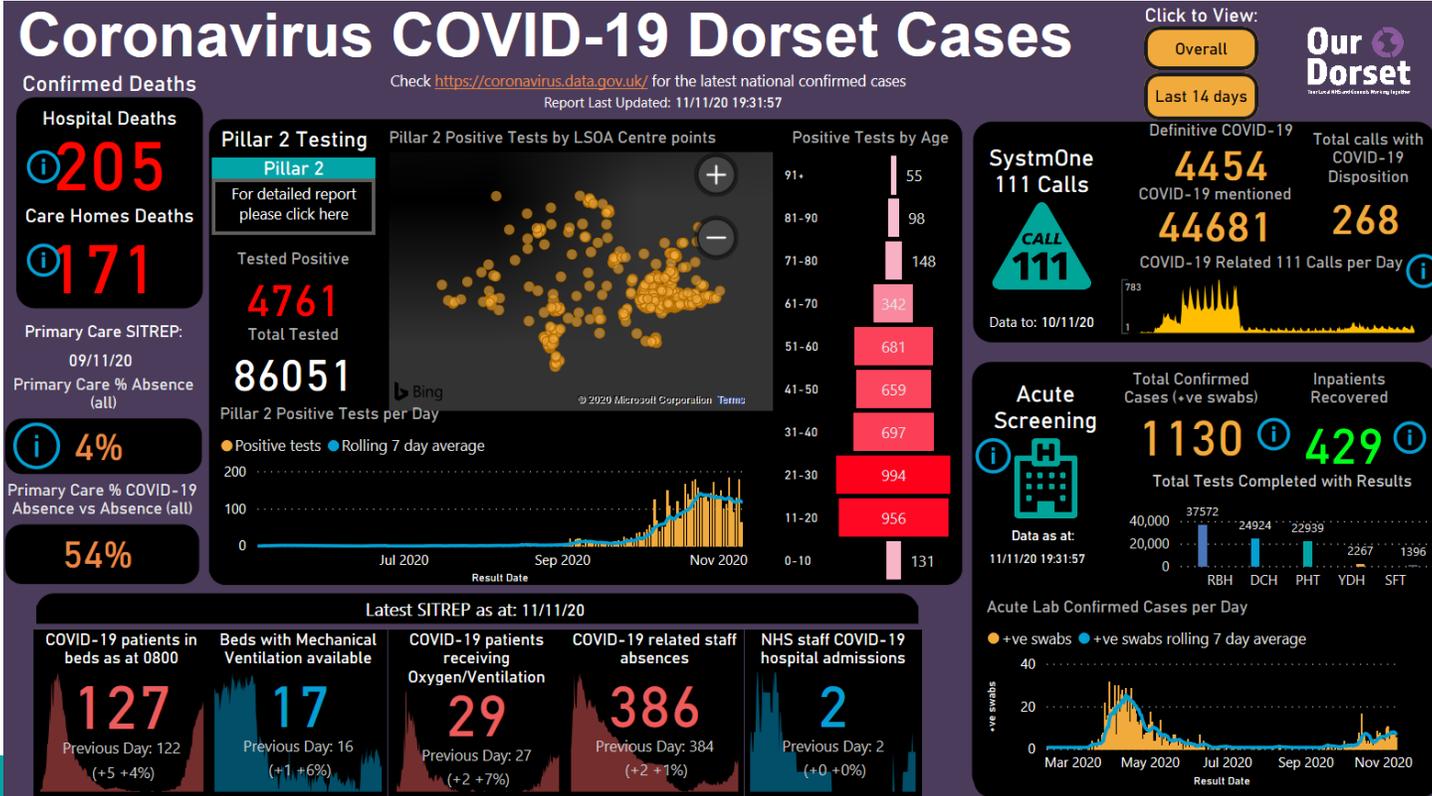


### Top Population Co-morbidities



# How Diis supported the COVID-19 response

Automated, live data provides a system-wide view of COVID cases, across acute, community and primary care settings, enabling us to better understand the spread of the disease locally and model capacity and demand. Analytics focusing on vulnerable or at risk populations, including those with mental health conditions, has helped clinical colleagues to identify specific groups who may benefit from a directed, proactive approach. Using this data they have focused their workforce on these groups dependent on social as well as clinical need.

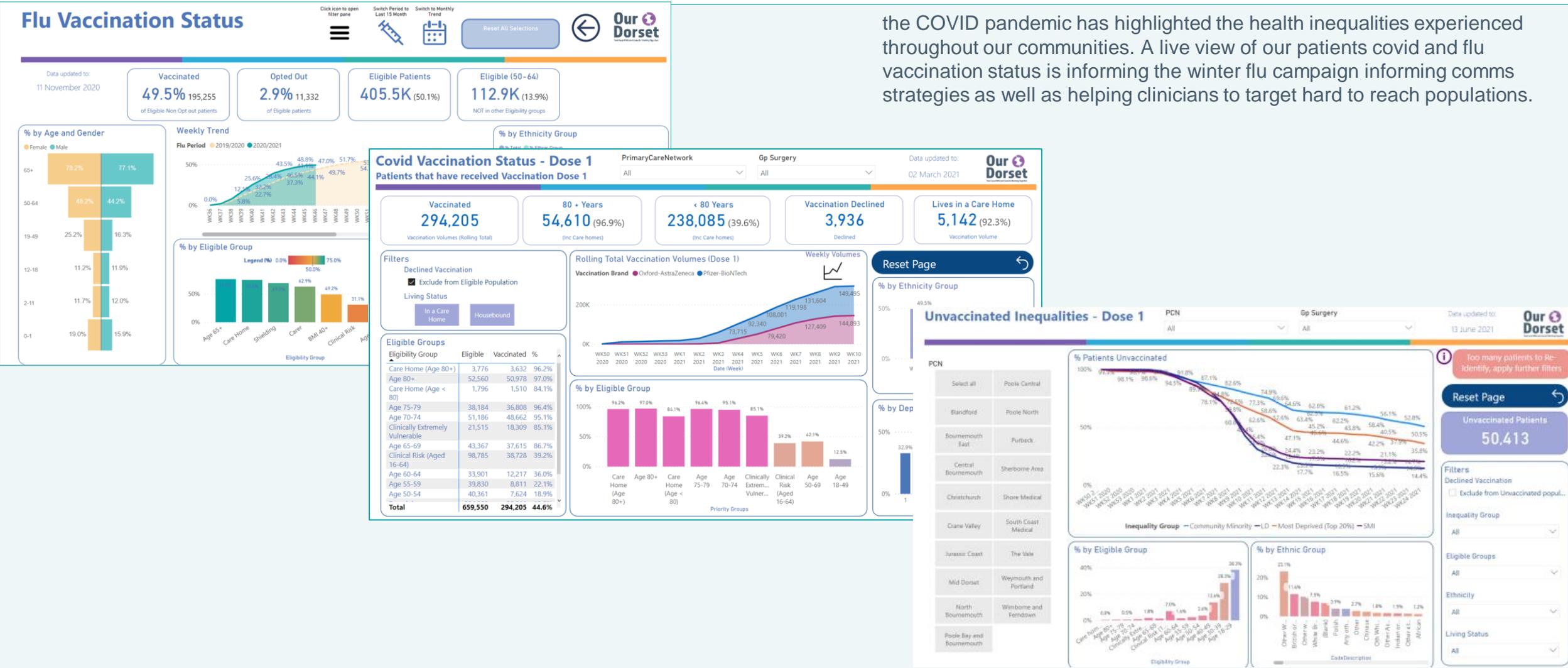


“Perfect. The COVID insights are really helpful... to identify groups... and then identify those individual patients.”

# How data supported the COVID-19 response

“The depth and quality of data now available in one place is astounding.”

the COVID pandemic has highlighted the health inequalities experienced throughout our communities. A live view of our patients covid and flu vaccination status is informing the winter flu campaign informing comms strategies as well as helping clinicians to target hard to reach populations.



## How DiiS supports PHM

“Improving the health of Dorset’s population will depend not only on clear vision, leadership and high quality services but on embedding a strong and consistent Population Health Management approach. This must be developed at all levels of our ICS – whether this be at primary care network, integrated health and care partnership or at ICS level. We will at all times look to improve care, identify gaps in care and target populations who will benefit from a risk stratified approach to the way we look after people, embedding service redesign and quality improvement to improve outcomes. This will be achieved through the development of new care models in our evolving Primary Care Networks and the wider system that support them. The Dorset executive is committed to embedding this approach, building on the success of the first pilot areas and rapidly rolling out the development programme to all newly formed PCNs and the wider system.”

– Sam Crowe, PHM SRO & Director of Public Health

For more information, on PHM, visit <https://nhsdorsetccg.sharepoint.com/sites/iwp/SitePages/PHM.aspx>

## The Vale Primary Care Network (PCN)

The Vale recognised that overall health is determined by a range of social, economic and environmental factors, and that social prescribing could address and support individual needs in a holistic way by asking ‘What matters to you most?’. They also identified that 30% of clinical appointments were related to one or more non-clinical need(s). During the initial COVID-19 lockdown, they looked at their team of Social Prescribers and how they could work closely with key partners in a proactive approach.



### Weekly Huddle

Clinicians, link workers, self-management coaches and social prescribers discussed and reviewed cases.



### Segmentation

Using the DiiS COVID-19 Insights report they ran searches for people with significant risk factors. The data was segmented using criteria including social vulnerability, mental health and long-term health conditions.



### Intervention

They designed a different intervention for each group. For example, for those at low risk but with a history of mental health issues they texted out contact details of relevant support groups, helplines and websites.

They asked their frailty Advanced Nurse Practitioners to contact those with significant Covid-19 health risk to identify any current unmet clinical needs whilst the Social Prescribing team contacted a group with low Covid-19 risk and social vulnerability to offer a conversation about their current support needs.

From a cohort of 94 contacted, 75% received a social prescribing offer with a recorded outcome; these were people who had not approached any services themselves and most were struggling with the impact of lockdown.

“Looking at how we can deploy our community teams to focus their workload to get best value and outcomes. Historically there has been no evidence or data to inform us of who needs care, when, how and why. By using the data, we can now target populations in a proactive manner and hopefully improve outcomes possibly measured by a reduction in segmental drift.”

– Local GP

# How DiiS supports PHM

## COVID-19 Risk Groups

Data updated:  
01/03/2021

Local Authority

All

Primary Care Network

All

Practice Name

All

LA Ward

All

How to Video:



Reset Page



Link to Risk Group and Mental Health Criteria Definitions

Link to Socio-Economic Criteria Definitions

Filter table by patient variables:

COPD
  Diabetes
  CKD Stage 3-5
  In a care residence

Risk Group Matrix:

Risk Group Name	Very High Covid Risk (Shielded)	High Covid Risk LTC	Low/Med Covid Risk LTC	No Covid Risk	Total
Mental Health Risk and Social Vulnerability	1,130	464	914	1,144	<b>3,652</b>
Mental Health Risk	4,135	2,114	7,016	14,278	<b>27,543</b>
Social Vulnerability	5,170	4,792	9,463	7,304	<b>26,729</b>
Increased Risk of Serious Illness	2,821	3,311	13,803	4,136	<b>24,071</b>
No Mental Health Risk, Social Vulnerability or Serious Illness Risk	37,711	39,972	182,781	459,189	<b>719,653</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,798</b>	<b>50,568</b>	<b>213,728</b>	<b>485,503</b>	<b>800,597</b>

For Practice Use ONLY - Click on the buttons above to drill down on cohorts and patient detail:

PersonKey	Age	Gender	PrimaryCareNetwork	SurgeryName	Risk Group
1	23	Male	The Vale Primary Care Network	The Blackmore Vale Partnership	Low/Med Covid Risk LTC
2	90	Male	Weymouth and Portland Primary Care Network	Royal Crescent Surgery	Low/Med Covid Risk LTC
3	21	Male	Mid Dorset Primary Care Network	Queens Avenue Surgery	No Covid Risk
4	19	Male	South Coast Medical	The Grove Surgery	No Covid Risk
5	71	Female	Weymouth and Portland Primary Care Network	Royal Crescent Surgery	Low/Med Covid Risk LTC
6	56	Female	Bournemouth East Collaborative Network	Shelley Manor & Holdenhurst Medical Centre	No Covid Risk
7	23	Male	Bournemouth East Collaborative Network	Shelley Manor & Holdenhurst Medical Centre	No Covid Risk

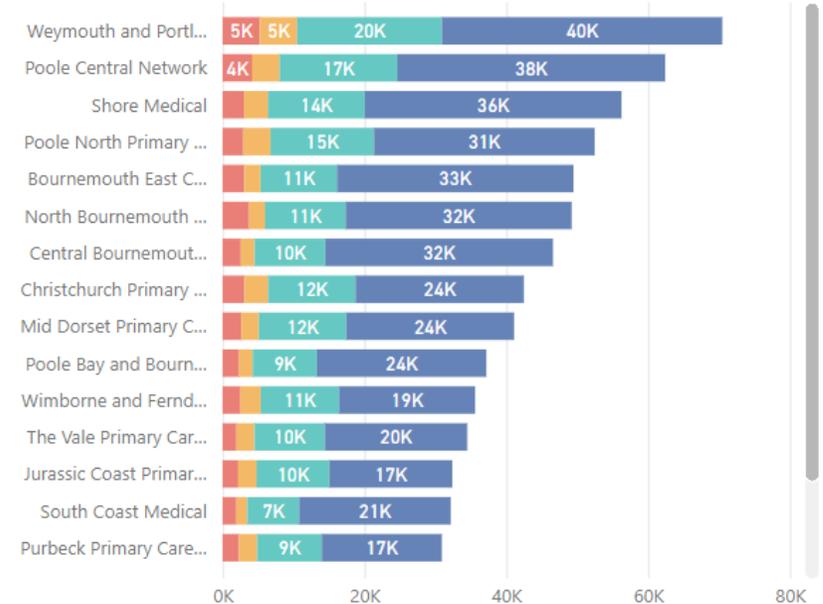
Filter by COVID Status:

Covid Positive
  Suspected COVID  
 COVID positive <7 days
  COVID suspected <7 days

COVID-19 Risk Groups Prevalence:

- hover over the chart and use the arrows to drill up or down

Group 5 ● Very High Covid Risk (...) ● High Covid Risk LTC ● Low/Med Covid ... ● No Covid Risk



# How DiiS supports PHM

## Cross cohort considerations for further tailoring of care offer

- English not first language
- Digital literacy, access
- Key worker?
- Caring responsibilities, who? How?
- Crowded or poor quality housing
- Access to outdoor space

Covid Care Models matrix	No specific Covid risks	Single high risk (local)	Multiple High Risk (local)	Very High Risk/shielding (National)
All / no specific vulnerabilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whole population messaging on social distancing, health and well-being support and exercise</li> <li>Maintain social distancing</li> <li>Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practice nurse check in by phone</li> <li>Holistic care planning/care plan virtual review/LTC patient APP</li> <li>Sign posting to tele health options national/local for particular conditions (e.g. Help Diabetes management web)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proactive Remote monitoring of blood pressure, blood sugars, weight, drinking etc via patient APP</li> <li>Virtual Group consultations for linked LTC (Somerset LTP patterns)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Personalised messaging on social distancing and health management for specific groups (e.g. cancer, maternity, heart failure, diabetes etc)</li> <li>Where remote care is not possible support to address long term use including telephone befriending online, <u>Uyewell Dorset</u> etc</li> </ul>
Mental health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>National websites, apps, helplines (guided by National Covid workstream)</li> <li>Leaflet drop</li> <li>Town council helpline</li> <li>Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practice nurse check in</li> <li>Health and wellbeing worker</li> <li>Health champion virtual planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>Health champion virtual groups</li> <li>Social prescribing signposting to Dorset MIND for online group support, and access to The Vale First Contact MH practitioner., Steps to Wellbeing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinician for initial contact proactive case management /MH virtual review</li> <li>Holistic MDT care planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>Health Champion virtual support (eg. Mindful Café online for dementia..)</li> <li>Social Prescribing – referral to The Vale MH practitioner., Steps to Wellbeing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proactive support offer phone call</li> <li>virtual MH review</li> <li>town council helpline</li> <li>Telephone befriending</li> <li>Local authority support</li> <li>Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>
Social vulnerability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Leaflet drop</li> <li>Town council helpline</li> <li>Social prescribing wellness call from Help &amp; Care or local SP practitioner. Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practice nurse check in</li> <li>Care coordinator assigned</li> <li>Holistic care planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>Practice Nurse for initial contact, then care coordinator with MDT</li> <li>Social prescribing support signposting to <u>Uyewell Dorset/Age Concern</u></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinician for initial contact proactive case management</li> <li>Holistic MDT care planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>LA team to support access and training for remote tech from govt scheme.</li> <li>Health champion peer support . For LTC/Self management.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proactive support offer phone call</li> <li>town council helpline</li> <li>Telephone befriending</li> <li>Local authority support</li> <li>Social Prescribing to self management service offer, signposting to community volunteer support.</li> </ul>
Social vulnerability + mental health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Social prescriber assigned to conduct Wellness Call: check in, social and practical prescribing including food bank access, town council helpline citizens advice, and broad RVS support</li> <li>Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practice nurse check in</li> <li>Health and wellbeing worker assigned</li> <li>Holistic care planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>Practice Nurse for initial contact, then health and wellbeing worker with MDT</li> <li>Social prescribing support -care co-ordinator appointed, coordinated personal care plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinician for initial contact, proactive case management</li> <li>Holistic MDT care planning in partnership with patient (and carer where relevant)</li> <li>LA team to support access and training for remote tech from govt scheme.</li> <li>Health champion virtual support</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proactive support offer phone call</li> <li>town council helpline</li> <li>Telephone befriending</li> <li>Local authority support</li> <li>Social prescribing - personalised care plan agreed and implemented, offer virtual peer support online or telephone., link to volunteer support.</li> </ul>
Increased risk of serious illness with COVID-19 Diagnosed/suspected Male/age/obesity/dementia etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Raise awareness via social media etc regarding risk factors for illness</li> <li>Social Prescribing to Help and Kindness website for pan-Dorset support directory.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HCA proactive approach</li> <li>Monitoring via patient APP and pulse oximetry</li> <li>Social prescribing offer such as LWD smoking cessation support., weight management support for obesity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clinician lead proact and monitoring</li> <li>Monitoring via patient APP and pulse oximetry using virtual ward approach</li> <li>Social prescribing offer such as LWD smoking cessation support., weight management support for obesity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitoring via patient APP pulse oximetry virtual ward approach</li> <li>Daily contact with clinician virtually</li> <li>Social prescribing offer - LWD smoking cessation support., weight management support for obesity reduction , offer of LWD behaviour change coaches ..</li> </ul>

Social prescriber resource targeted to where most needed

Making use of community based assets

Cross provider approach to health and social care support offer

Digital technology working alongside more traditional delivery

# Dorset Intelligence and Insight Service.

## Fall Risk

Data is for 65+ opted in population only

13 May 2022

Local Authority & Ward

All

PCN/GP Surgery

Multiple selections

Reset Filters



A Risk of Fall model was applied to the 65 and over population of Dorset who had not opted out of having their data shared. Details of the model and the predictors used to create the model can be found on the Fall Risk Model page.

Total Patients  
**7,047**

Filter by Risk of Fall :

Low Medium High

Too many patients to Re-Identify, apply further filters

Filter by:  
Structured medication review in the past 12 months

Yes No

PersonKey	TenYearAgeBand	ProbabilityFall	FallCategory	Electronic Frailty Index Score	eFrailty	FallDeficits
137	60-69	2%	Low	0.08	Fit	Female 1-5 outpatient visits previous 12 months A+E investigation previous 3 months
162	70-79	10%	Low	0.14	Mild	Female COPD Depression Asthma Polypharmacy 10 or more unique drugs
179	80+	5%	Low	0.22	Mild	Polypharmacy 1-4 unique drugs Male
220	60-69	-100%	None	0.03	Fit	Male
233	60-69	1%	Low	0.00	Fit	Female
274	80+	18%	Low	0.28	Moderate	Female 1-5 outpatient visits previous 12 months GP/Hospital Code of fall (Any) Polypharmacy

Filter by Vulnerabilities:

Social Isolation  
Socio-Economic Vulnerability  
Financial Vulnerability  
IMD Decile 1-3

Filter by Comorbidity:

Asthma Depression Osteoporosis  
COPD Diabetes Severe Mental Health  
Ckd Stage 3-5 Hypertension Stroke  
Dementia Learning Disability Urinary Tract Infection

Filter by Long Term Condition Count:

1 2 3+  
Filter by Distinct Drug Count:  
1 - 4 5 - 9 10+  
Filter by Frailty Score:  
Mild Moderate Severe  
Filter by BMI:  
Normal Overweight  
Obese Underweight

Filter by Patient Characteristics:

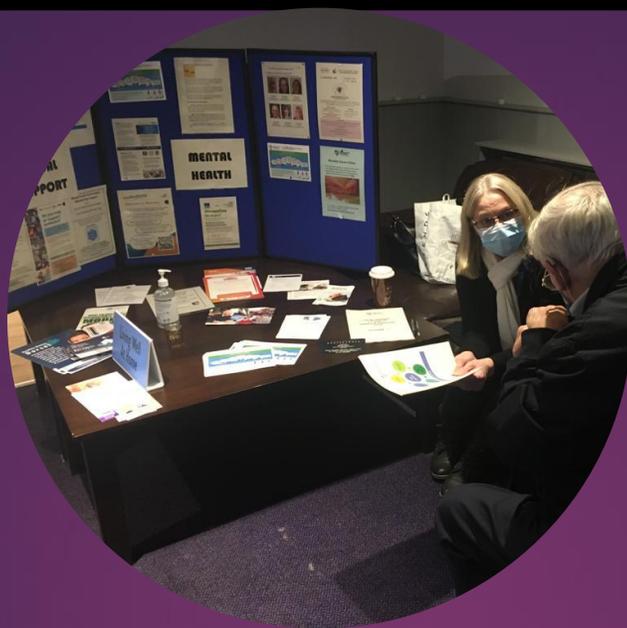
60-69 70-79 80+  
Female Male  
Smoker

Filter by Patient Status:

Does not live in a care home Lives in a care home  
Is housebound Is not housebound  
Does not have carer Has carer

## Our Falls Risk Model

- With data that we already hold we screen the entire population for risk based on the following questions:
  - What is the age/gender of the patient?
  - How many times have they been in hospital recently as:
    - An Inpatient
    - An Outpatient
    - An A&E Attender
  - Have they had a fracture recently?
  - Do they have Osteoporosis?
  - Have they had a fall in the last six/twelve months?
  - Do they have COPD?
  - Do they have depression?
  - Do they have Mental Health?
  - Do they have Asthma?
  - Do they have a history of UTIs?
  - Is the patient receiving Polypharmacy?



- PARTNERSHIP WORKING IN A NON MEDICAL SETTING
- CREATING A SERVICE WITH LITTLE CHANGE IN COMMISSIONING
- IDENTIFICATION OF THE CORRECT COHORT- DATA IS ONLY AS GOOD AS CODING
- EVALUATION AND PROOF OF OUTCOMES –LONG TERM vs SHT TERM

# Evaluation



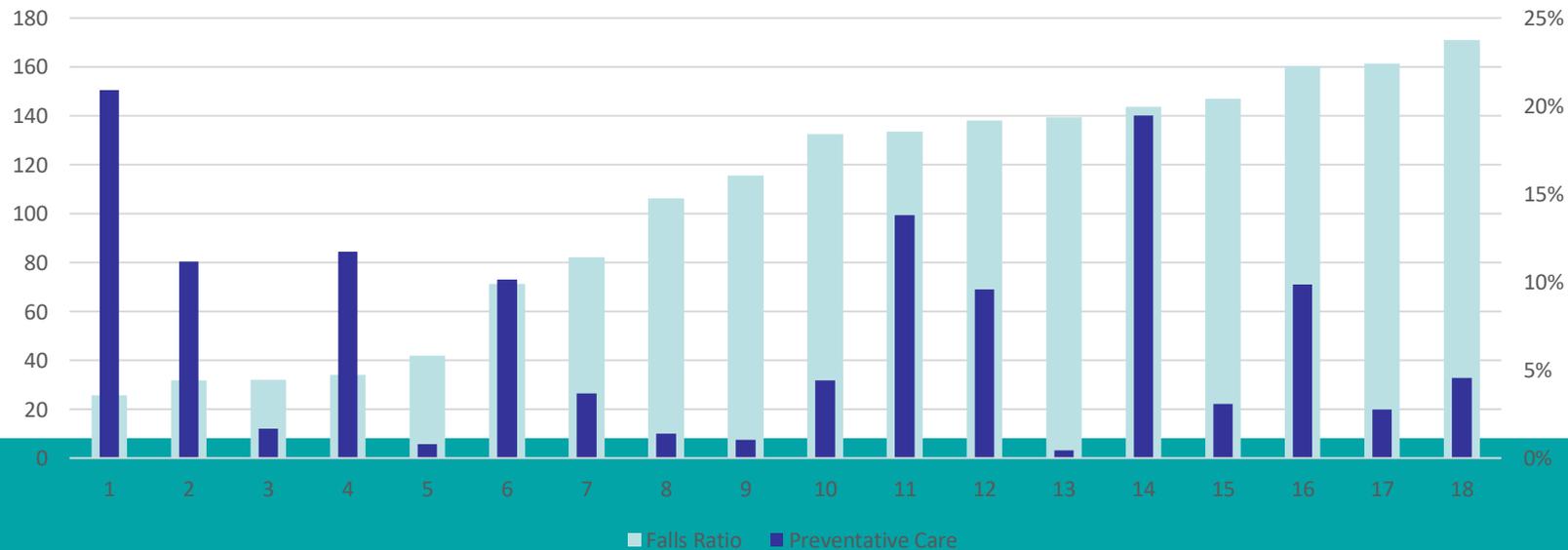
Patients from 1st Sept - 4th April	
Total Invited	131
Average Age	81.6yrs
Percentage Male	40%
Percentage Female	60%

Data from random sample (22 attendees, 2 from each clinic since 12/10/21)	
Average frailty	4.5
Average loneliness score	3.6
Average TUG	16.02sec
Total reported falls across group	6
Meds stopped (total for all pts)	7
F/U arranged after clinic	63%
Average HCP appts pre-clinic (3mths)	1.4
Average HCP appts post-clinic (up to 3 mths)	0.8
Emergency care episodes pre-clinic (3mths)	0.28
Emergency care episodes post-clinic (3mths)	0.09

Patients from one sample clinic (Nov 21)	
Total attended	8
Average Age	80.3yrs
Percentage Male	25%
Percentage Female	75%
Average frailty score (Rockwood CFS)	4
Total reported falls across group	1
Average loneliness score	No Data
Average TUG	No Data
Meds stopped (total for all pts)	0
F/U arranged after clinic	50%
Average HCP appts pre-clinic (3mths)	0.9
Average HCP appts post-clinic (up to 3 mths)	0.3
Emergency care episodes pre-clinic (3mths)	0.06
Emergency care episodes post-clinic (3mths)	0



- Across whole 65+ population we identified that 1.5% of individuals have had any falls prevention activities in the past twelve months.
    - In the current high risk group this is 8.1%, compared with 0.9% in the lower risk strata which is reassuring.
      - Is this enough/fully representative of all care activities?
- One PCN had an expected number of emergency admissions for/with a fall to be 274.  
 Their actual number of events was 71 – this gave them the lowest rate across Dorset.  
 They also happened to be the PCN that had the highest proportion of high risk patients who had received some form of preventative care in the past 12 months (21%).



# Diabetes: Dorset Insights

## Diabetes Insights

Diabetes Type

All

PCN

All

GP Surgery

All

Click icon to open filter pane



Last Updated:

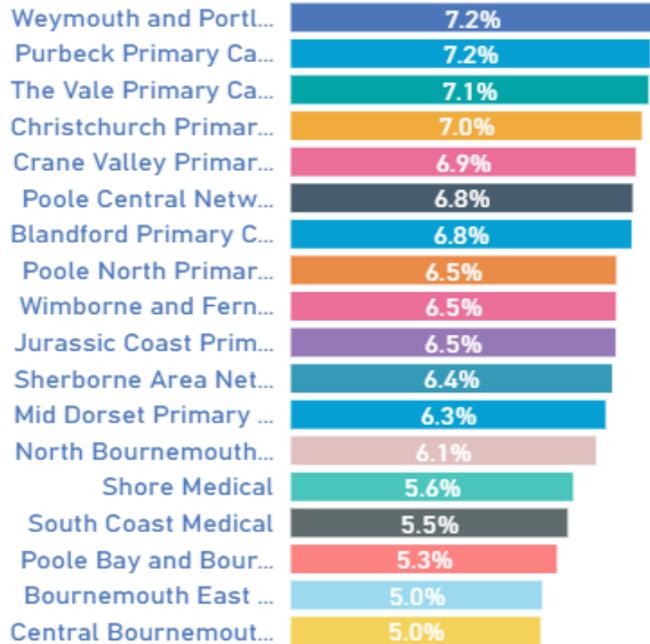
17/05/2022



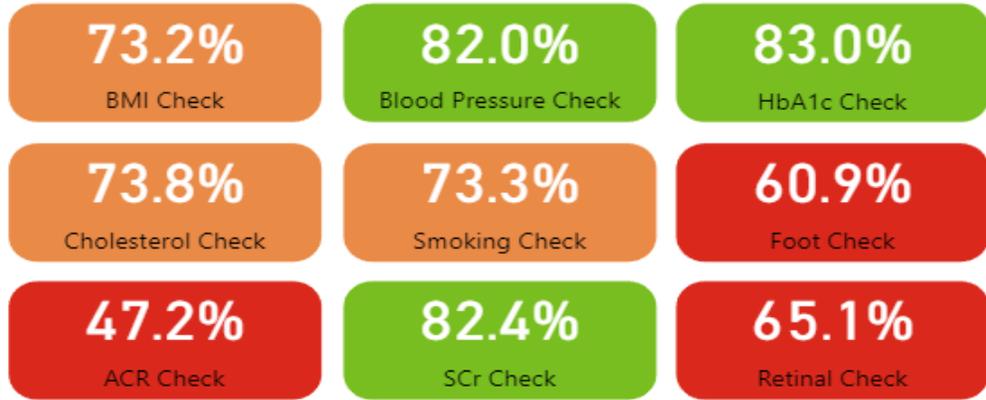
### Diabetes Prevalence

Average 6.3%

PCN



### Diabetes Care Processes - % Checked in preceding 12 months

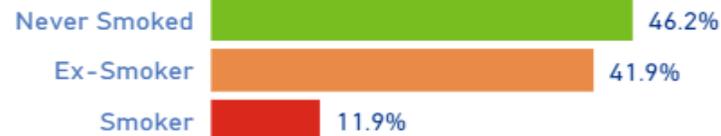
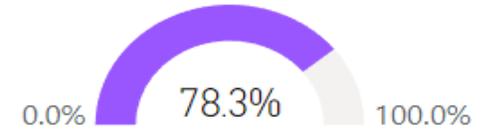


Too many patients to Re-Identify, apply further filters

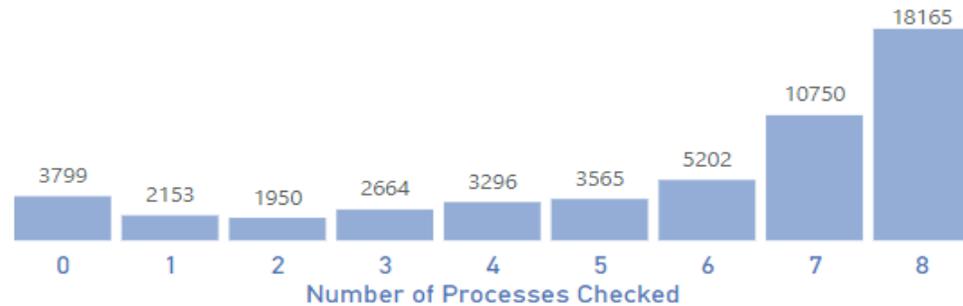
Reset Filters

Population with Diabetes  
**51,544**

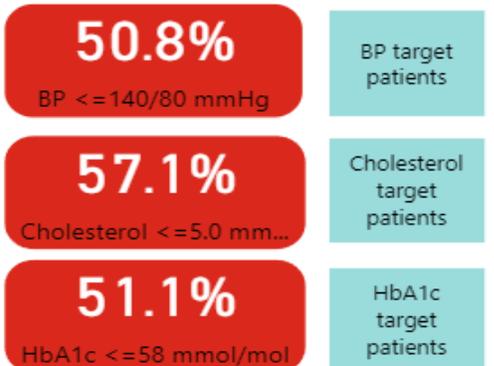
% of Diabetes Population having Flu Vacc last 15 mths



### Count of Diabetes Population by Number of Care Processes Checked In Preceding 12 months (excluding Retinal)



### NICE Targeted Care Processes % Achieving target last 12mths



# Linked data supports a risk stratified approach to COPD

Population Health Needs Assessment and understanding of burden of Disease

Identify rising risk and stratify/segment into risk categories

- High Risk – co design pathway with acute physician
- Medium risk – pulmonary rehab
- Low Risk - Referral to digital self management app (MyCOPD)



# Digital Solutions – COPD

A PHM approach enables us to risk stratify our COPD population

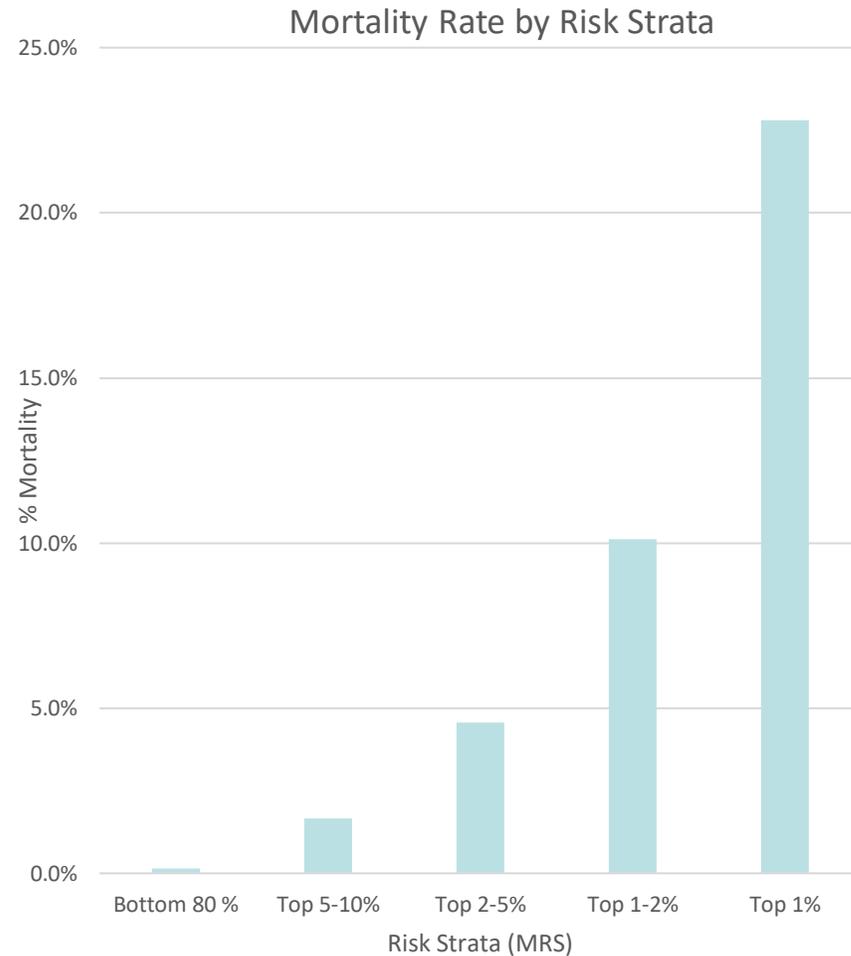
Very severe FEV1 < 30% / MRC 4-5	67 PATIENTS	14 PATIENTS	10 PATIENTS
Severe FEV1 30-50% / MRC 3	58 PATIENTS	20 PATIENTS	4 PATIENTS
Mild/moderate FEV1 > 50% / MRC 1-2	288 PATIENTS	20 PATIENTS	4 PATIENTS
	<2 AECOPD /year	>2 AECOPD /year	>2 COPD admission/y

\*\*AECOPD = presence of any of the following: acute exacerbation of COPD requiring oral or intravenous corticosteroids, oral or intravenous antibiotics (amoxicillin/ doxycycline/clarithromycin), or oral or intravenous beta-2 agonists.

**Low risk**  
 Practice nurse follow up  
 Education programme (HCA supported)  
 MyCOPD App  
 Peer support

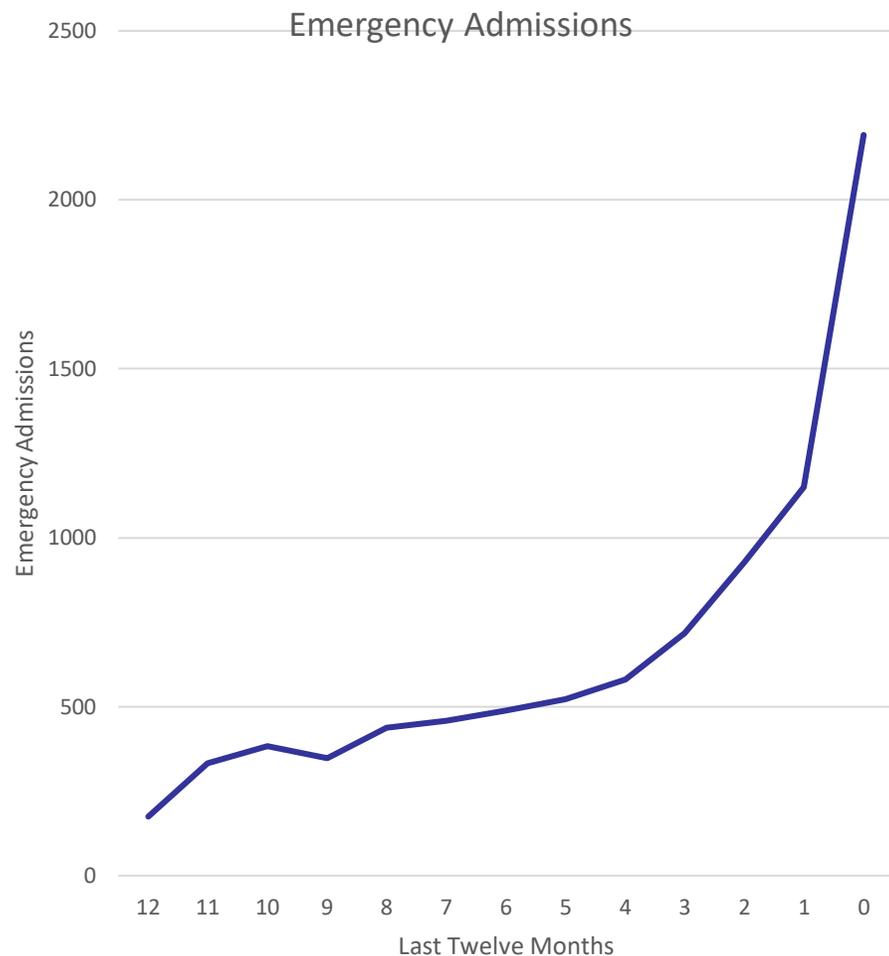
**Medium risk**  
 Specialist nurse follow up  
 Rapid access admission prevention  
 Pulmonary rehab/ MyCOPD  
 Advanced care plans

**High risk**  
 Specialist nurse follow up  
 Rapid access admission prevention/  
 telehealth  
 Carousel clinic (holistic review)  
 Pulmonary rehab/ MyCOPD  
 Oxygen reviews  
 Palliative care & advanced care  
 plans



## Using mortality risk algorithm to predict EoL needs

- **Sollis Clarity calculates mortality risk scores that predict mortality in the next twelve months**
- **We scored every resident of Dorset in March 2021 and stratified people into different groups, given their risk score**
- **We then evaluated how many people within each group actually died in the next twelve months (Mar'21 – Mar'22)**
- **We can clearly see an association between the risk scores and observed outcomes**
- **This would suggest the model has good utility to be used in practice**



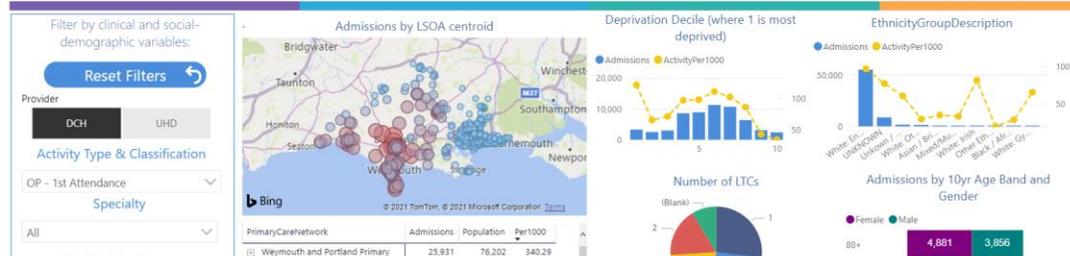
- There are 71,550 residents who were identified as the top 5% risk
- Of these 7,129 actually died
- We can see on the left what happened to those individuals in their last twelve months of life
- More than £14m acute care cost in the last three months alone
- More than 43K inpatient bed days in the last three months
- This follows a similar pattern when we review A&E attendances
- It is believed that much of this activity is unnecessary and modifiable

**What happens to people in the last 12 months of life and how much is modifiable?**

# How DiiS supports the inequalities agenda

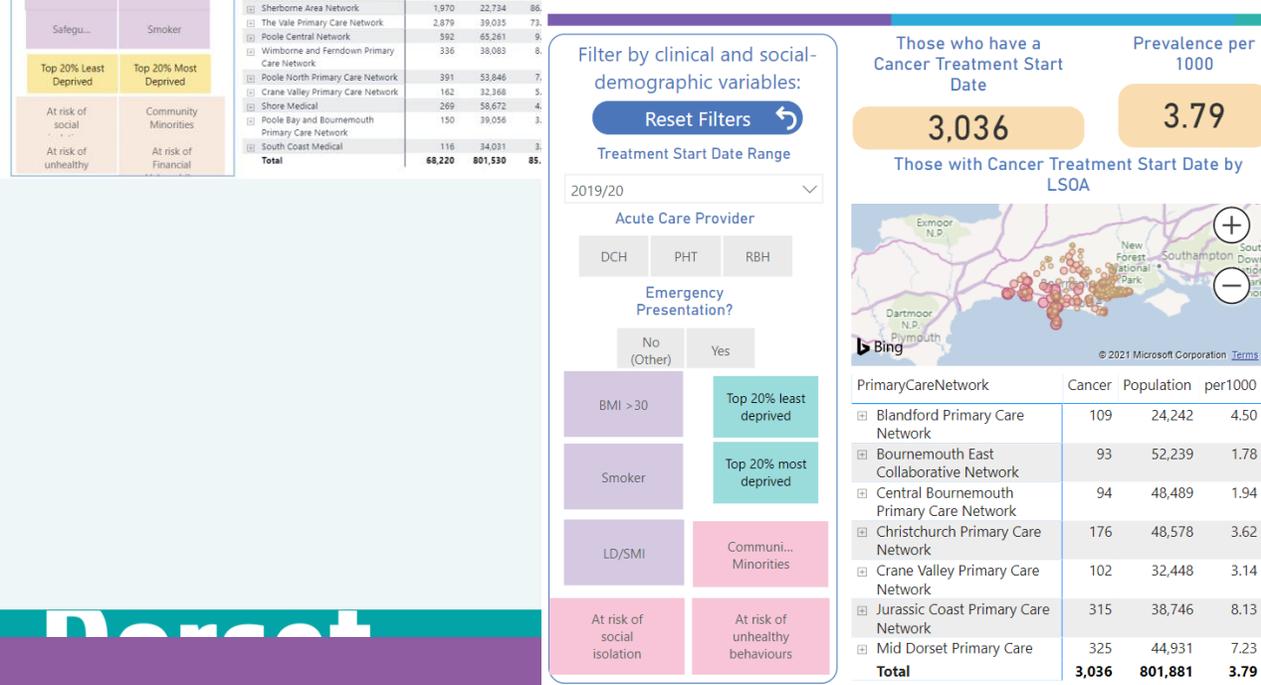
## Acute A&E, Outpatients - Inequalities Focus

Please note this page is currently a *Proof of Concept*



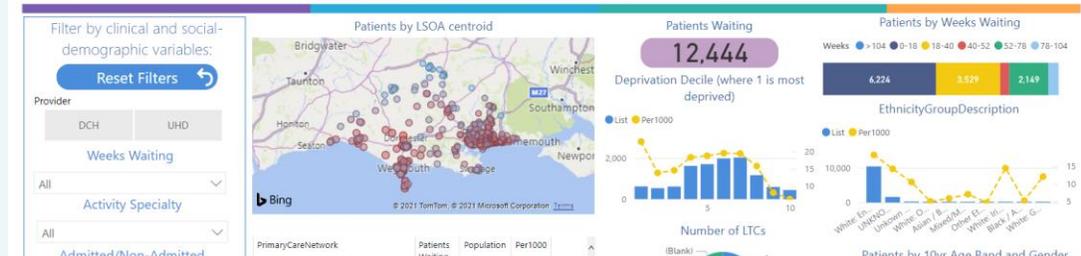
## Cancer and Inequalities

\*Cancer patients with a recorded Treatment Start Date on SCR only



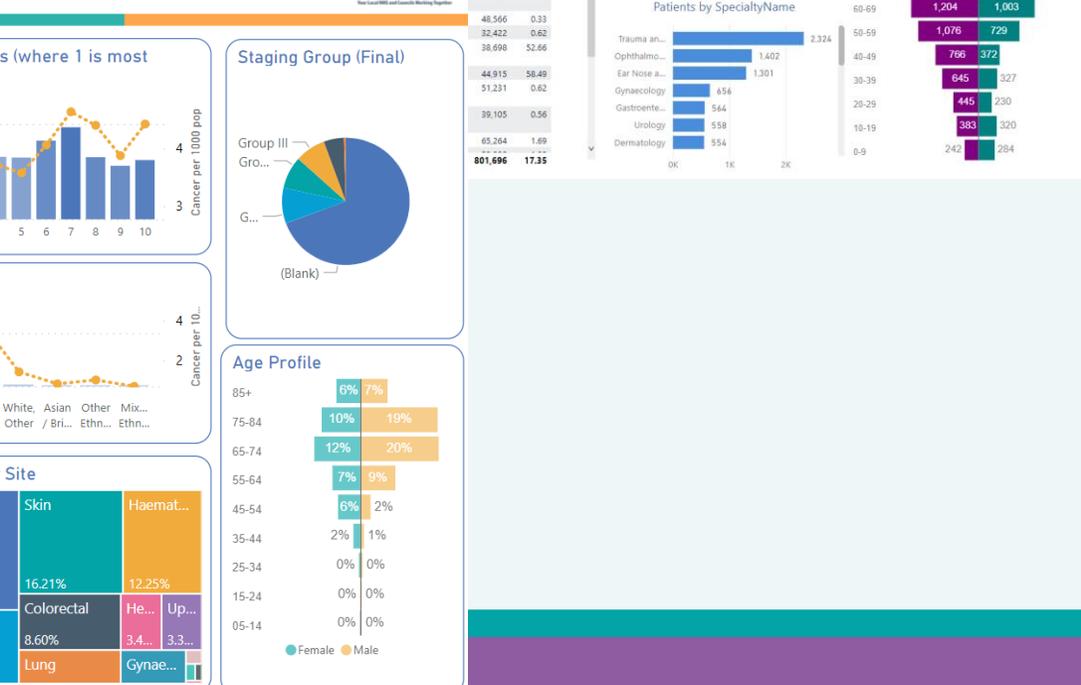
## Waiting List Inequalities Focus

(Open Pathways only) \*Please note this page is currently a *Proof of Concept* & includes DCH only at present



## Waiting List Inequalities Focus

Latest Date: 15 June 2021

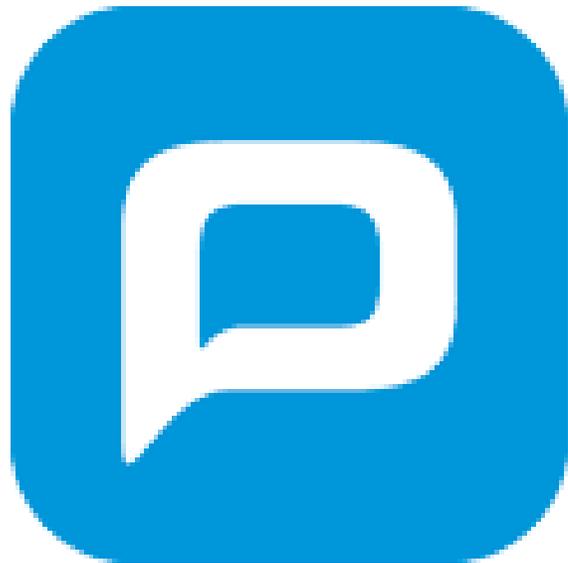




# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## UP NEXT...



# Piota



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## **SPEAKING NOW**



**Chris Elkin**

Head of Healthcare  
Piota Healthcare Apps

I will be discussing...

“Case Study - Piota  
Healthcare Apps”



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



# COMFORT BREAK



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Daniel Hallen

Head of Digital Technology & Digital Urgent & Emergency Care  
NHS England and Improvement - North West

I will be discussing...

“Data, To Me, To You”

# Data, To Me, To You

Data security in the NHS and  
the value of our data.

# **hello** my name is...

**Daniel Hallen**

Pronouns: he/him

Head of Digital Technology & Digital Urgent & Emergency Care, NHSE NW

# The “What”



Processing Data

securely,

by means of appropriate technical

and organisational

measures

## Data, To Me, To You

*“You see?... Perfectly secure,  
perfectly safe...”*

He said the same thing as they passed holds containing zeta-active compounds so powerful that a teaspoon could blow up a whole planet...

# Data, To Me, T



## Social Burglaries

Posting on social media when you go away could result in burglary



### 750,000+

Brits reveal their holiday plans in public social media posts in 30 days



Over 760,000 people 'checked in' on Facebook at UK airport locations in 30 days in June/July 2017



663,462 public posts on Twitter mentioned being at a UK airport



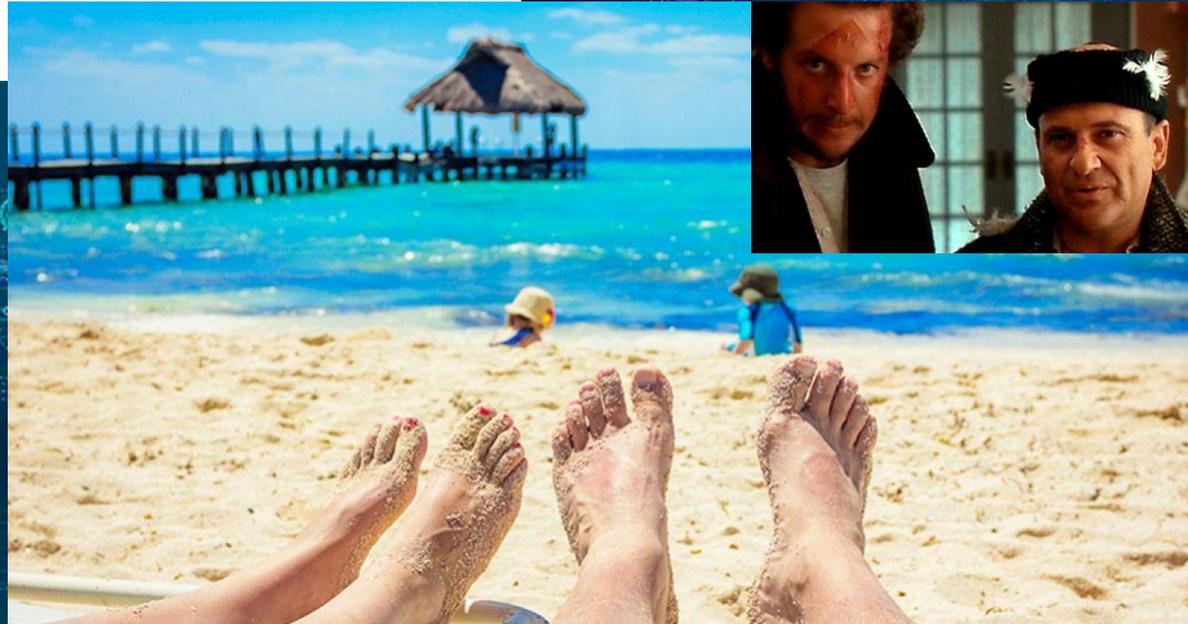
Nearly 68,000 Instagram posts were tagged with a UK airport location

The top 10 UK airports for Brits 'checking-in' on Facebook in 30 days\*  
\*30 days (mid June to mid July 2017)

1. Heathrow
2. Gatwick
3. Stansted
4. Birmingham
5. Luton
6. Glasgow
7. Edinburgh
8. Newcastle
9. Bristol
10. East Midlands

### What do people share?

- 44% photos of each other
- 28% boarding, runway, planes
- 16% alcohol
- 8% passports
- 6% food
- 5% boarding passes



# 70

# Data, To Me, To You

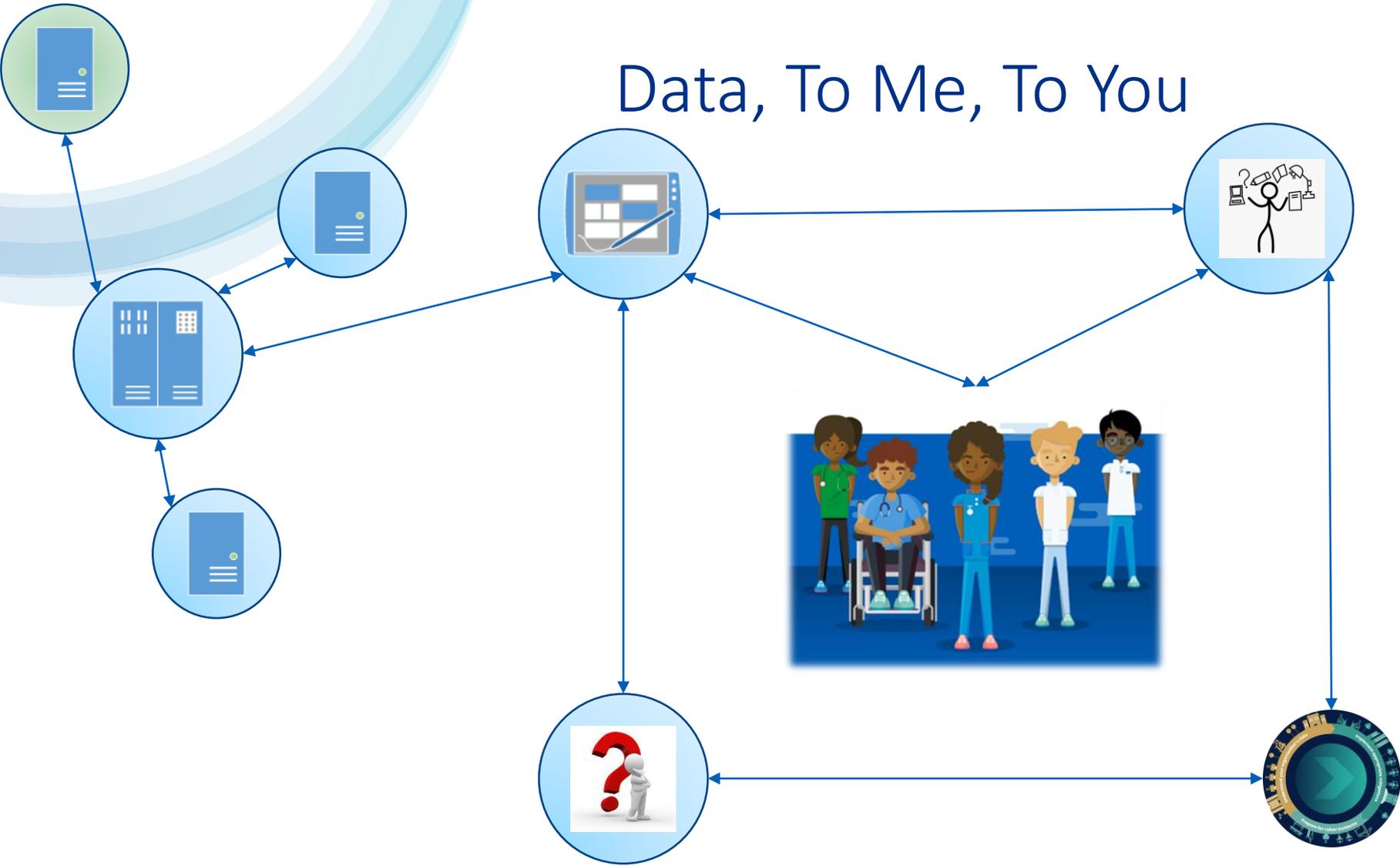




# Data, To Me, To You



# Data, To Me, To You



# Data, To Me, To You

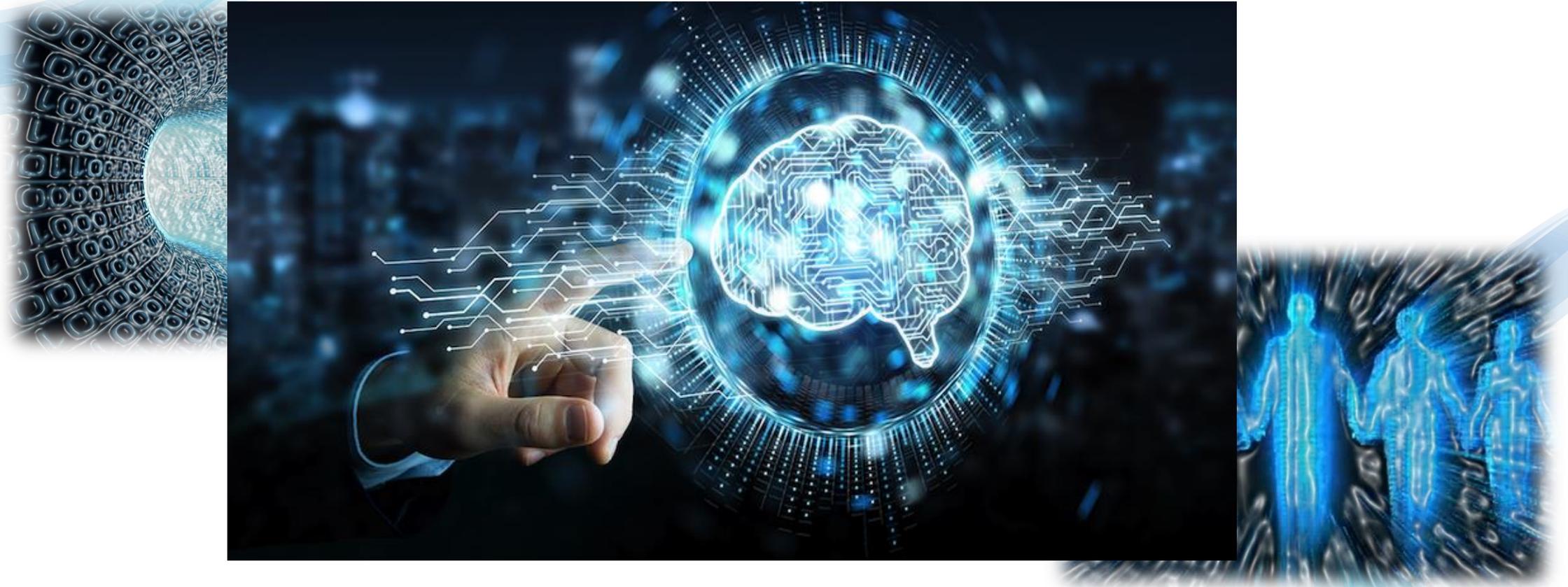


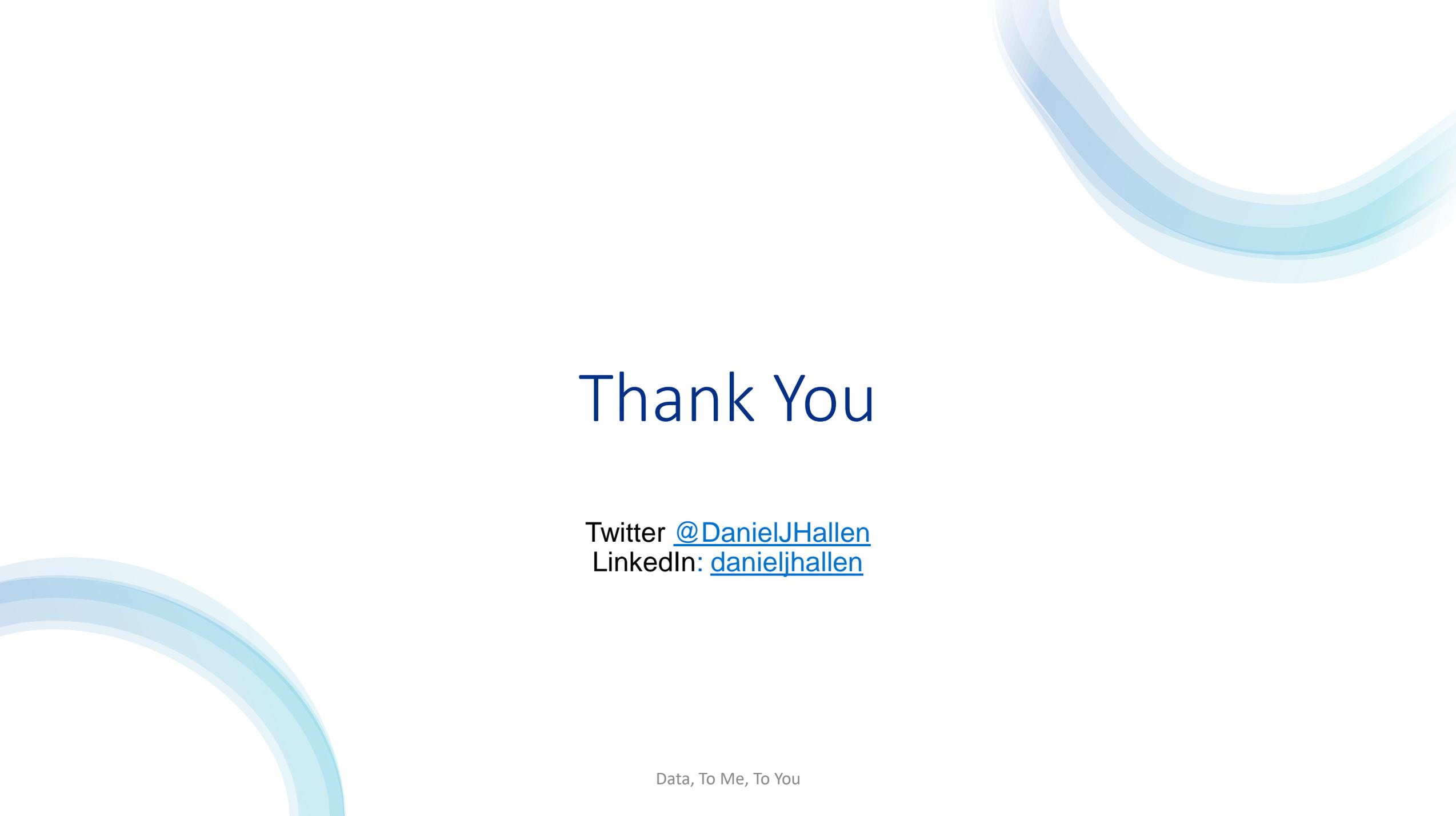
**DSPT**  
Better security.  
Better care.

Information and  
Protection  
Security

An icon depicting a laptop, a shield with a checkmark, and a smartphone, symbolizing digital security and protection.

# Data, To Me, To You





# Thank You

Twitter [@DanielJHallen](https://twitter.com/DanielJHallen)

LinkedIn: [danieljhallen](https://www.linkedin.com/in/danieljhallen)



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## UP NEXT...

libnova 



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022

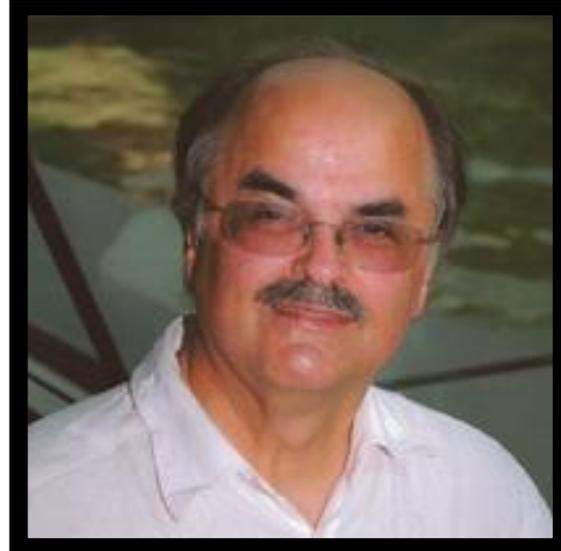


## SPEAKING NOW



Teo Redondo

CTO & Head of Research &  
Development  
LIBNOVA



David Giaretta

CEO  
Giaretta Associates

### We will discuss...

“Healthcare Data Management:  
Digital Preservation of Medical  
Records”



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



**Jon Coolican**

Head of Data Controls &  
Governance - NHS Arden &  
GEM CSU



**Diane Clark**

Senior Business Analyst - NHS  
Arden & GEM CSU

### We will discuss...

”Linking Health and Social Care  
Data to Improve Services”

# Linking health and social care data to improve services

Jon Coolican and Diane Clark  
NHS Arden & GEM CSU

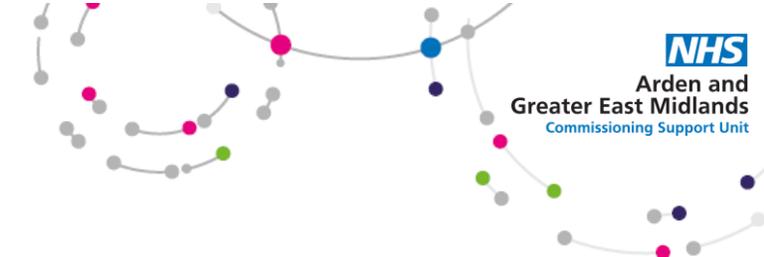
HTN Digital Social Care & Mental Health  
#HTNNow

[www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/asccld](http://www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/asccld)



# Session overview

- ✓ The data landscape
- ✓ North West pilot
- ✓ A national programme
- ✓ Benefits
- ✓ Lessons learned
- ✓ What next
- ✓ Questions



# About NHS Arden & GEM CSU

## OUR CUSTOMERS



Working with a customer base of 90+ organisations across health and care systems

- NHSE
- ICSs
- ICBs
- Trusts
- Primary Care
- Local Authorities

## OUR BUSINESS

**£95m**  
Turnover 2021/22

**£34m**  
Generated in new business 2021/22

## OUR PEOPLE



**1,000+**  
Multidisciplinary staff

## 2021/22 HIGHLIGHTS

**2** National award wins (and 4 shortlistings) in 2021/22

Providing IT support to over 40,000 users

National health inequality programme launched

Supporting COVID-19 recovery:

- Backlogs
- Capacity
- Front line



Helping systems to prepare:

- Transformation
- OD
- PMO



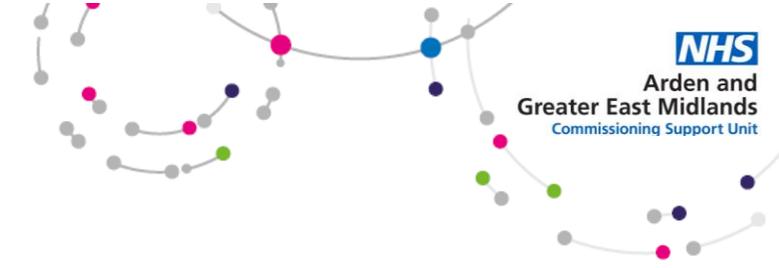
## OUR ACCREDITATIONS

**INVESTORS IN PEOPLE™**  
We invest in people Silver

**INVESTORS IN PEOPLE™**  
We invest in wellbeing Gold



# Background and data landscape



- **PCTs** (pre-2012) – linking data across health and social care took place but was inconsistent and uncontrolled
- **Health and Social Care Act 2012**
  - Set out NHS Digital's (NHSD) responsibilities including the collection, analysis and presentation of national health and social care data
  - NHSD also have the powers to act as a safe haven and collect, hold and process personal confidential data (PCD) for purposes beyond direct patient care e.g. commissioning, planning, population health management
- **The DSfC programme** established a number of regional processing centres, known as **Data Services for Commissioners Regional Offices (DSCROs)** – these regional offices support the information needs of commissioners with the provision of appropriate data controls
- DSCROs are part of, and responsible to NHSD
- DSCROs perform their services with staff from Commissioning Support Units (CSUs) who are seconded into NHSD and work with data in the regional processing centres (RPCs)



**Note:** Upcoming merger of NHSD into NHSE, though we expect a DSCRO-type function to remain

# Background and data landscape

## Practically, what does a DSCRO do?

- Manages data warehouses, databases and huge numbers of datasets from across the health system
- Keeps data secure, restricting access to authorised users only
- Works at scale across large geographical regions and with multiple organisations.

DSCROs typically receive **1000s of national and local data flows** each month through a variety of routes:

- Database to database transfers
- sFTP
- Secure email
- DLP (Data Landing Portal)



Only allow data to be released using **authorised means, to authorised users**, in an allowed format

Data is typically released **'pseudonymised'**

Anonymised in line with the ICO Anonymisation Code of Practice  
Personal non-confidential data

Data typically released via the DCSRO's **CSU Data Management or Business Intelligence Services**

Data flows are both **manual and automated** with various levels of **standardisation**

Datasets can include a **few or 1000s of columns** of data and **10s to 100s of millions of rows**

**Manages patient identifiers**

Date of birth → Age  
Postcode → LSOA  
NHS number → pseudonym  
Derive other data fields where appropriate

### Benefits of using a DSCRO

- + **Expertise** in managing all aspects of datasets
- + Positioned to **operate at scale** and manage multiple datasets
- + **Subject matter experts** who can advise on national datasets, and understand local variations and nuances
- + Already hold health data, so social care data (with NHS number) can be **consistently pseudonymised** to allow linkage



# The data development journey

**2018-2020**  
NATIONAL VOLUNTARY  
ASC CLD ESTABLISHED

**2022**  
HEALTH AND CARE ACT  
ASC CLD VOLUNTARY  
COLLECTION ONGOING

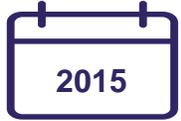
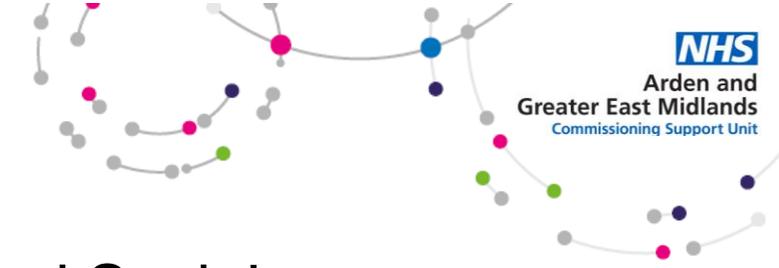
**2015**  
NORTH WEST PILOT

**2012**  
HEALTH AND SOCIAL  
CARE ACT

**2023**  
ASC CLD MANDATED  
COLLECTION

**2024 AND BEYOND**  
REPLACEMENT OF SALT  
COLLECTION

# North West pilot



Pilot work between the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) and NW DSCRO was first proposed in 2015



Main aim was to link health and social care data



Group established with 3 Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) and Local Authorities (LAs)



MANCHESTER  
CITY COUNCIL



Liverpool  
City Council



ROCHDALE  
BOROUGH COUNCIL



Health/CCGs were the initial driving force



# North West pilot – challenges



## Governance

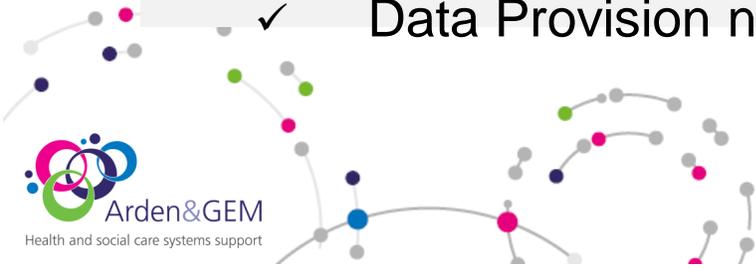


- Legal basis
- Purpose
- Organisations involved: LAs, CCGs, DHSC, NHSD/DSCRO, CSU
- Agreements needed:
  - ✓ Patient opt-outs?
  - ✓ Data Sharing Agreements?
  - ✓ Data Processing Agreements?
  - ✓ Privacy Notices?
  - ✓ Directions?
  - ✓ Data Provision notice (DPN)?

## Data quality



- Recognition of data quality (DQ) issues:
  - ✓ Incomplete
  - ✓ Inconsistent
  - ✓ Out of date
  - ✓ Inaccurate
- Data was for pilot purposes only, not for making decisions based on it
- Sharing the data gave us the opportunity to start to address DQ issues



# North West pilot

## OVERCOMING CHALLENGES

### Governance was slow to work through

- Directions were drafted
- Data Provision Notices (DPNs) were needed

### Some LAs had problems creating extract

- System and its local configuration has an influence on process

### Data submission to DSCRO via DLP (Data Landing Portal) was preferred route

- Enables validation as part of submission

### NHS number completion was variable

- Between 50 - 90%



## IDENTIFYING BENEFITS

### Benefits for CCGs

- + Linked health and social care data
- + More complete patient pathway

### Potential benefits for LAs

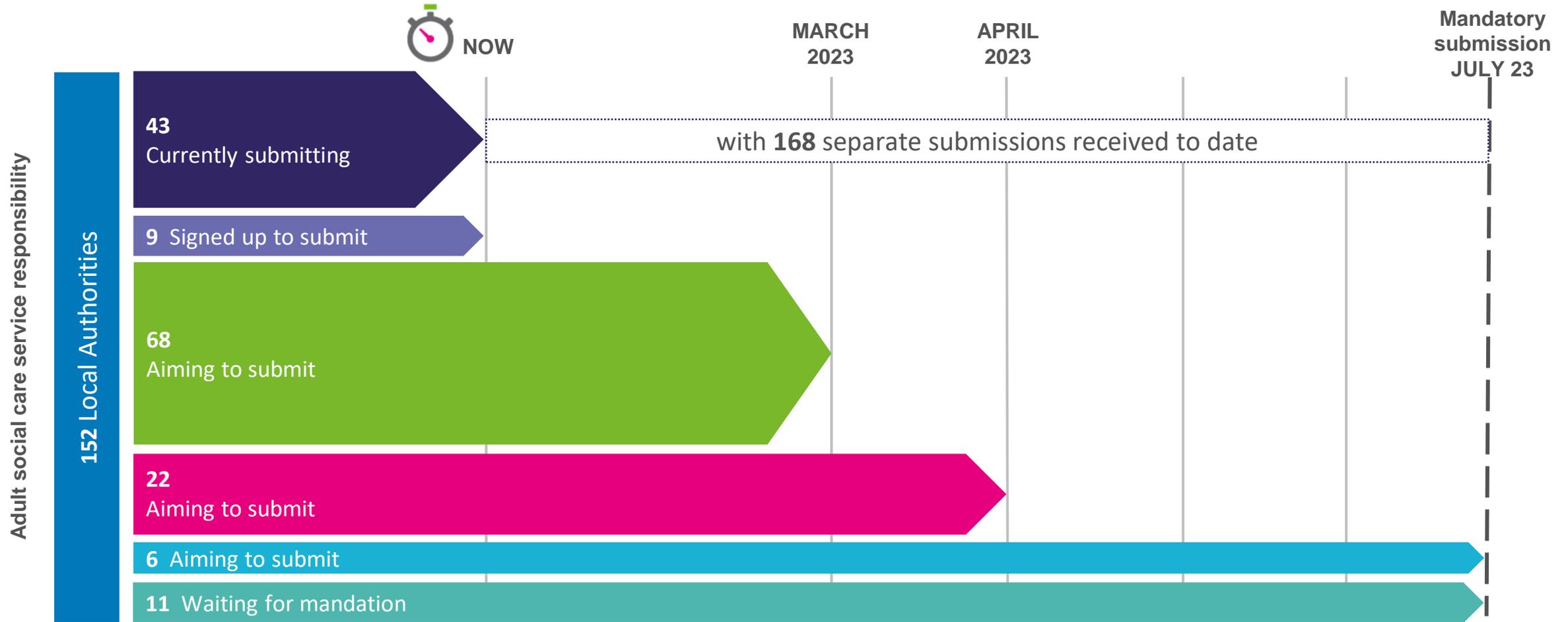
- + Replacement of SALT return
- + Identify missing NHS Numbers
- + Linked health and social care data

# A national programme

- The NW Pilot had proved the principle of an Adult Social Care Client Level Data collection
- Started work with DHSC on a national collection
- DHSC/NHSD – new Directions for a national but voluntary collection, Dec 2020
- Arden & GEM – Lead CSU/DSCRO
  - Working with the other DSCROs/CSUs to support all regions of England
  - Missing NHS number tracing
- CCGs and Local Authorities
  - Data submissions
  - Data disseminations and data sharing



# A national programme – latest updates



Over **5000** sessions on the project webpage  
[www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/asccld](http://www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/asccld)



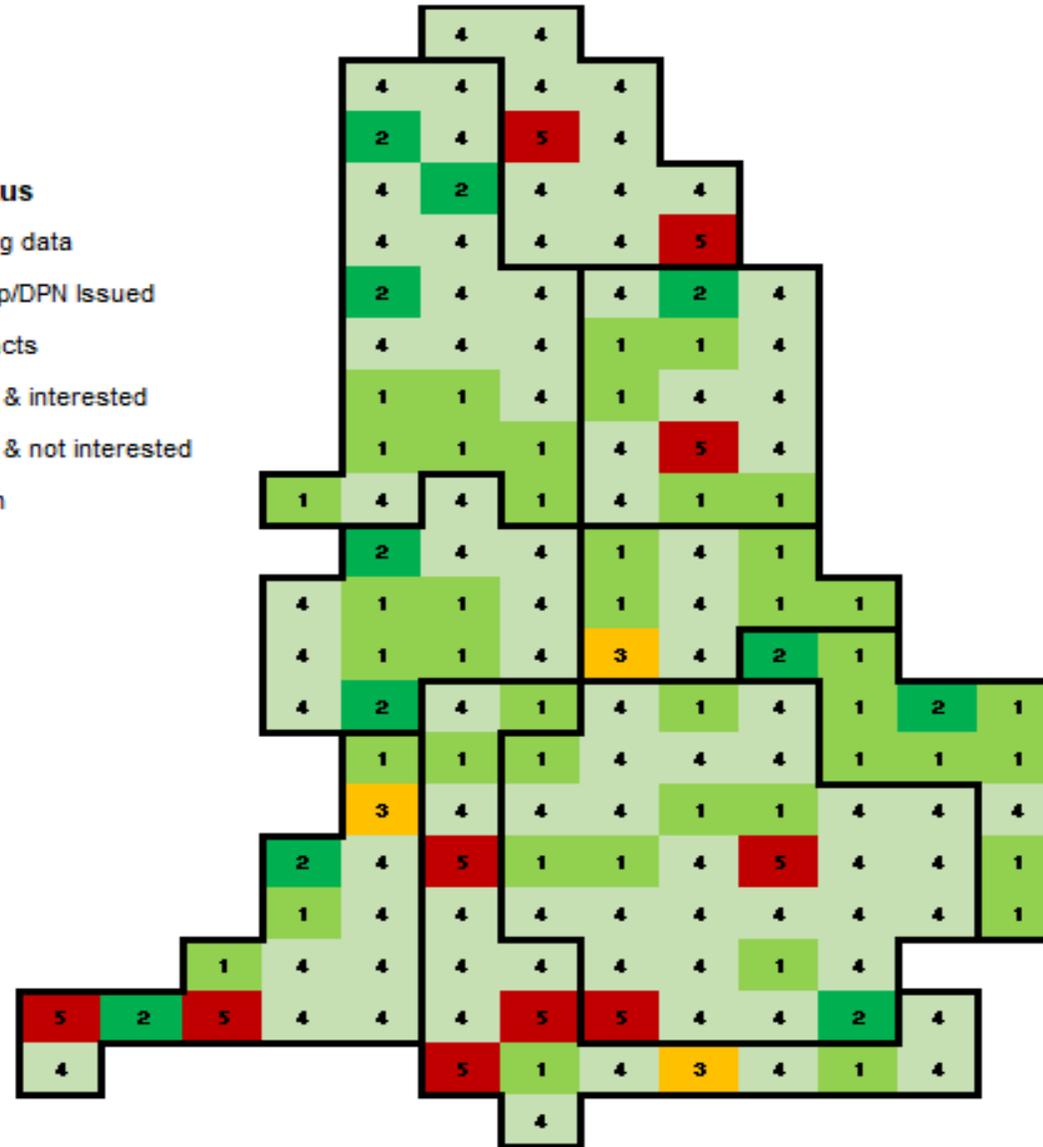
**32** 'buddy' introductions made

# A national programme – latest updates

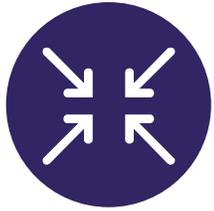
Key:

Regions
LAs

LAs	CLD Status
43 29%	1. Submitting data
11 7%	2. Signed up/DPN Issued
2 1%	3. No Contacts
84 56%	4. Engaged & interested
10 7%	5. Engaged & not interested
0 0%	6. Unknown



# Benefits



## Single source of the truth

A dataset that LAs can use to answer day-to-day requests from service areas and commissioners



## National and local repositories



## Improved data quality, including completeness of the NHS number



## Improved communication and understanding

Improved consistency and transparency with central data transformations and standardised terminology

Providing more frequent and timely monitoring of social care activity, cost and outcomes



## Linked health and social care data

Whole patient pathway and journey

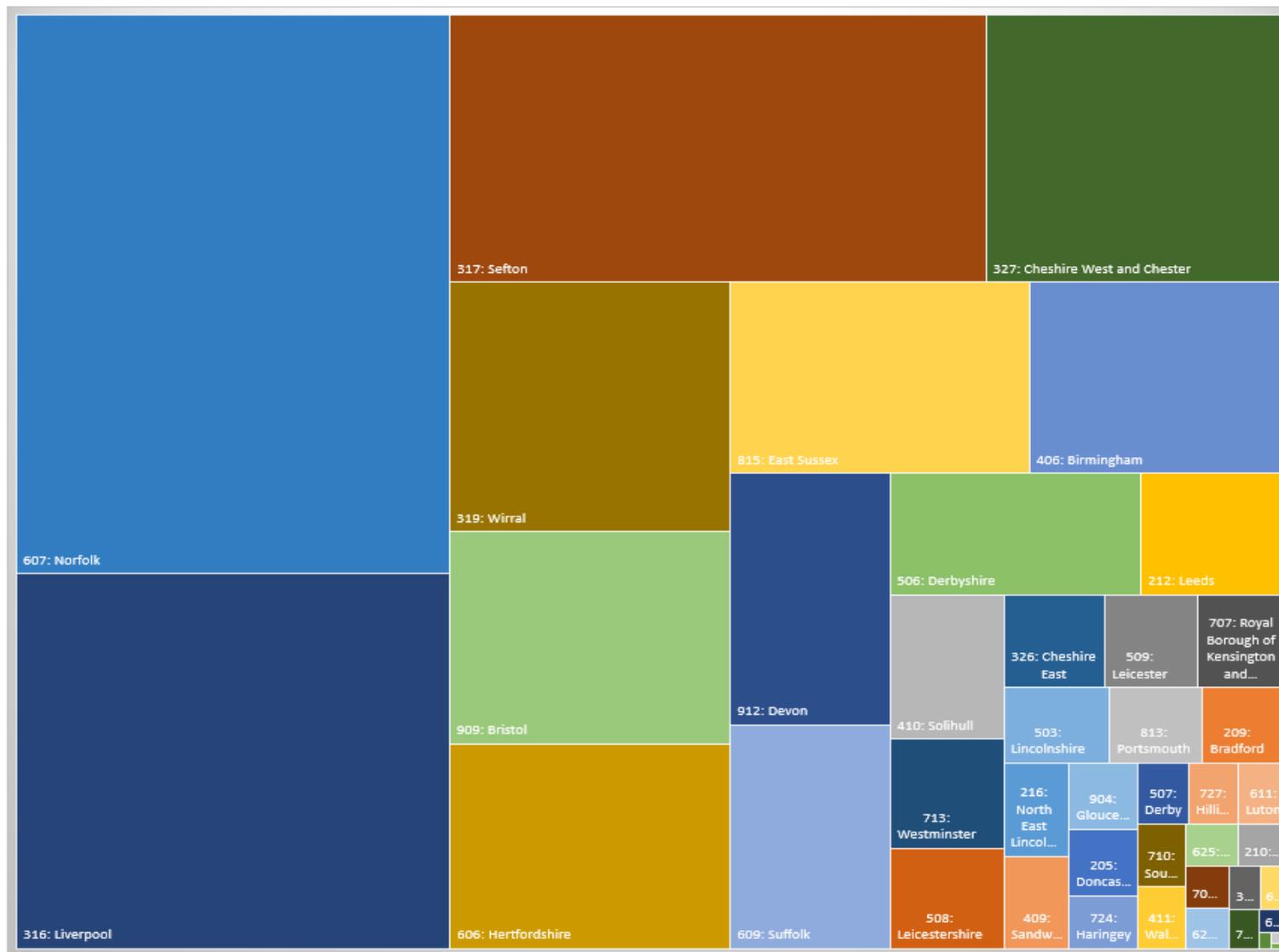
Seeing impact of health on social care and vice versa

Identifying where there are blockers in care pathway



# Benefits – Data quality

Record Counts by Local Authority



# Benefits – Data quality

## Validity and Completeness Checks

### Validity Check - data items with a defined list of values

#### Overall scores

Valid %	Invalid %	Blank %
78%	8%	14%

#### Data Item Name

Accommodation Status
Assessment Type
Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)
Cost Frequency (Unit Type)
Delivery Mechanism (Long Term Community or Prison Only)

Valid %	Invalid %	Blank %
61%	14%	25%
75%	0%	25%
90%	0%	10%
74%	6%	20%
67%	28%	5%

### Completeness Check - data items without a defined list of values

#### Overall Completeness score

74%
-----

#### Data Item Name

GP Practice Code
GP Practice Name
LA Code
Planned units per week
Provider CQC ID

Complete %
35%
75%
100%
100%
25%

Select Local Authority or All for  
all Local Authorities  
submitting:

LA ☰ ✕

- 706: Islington
- 707: Royal Borough of...
- 710: Southwark
- 713: Westminster
- 717: Barnet
- 724: Haringey
- 727: Hillingdon
- 813: Portsmouth
- 815: East Sussex
- 904: Gloucestershire
- 909: Bristol
- 912: Devon
- All

# Case study – Liverpool



Liverpool  
City Council



*Liverpool was the first LA to formally signed up to CLD and began submitting data into the DLP in May 2021, with subsequent monthly uploads scheduled. The development was front-loaded to set up and configure, but now CLD supports business as usual reporting and requires 30 minutes per month to run*

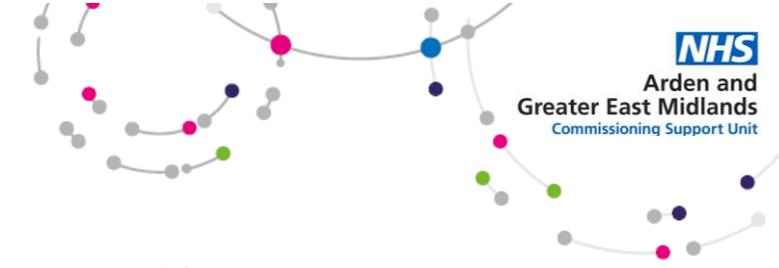
*The CLD data set is very adaptable and fits well with the rapidly developing nature of social care without disrupting local process. Its modular nature lends itself to being able to explore innovative approaches to data collection and analysis. Liverpool is currently using Power BI, but we did also experiment with SSRS, Tableau and Business Objects (WEBI).*

*The long term benefits of this data resource cannot be understated. We have positioned the CLD to be the building blocks of all data and intelligence requirements for the LA.*

*We can never forget that all data collected and shared must be for the benefit of the service user. It should be core to the principles of any data sharing project that the service users are the central and loudest voices, after all who is better placed in the whole system.*



# Lessons learned



## Importance of engagement with LAs

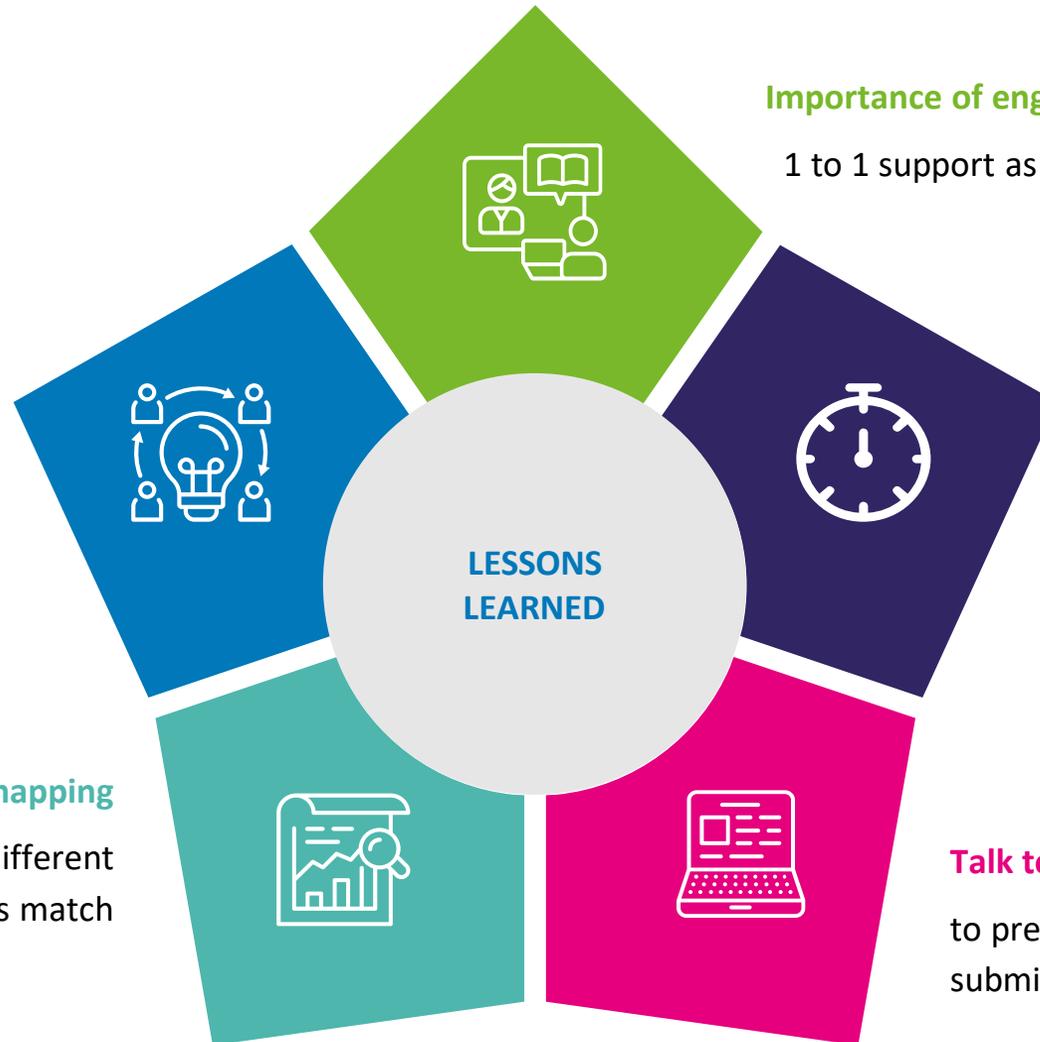
1 to 1 support as required to address issues and concerns

## Flexibility in submissions and submission deadlines

- be mindful of the local pressures LAs are operating under
- focus on fixing DQ at source, not after submission

## Talk to IT departments

to prevent common issues e.g. firewall blocking submission, validation tool macros disabled



## Reference group supported establishment of collection

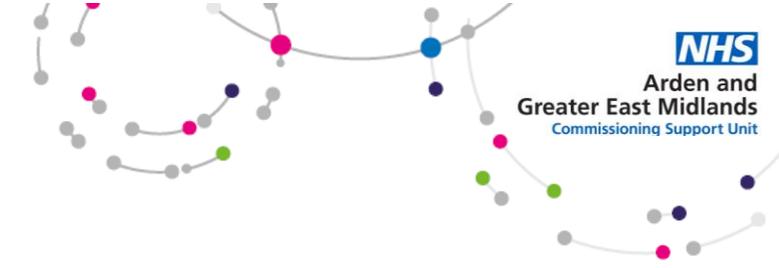
representatives across regions and systems

## Importance of data mapping

data descriptors within different organisations don't always match



# A national programme – next steps



## DHSC/NHSD – new Directions for a national *mandated* collection

- Starting April 2023
- Updated specification and guidance in response to feedback
- Dataset to be a new data standard

## Mandated submissions for all councils

- Minimum quarterly
- More frequent submissions
- Support with automation of submissions to reduce burden

## Arden & GEM – Lead working with all other DSCROs/CSUs

- Improved DQ reporting
- More frequent submissions e.g. monthly, in line with health and requirements following Covid

## Integrated Care Boards (ICBs) and Local Authorities

- Closer working across health and social care as part of ICB formation
- Linked data to be shared with ICBs and LAs and other ICS partners



# What next – longer term?

- Enhanced data derivations returned to local authorities
- Extraction direct from systems
- Central collection by NHSD



# Any questions?



Get in touch with us at:

 [www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/ascclid](http://www.ardengemcsu.nhs.uk/ascclid)

 @ardengem

 [contact.ardengem@nhs.net](mailto:contact.ardengem@nhs.net)



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Jonathan Bridges

CIO  
Exponential-e



Afshin Attari

Director of Public Sector &  
Unified Platforms -  
Exponential-e

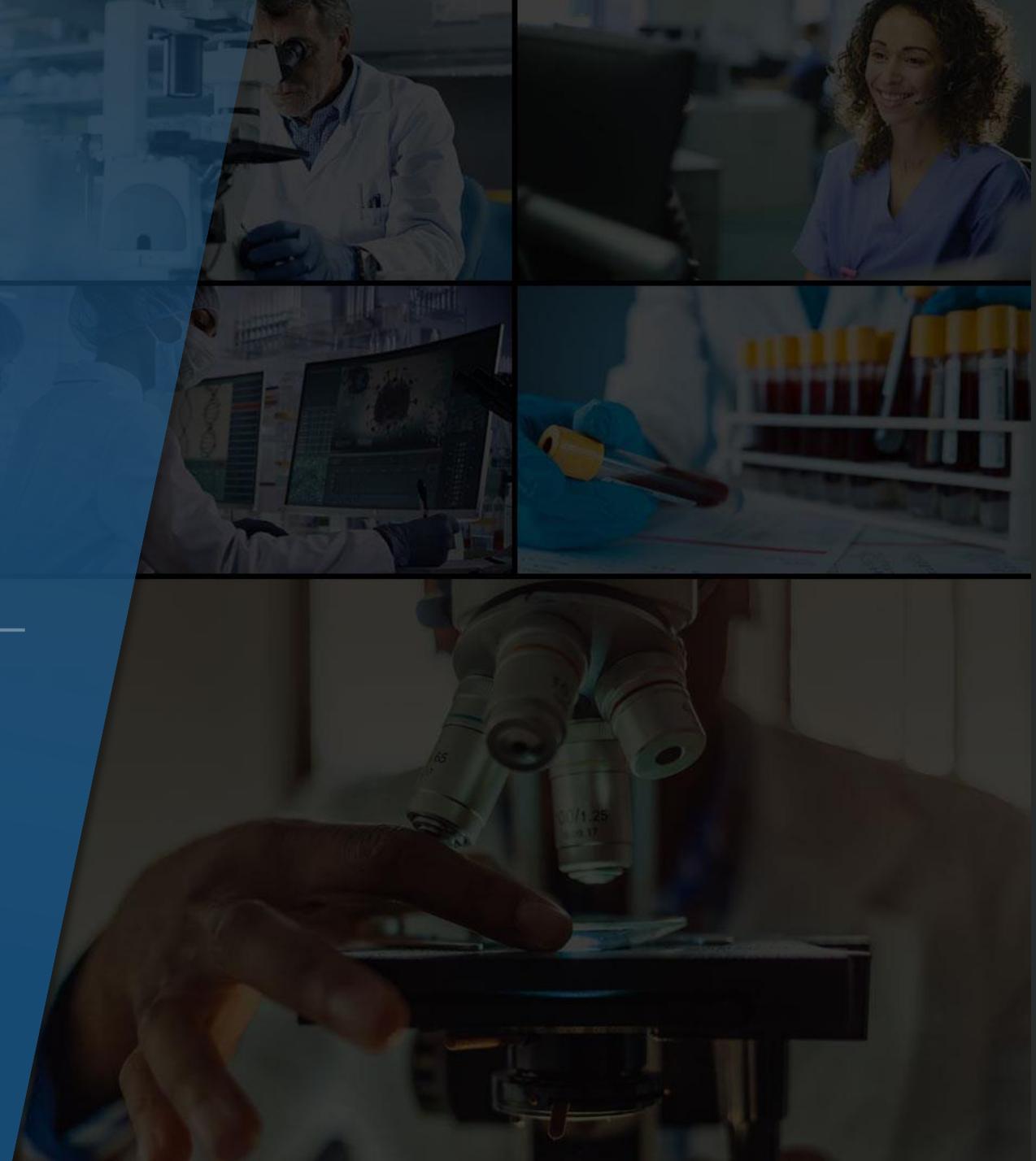
We will discuss...

”Case Study - Exponential-e”

# Supporting the NHS in Response to change

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The Digital Transformation Opportunity





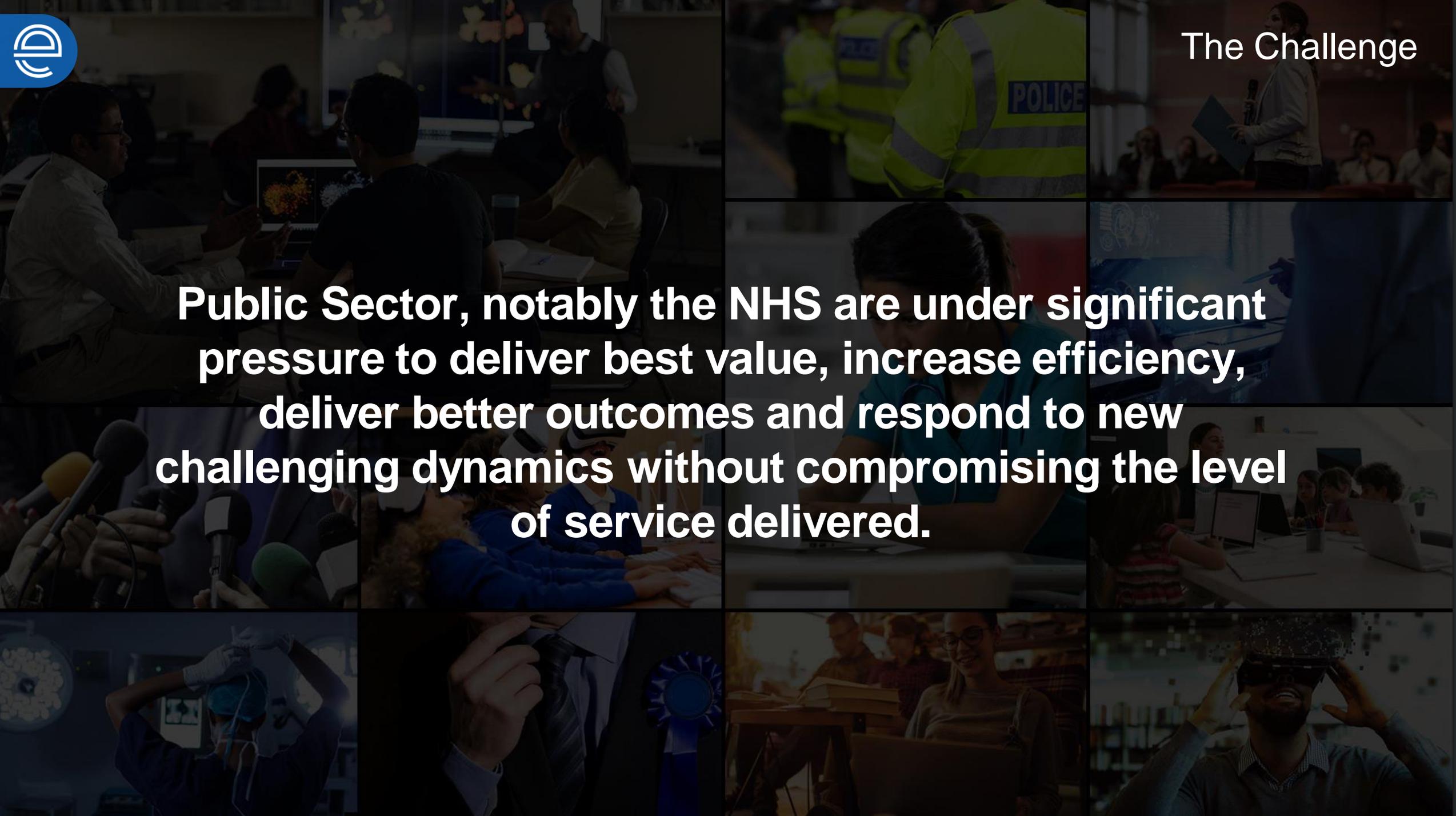
**Afshin Attari**  
Director of Public Sector & Unified Platforms



**Jonathan Bridges**  
Chief Innovation Officer



**Public Sector, notably the NHS are under significant pressure to deliver best value, increase efficiency, deliver better outcomes and respond to new challenging dynamics without compromising the level of service delivered.**





To provide secure infrastructure that integrates applications and enables end-to-end resilient delivery of critical systems by embracing software defined digital platforms, cloud technologies and unified communications, contact centre and applications.



Empower your employees



Engage Citizens



Deliver operational outcomes



Accelerate innovation & support change



# AUTHORITY

AGILITY

FLEXIBILITY

PERFORMANCE

FUTURE-PROOF



UCC & Applications



Hybrid Cloud



SaaS Apps



App Re: Design

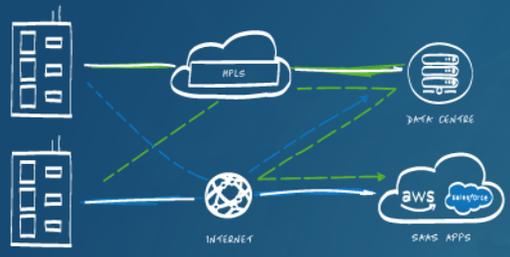


**Exponential-e Ltd is delivering a robust and innovative solution to allow NHS users access to telemedicine systems via a secure encrypted platform. This service, meeting all standards of Health and Social Care Network (HSCN) connectivity, will allow healthcare practitioners covering 133 locations within HM Prisons, Young Offender Institutes, Secure Children Homes and Immigration Removal Centres to reduce offsite and outside visits to less secure locations and provide assessment at the point of patient.**

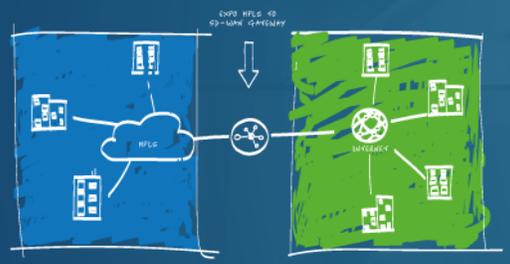




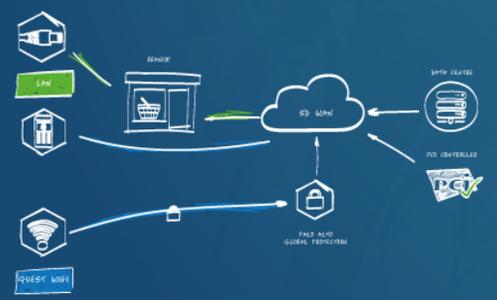
# INTERNET OFFLOAD & INTERNET FIRST



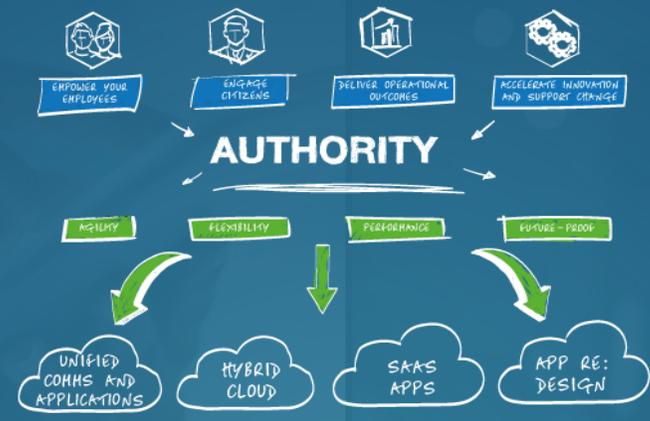
# DISTRIBUTED WORKFORCE



# SECURITY COMPLIANCE & PCI



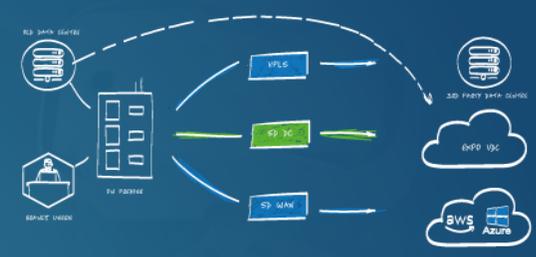
# DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION



# CHALLENGE: NETWORK TRANSFORMATION



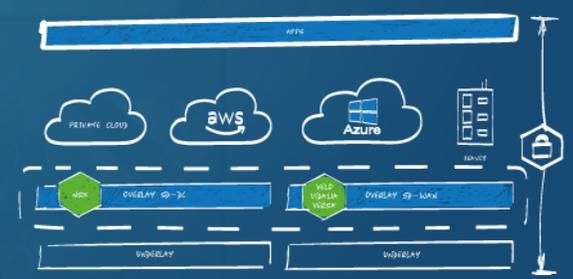
# SEAMLESS TRANSITION



# HOLY TRINITY: OVERLAY



# FULL STACK





## The WYAAT, West Yorkshire Association of Acute Trusts

This project (delivered by us) is spearheaded by Leeds Teaching Hospital to provide a centralised cloud-based resource whereby the six trusts will have access to a shared platform presenting predictive and analytical pharmaceutical data provided by the Omnicell application which was designed to help streamline operations, lower costs, and deliver a better patient experience.





Trusted partner of the NHS



HSCN Stage 3  
Compliant



**9 ISO**  
Accreditations



**+65%**  
of London's NHS  
Organisations



**70+**  
Health  
Organisations



of all HSCN  
Circuits



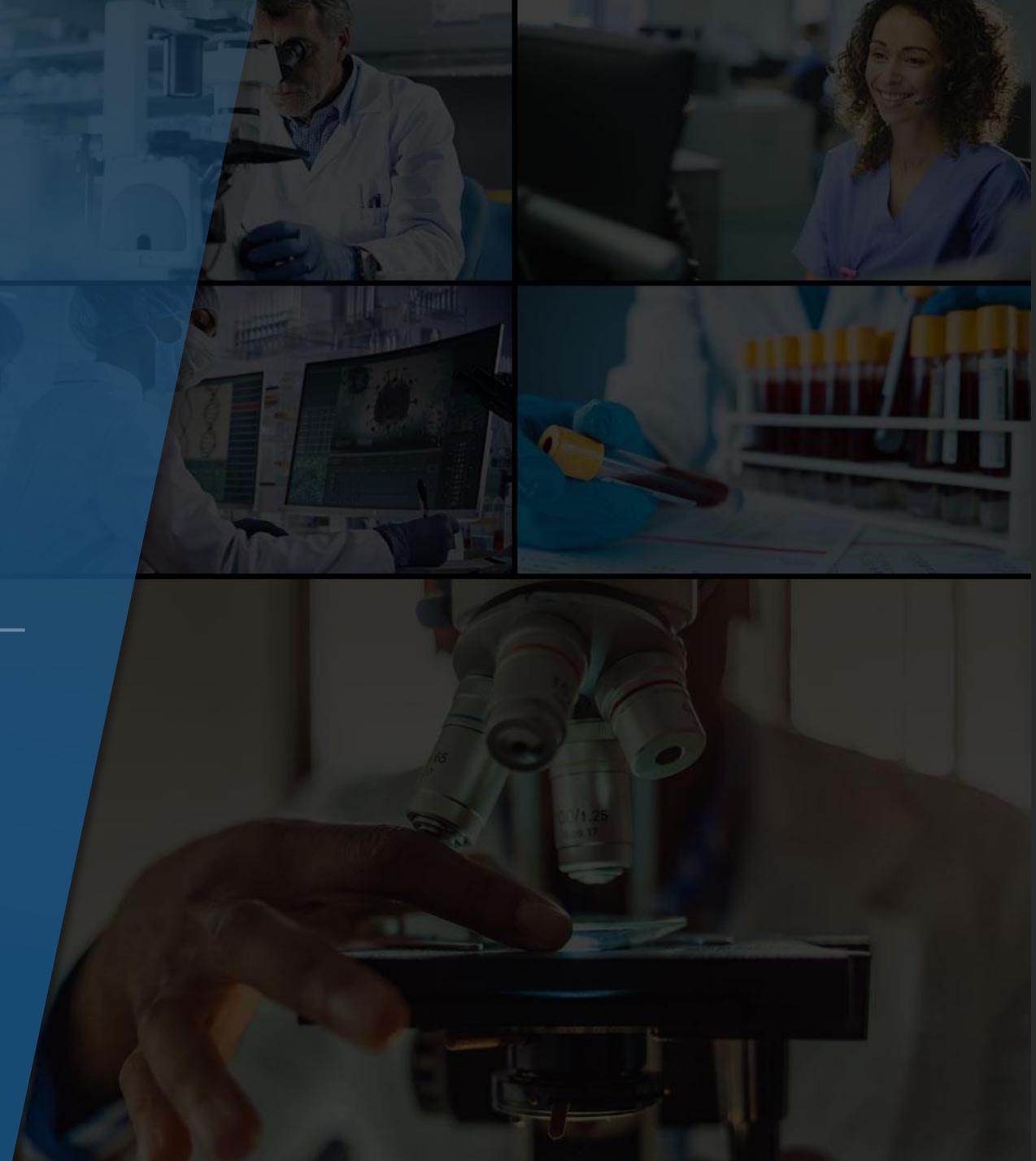
Trusts, ICS, CCGs,  
GPs, Community,  
STPs





# Accelerating Digital innovation to advance human progress

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# Picture Archiving and Communication System (PACS) Ready Stacked Solutions



A.I & ML Solutions



Managed and Professional Services



DRaaS and BUaaS



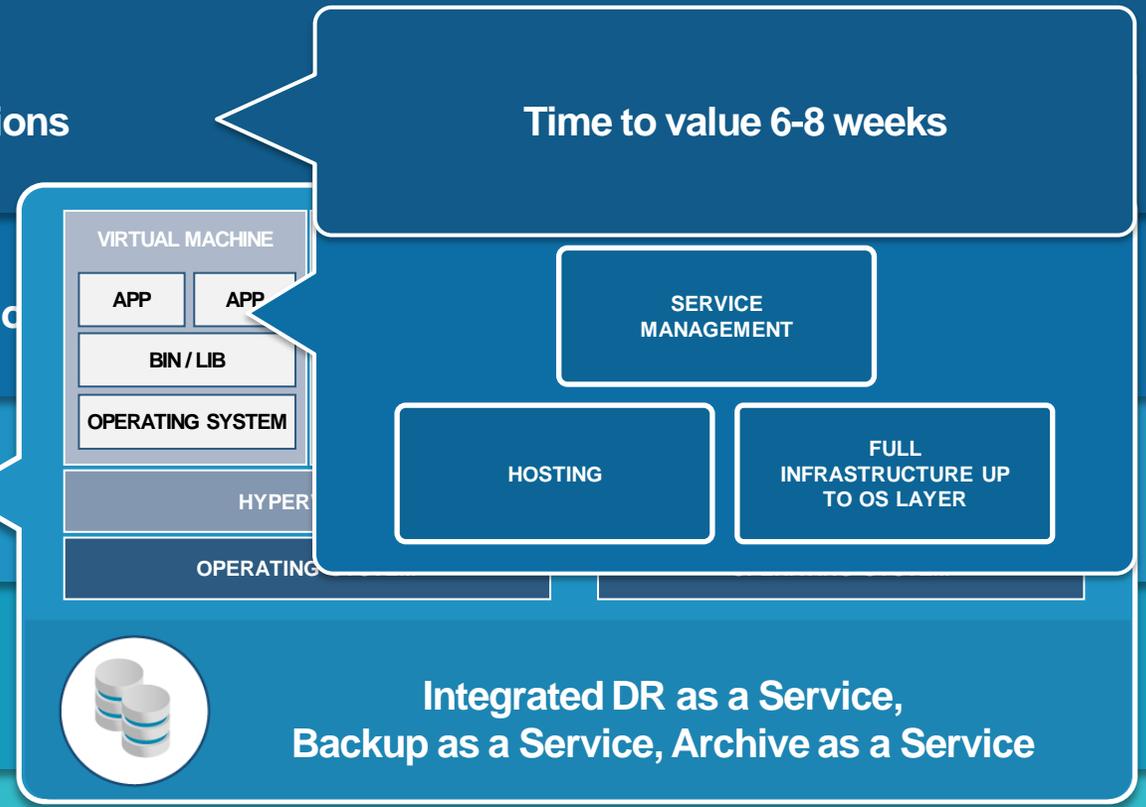
Long Term Archive Tier



Fast Tier 1 & Medium Tier 2 Storage



Sustainable Datacentres Hyperconverged Modular Infrastructure - VXRail



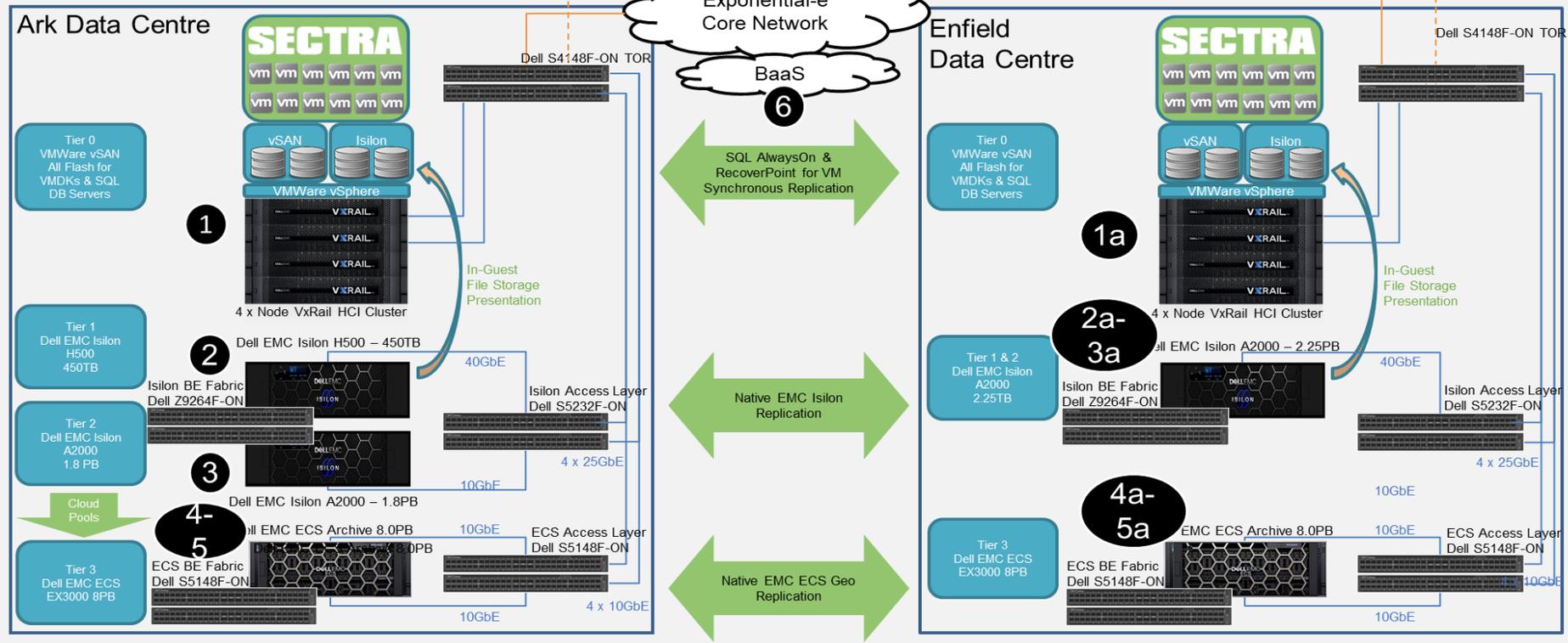


# NPIC & Exponential-e



**Key: Dual Site configuration**

1 Compute	6 Backup as a Service
2 Fast Tier 1 Storage	7 Dual DC WAN Links
3 Medium Tier 2 Storage	8 Dual Client WAN Links
4 / 5 Archive Tier	



**Bash Hussain, Deployment Director at NPIC said:**

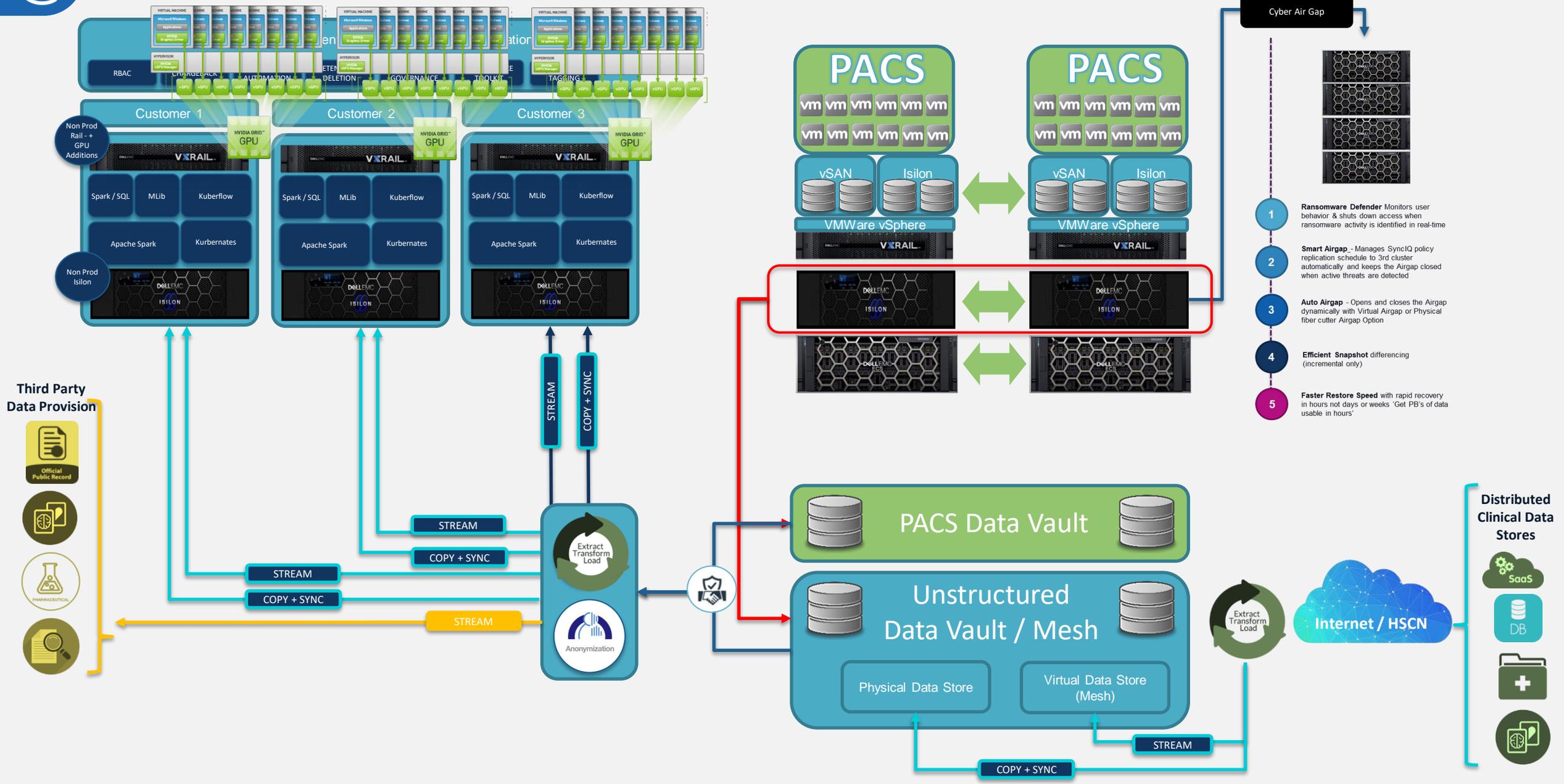
“We have achieved a key milestone for the NPIC programme which has significant infrastructure needs for storage and processing of clinical images. Working alongside Exponential-e will provide the programme with a resilient, scalable platform needed to meet both our clinical and research ambitions.”

**Charles Wilce, Sr. Dir. EMEA Sales: Unstructured Data Solutions adds**

“The combination of Dell EMC PowerScale and Dell EMC ECS object storage with Exponential-e technology will deliver AI-driven insight for NPIC to improve both the quality and outcomes of patient treatment,” said Charles Wilce, senior director, EMEA Sales, Unstructured Data Solutions, Dell Technologies. “By harnessing this data in the most meaningful ways, we’re able to help our customers drive human progress through data insights and technology innovation.”



# TRE Integration

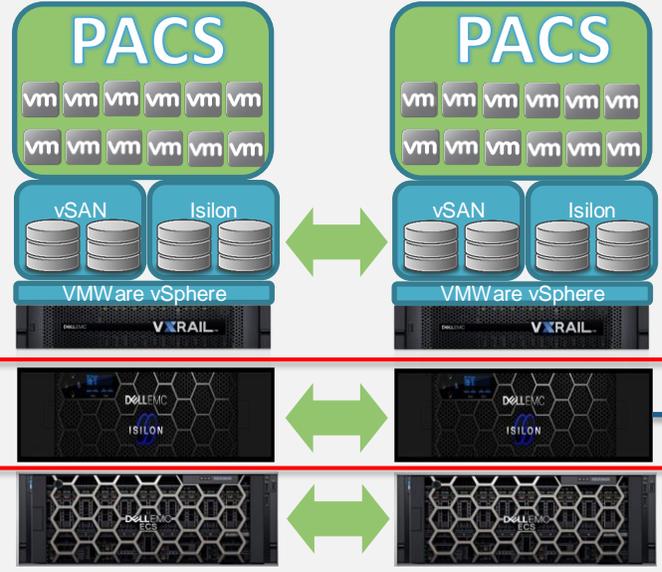


Non Prod Rail - + GPU Additions

Non Prod Isilon

### Third Party Data Provision

- Official Public Record
- PHARMACEUTICAL



- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

- Ransomware Defender** - Monitors user behavior & shuts down access when ransomware activity is identified in real-time
- Smart Airgap** - Manages SyncIQ policy replication schedule to 3rd cluster automatically and keeps the Airgap closed when active threats are detected
- Auto Airgap** - Opens and closes the Airgap dynamically with Virtual Airgap or Physical fiber cutter Airgap Option
- Efficient Snapshot** differencing (incremental only)
- Faster Restore Speed** with rapid recovery in hours not days or weeks \*Get PB's of data usable in hours\*

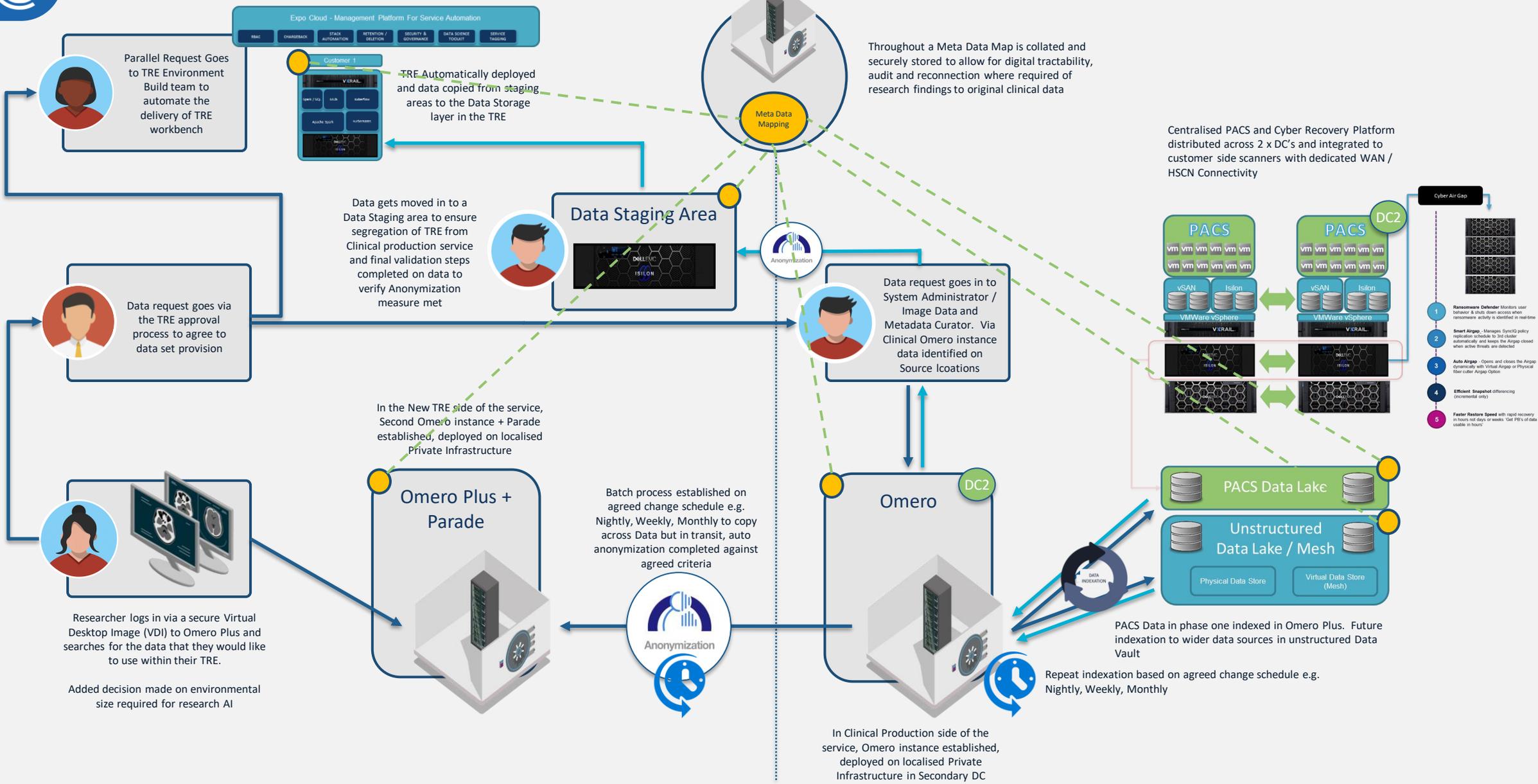
### Distributed Clinical Data Stores

- SaaS
- DB
- +
- +



# Trusted Research Environments (TRE) Clinical

# Data Architecture

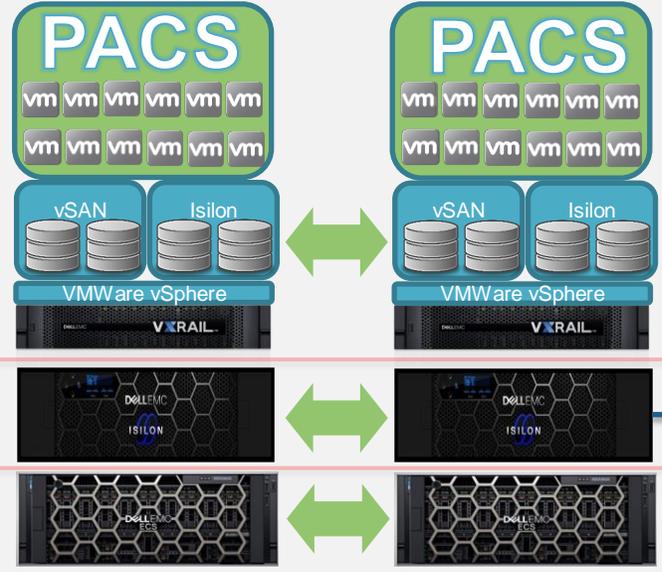




# Data Query Scenario

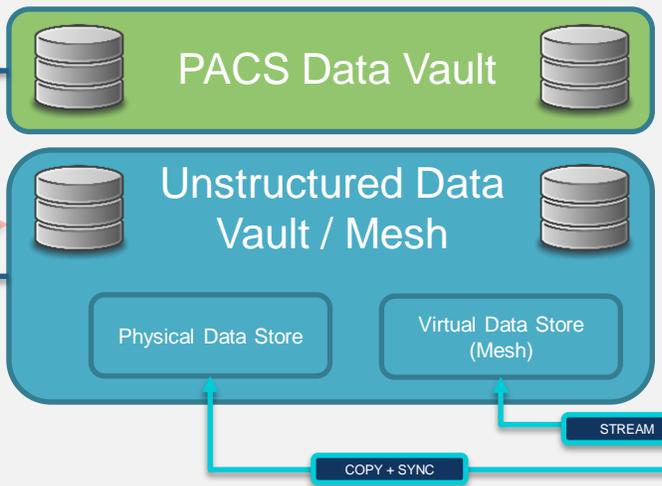
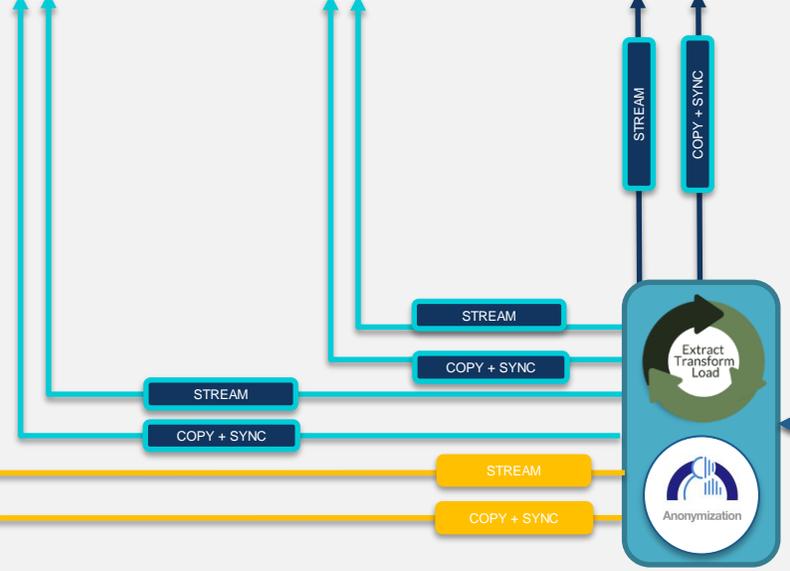
**DATA REQUEST:**

“Please provide 10,000 slides of women aged 30-40 from the PACS with retained location, ethnicity + streaming access to Office of National Statistics Census data + Historical Patient records of 2000 patients in the same age group with Liver Cancer diagnosis. I need an environment for three months, a maximum budget of £34K and I need to set different roles for the team to control the data governance”



- Cyber Air Gap**
- 
- 1 Ransomware Defender** - Monitors user behavior & shuts down access when ransomware activity is identified in real-time
  - 2 Smart Airgap** - Manages SyncIQ policy replication schedule to 3rd cluster automatically and keeps the Airgap closed when active threats are detected
  - 3 Auto Airgap** - Opens and closes the Airgap dynamically with Virtual Airgap or Physical fiber cutter Airgap Option
  - 4 Efficient Snapshot differencing** (incremental only)
  - 5 Faster Restore Speed** with rapid recovery in hours not days or weeks \*Get PB's of data usable in hours\*

**Third Party Data Provision**



**Distributed Data Stores**



# Data Query Scenario

Streamed data sets outside of PACS connected to Requester environment and further Anonymization complete as part of ETL

**Expo Cloud - Management Platform For Service Automation**

- RBAC
- CHARGEBACK
- STACK AUTOMATION
- RETENTION / DELETION
- SECURITY & GOVERNANCE
- DATA SCIENCE TOOLKIT
- SERVICE TAGGING

**Customer 1** (Non Prod Rail - + GPU Additions, Non Prod Isilon)

- VXRAIL
- Spark / SQL, MLlib, Kubeflow
- Apache Spark, Kurbernates
- ISILON

**Customer 2**

- VXRAIL
- Spark / SQL, MLlib, Kubeflow
- Apache Spark, Kurbernates
- ISILON

**Customer 3**

- VXRAIL
- Spark / SQL, MLlib, Kubeflow
- Apache Spark, Kurbernates
- ISILON

**PACS**

- vm vm vm vm vm vm
- vm vm vm vm vm vm
- vSAN, Isilon
- VMware vSphere
- VXRAIL
- ISILON

**Third Party Data Provision**

- Official Public Record
- PHARMACEUTICAL

**Anonymization**

- Extract Transform Load

**PACS Data Vault**

**Unstructured Data Vault / Mesh**

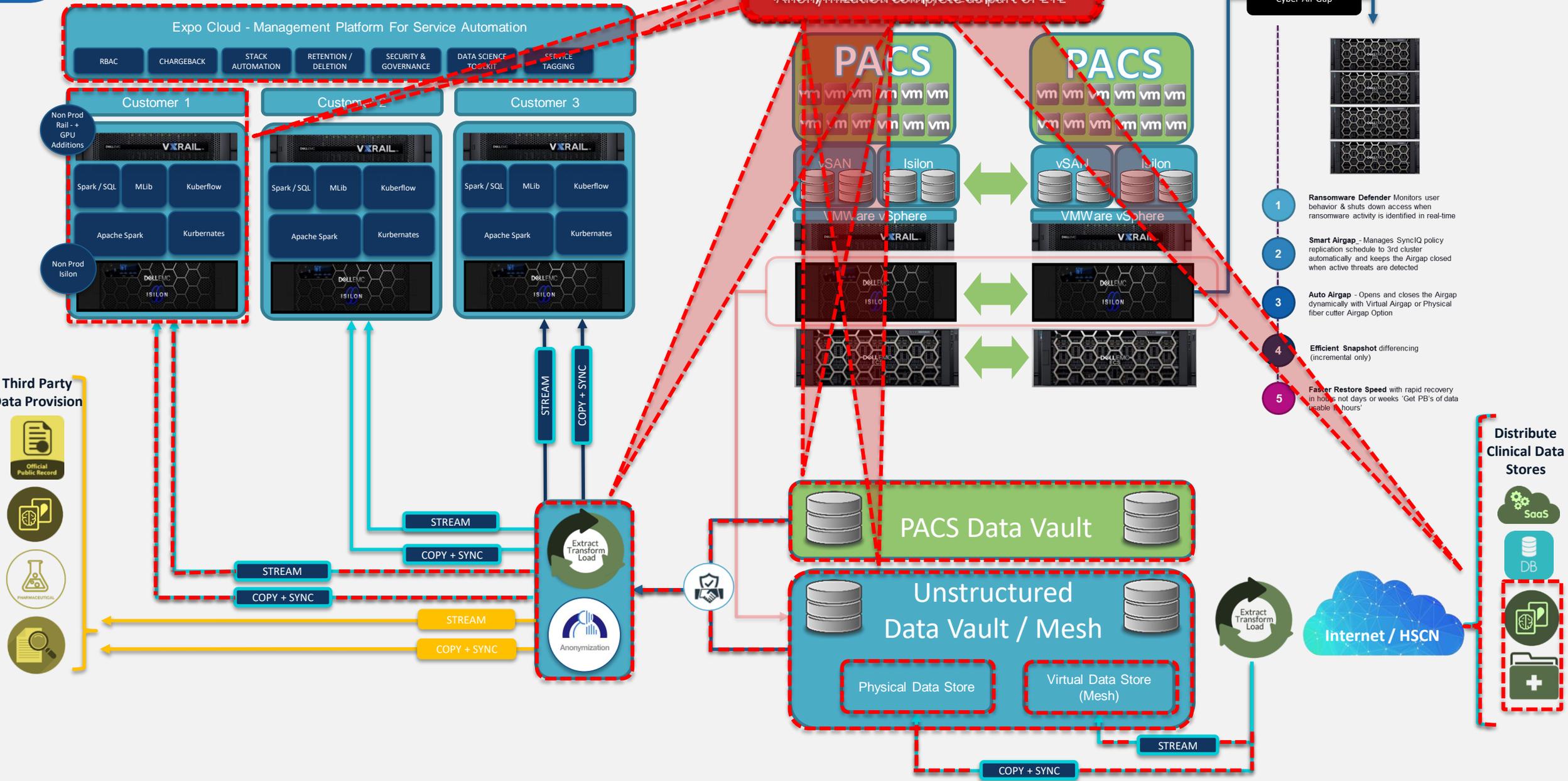
- Physical Data Store
- Virtual Data Store (Mesh)

**Cyber Air Gap**

- Ransomware Defender** - Monitors user behavior & shuts down access when ransomware activity is identified in real-time
- Smart Airgap** - Manages SyncIQ policy replication schedule to 3rd cluster automatically and keeps the Airgap closed when active threats are detected
- Auto Airgap** - Opens and closes the Airgap dynamically with Virtual Airgap or Physical fiber cutter Airgap Option
- Efficient Snapshot differencing** (incremental only)
- Faster Restore Speed** with rapid recovery in hours not days or weeks "Get PB's of data ready in hours"

**Distribute Clinical Data Stores**

- SaaS
- DB
- Internet / HSCN





# Growing Cyber Threat on Data

**\$13m**

average cost to organizations resulting from  
**cyber crime**

**54%**

Of cyber claims based on ransomware up from  
**13%**  
between 2014 and 2020

**Cyber  
Recovery  
Vault**

**67%**

of IT decision makers are  
**not very confident**  
that all business-critical data can be recovered in  
the event of a destructive cyber attack



**Service  
Provider**

**Ransomware  
Defender**





Threat of New Ransomware Models is the Top Emerging Risk Facing Organizations

(Gartner)

Once trust is lost, he stresses, “customers will always look for an alternative”

(Forrester)

Only **13%** of organizations reported experiencing a ransomware attack/breach and not paying a ransom

(IDC)

Ransomware costs should reach **\$265 billion** by 2031

(Cybersecurirty Ventures)

**64.8%** of polled executives say that ransomware is a cyber threat posing major concern to their organizations over the next 12 months

(Deloitte)

**28%** of Chief Executives “strongly agreed” with the statement, suggesting that most are not overly confident in their ransomware preparations

(KPMG)



# Addressing Data Growth with **Cyber Protection**

## One Strategy

### IT Workloads



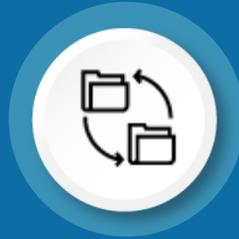
Archiving



Home Directories



Video Surveillance



File Shares

### Engineering Workloads



Artificial Intelligence



Data Analytics



Assisted Driving



Internet of Things

### Production Workloads



Energy



EDA



Life Science



Media &  
Entertainment



Financial



Manufacturing

Unstructured Data **(80%)**



# Plan for breach

**02. Management Server**  
Data cataloging & scanning.  
Cleansing & preparation of  
core data for transfer to  
immutable vault.

**03. AirGap**  
Logically isolated.

**04. Isolated Vault**  
Storage of immutable data in  
secure isolated rack / cage.

**05. Continuity Recovery**  
3 day deployment to clean  
uninfected environment - Public,  
private or hybrid

**01. Protecting assets**  
Endpoint protection, MFA

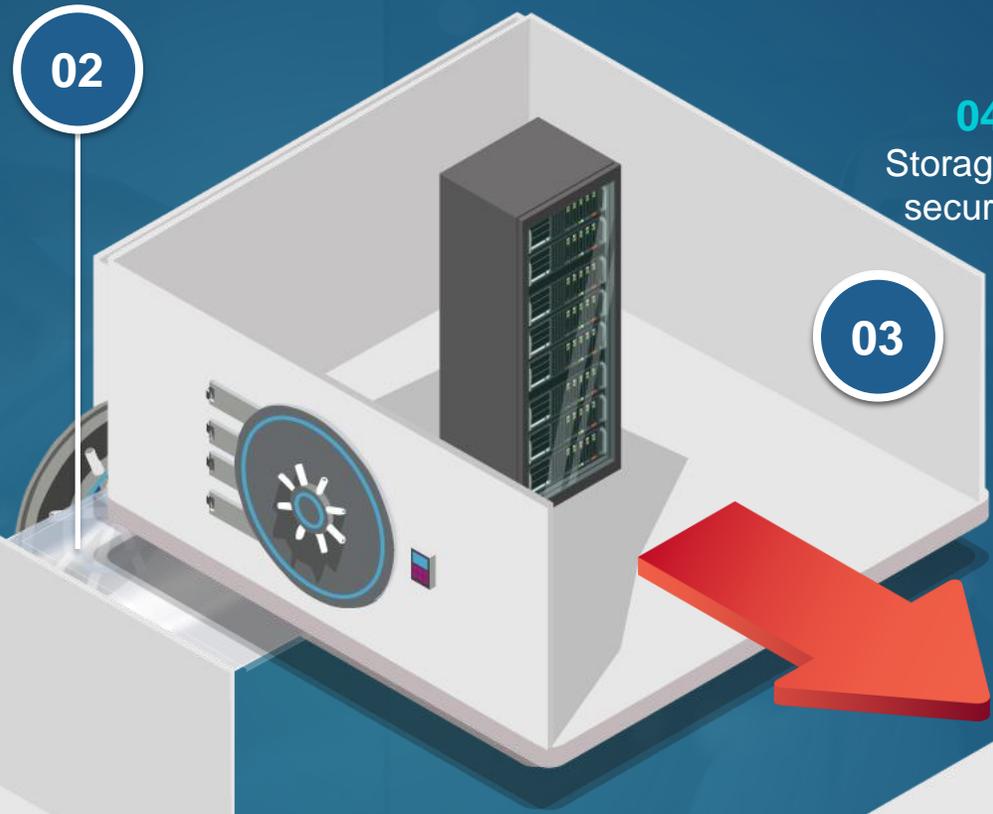


01

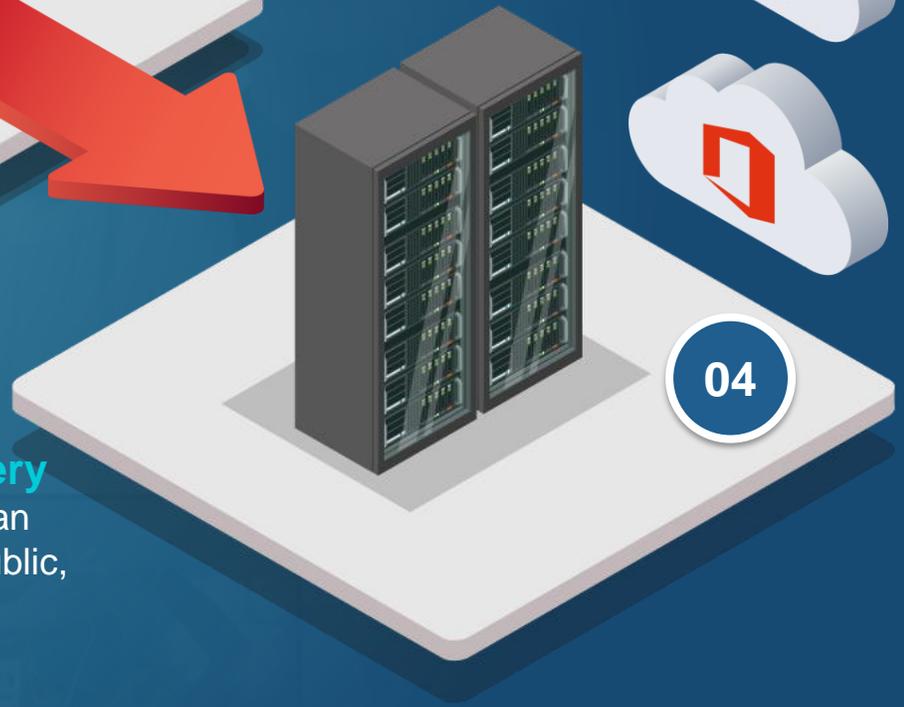
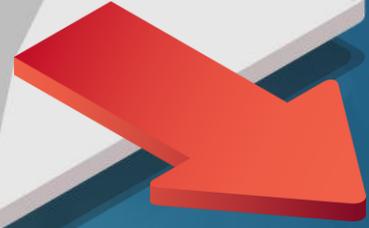


02

02



03



04





## Safety / Security

- Protection against misidentification errors
- Permanent non perishable record
- Potential Integration with patient identification systems
- Fully integrated Ransomware protection

## Efficiency / Suitability

- Pathologist efficiency
- Parallel workflows
- Remote / Flexible working / part time workforce
- Highly sustainable data footprint

## Quality

- Second Opinions
- Specialist Opinions
- Rapid access and review of previous history
- Annotations and measurements
- Rapid time to value

## AI Enablement

- Large scale image comparison
- Predictive and Prescriptive outcomes
- Large scale data sharing and collaboration
- TRE integration for Deep learning and advancement in patient outcomes





# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Ming Tang

Chief Data and Analytics  
Officer  
NHS England

### I will discuss...

” Harnessing the power of data  
to drive change in the NHS”

# Harnessing the power of data to drive change in the NHS

*Better Insights. Better Decisions.  
Better Health.*



**Ming Tang**  
Chief Data and Analytics Officer  
NHS England and NHS Improvement

# Context – The NHS is a complex ecosystem



NHS England

Care Quality Commission

## Place Based Partnerships

£190.3 billion

1.227 million  
FTE staff

## Integrated Care Systems

(42)

Integrated Care Boards



Commission and deliver joined-up approaches to improving health and care outcomes

Local authorities

(152)

GP practices working together with community, mental health, social care, pharmacy, hospital and voluntary services (1,250)

Integrated Care Partnerships

Providers work together to deliver care by agreeing to collaborate rather than compete.

NHS Providers

Acute Trusts

(124)

250,000 daily outpatient  
47,000 daily inpatient  
67,500 daily A&E attendances

Mental Health

(50)

1.6m contacts

Community

(826)

0.38m daily care contacts

Ambulance

(10)

30,000 daily 999 calls  
20,390 daily call-outs

Other Providers

GP Practices

(15,119)

1.3m daily appointments

Voluntary Sector

Social Enterprises

Private

Primary Care Networks

# Joining of NHS England and NHS Digital



Create one function to drive the use of data within health and social care

- Review what health and social care data is captured.
- Consider the ways we collect data and its purposes
- Minimise the movement of data across system to enable a rapid analytical pipeline
- Invest in architecture to implement FDP, SDEs
- Empower systems to lead locally
- And do this all in a smarter way

Provide secure access to data for analytical insights that support decision making to improve care delivery and system planning, and to support research into new treatments.

Beginning of a transformation journey that provides the opportunity to:

# Underpinned by Strategies to support the power of data



## Data Saves Lives: Reshaping Health and Care with Data

### Building and Maintaining Public Trust



Patients

Improving Individual Care



NHS Services

Speed up diagnosis



NHS and Adult Social Care Systems

Plan local services



Medical Research

Life saving medical research

## Goldacre Review: Better, broader, safer: using health data for research and analysis

Platforms and security

Modern, open working methods for NHS data

Data curation and knowledge management

NHS data analysts

Governance

Approaches and strategy

# Making data more accessible



Secure Data Environment and Federated Data Platform will be the default way to access NHS health and social care data for research in diseases and conditions affecting the population, development of new treatments and the analysis of how health and care is delivered to continually improve it.

Deliver a more robust, flexible and scalable end to end service for:

- care planners,
- analysts and
- researchers

across the health and care ecosystem in the UK.



**Federated Data Platform** will be an ecosystem of technologies and services implemented to deliver:

1. Better outcomes for population health,
2. Tackle inequalities,
3. Co-ordinate care,
4. Speed up diagnosis,
5. Plan local services,
6. Support research into new treatments.



**Secure Data Environments** will improve:

1. **Patient privacy:** removing personal detail to keep patient information confidential, and generally providing aggregate anonymised results.
2. **Security:** systems have high level of protection.
3. **Efficiency:** linked data to speed up decisions and discovery of new treatments.

Secure Data Environments will provide the ability to access one source of data rather than relying on disseminated datasets.

# Data and Analytics Capability Framework to provide reference points and enable business insights



## Data Capability Pillars



**Population**  
Citizen



**Place**  
Place



**Channel**  
Services



**Workforce**  
Workforce



**Clinical**  
Registry /  
Medicines



**Commercial**  
Category

360° data

**Citizen / patient journeys:** build trust with citizens and patients and manage their relationships and interactions with NHS entities

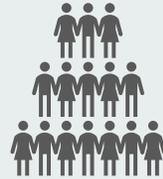
**Channel optimisation:** optimisation of access, service delivery, funding mechanism and channel preference to improve health and care outcomes

**Capacity planning:** plan and manage key capacity constraints to reduce costs and make investments to improve inequalities

**Clinical variation:** understand and improve clinical variation in pathways and clinical practice

**Value for money:** maximise our return in funding through the delivery of services in most cost-effective manner

# Four key uses of data – designing appropriate data governance and processes for different uses of data



Uses of Data

Direct Care

Population Health

Planning & Service Improvement

Research & Innovation

User types

Clinical & Care Staff

Health & Care Staff

Health & Care Staff

Academics

Clinicians

Local Authorities

Charity Sector

Arms length bodies  
e.g. CQC

Industry Researchers

Public

Outcomes

Improved patient safety,  
effectiveness,  
productivity, experience

Improved population health,  
reduced health inequality

Improved patient safety,  
productivity

Improved population health,  
reduced health inequality,  
economic impact

# Towards transformation: extending value through insights and improved decision making



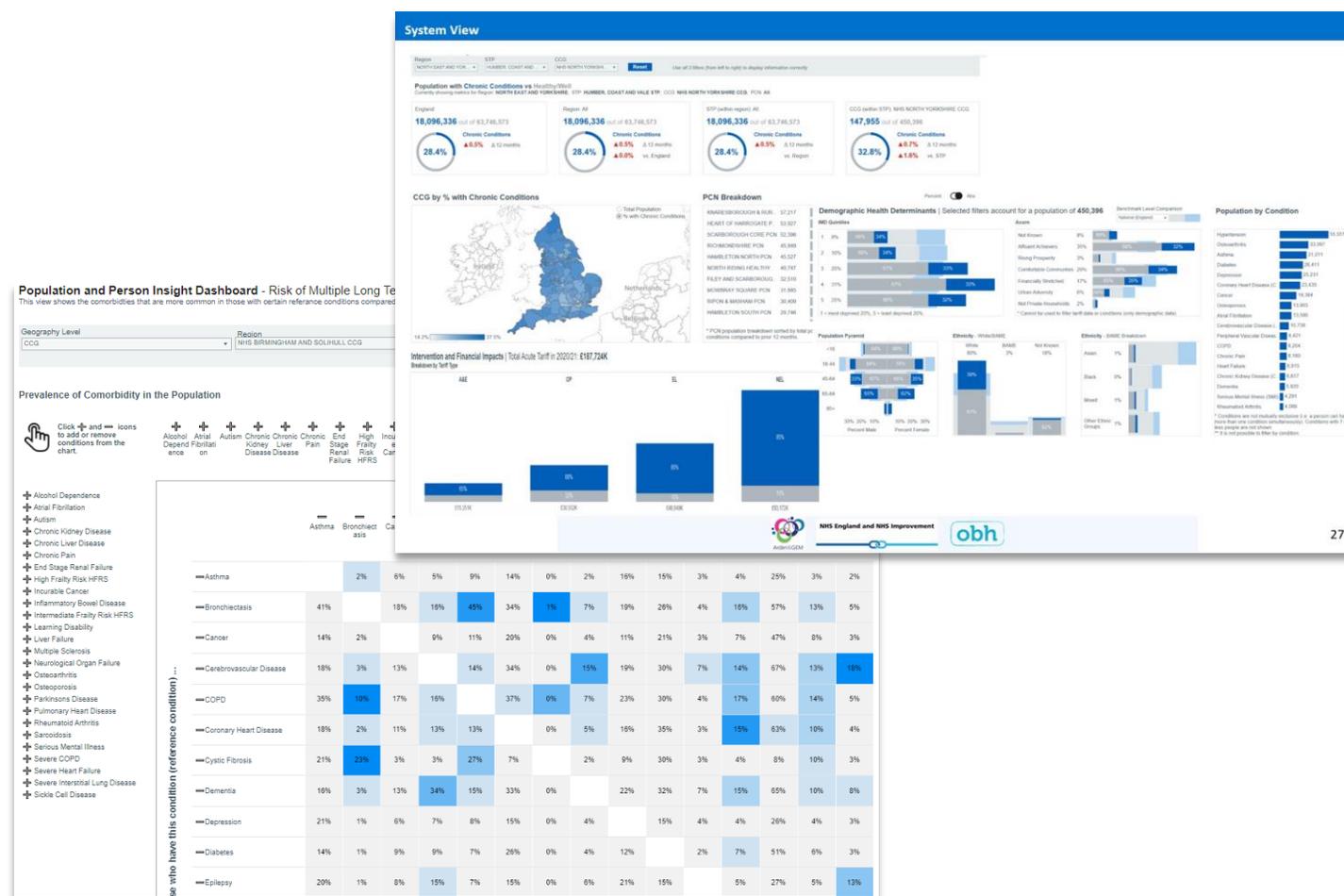
- 1 **Situational awareness** – COVID-19 Strategic Decision Makers Dashboard
- 2 **Predictive analytics** – COVID-19 Early Warning System for hospital admissions
- 3 **COVID Vaccination operating picture** – Health Inequalities Focus
- 4 **Data, Analytics and Machine Learning** – A driver for recovery
- 5 **Trust Care Coordination** – Improving Elective Recovery and Scheduling
- 6 **ICS Care Coordination** – Improving decision making through shared visibility

# Population and Person Insight (PaPI)



## National datasets cut by segments based on common healthcare needs

- Includes secondary, emergency care, community services and specialised services data
- Understanding the population by cohorts of similar health and care needs enables person-focussed health system.
- Data can be viewed through several lenses; from national right through to PCNs.



# ICS Place Tool



- build a Place, or multiple Places, within an ICS's geography
- explore and visualise data and metrics relevant to health and care
- inform where to deploy resources to reduce health access inequity and achieve PCN level targets

The screenshot displays the NHS ICS Place Tool interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Welcome, Setup Places, Manage Places, View Places, and Explore Places. The main content area is titled "Welcome to Bath and North East Somerset, Swindon and Wiltshire ICS". Below this, there is a section for "ICS Places" with a prompt: "Please select GP Practices in an area to setup a place:". A table lists various GP practices with columns for Title, Nhs Region Name, Pcn Name, Sub Icb Location Name, Town, and Legal Status. Several practices are selected with checkboxes. A "Setup Place" button is visible at the bottom left of the table.

Title	Nhs Region Name	Pcn Name	Sub Icb Location Name	Town	Legal Status
<input type="checkbox"/> MONMOUTH SURGERY	South West	UNITY MEDICAL GROUP PCN	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Active
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST.JAMES'S SURGERY	South West	No value	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Active
<input type="checkbox"/> BRADFORD ROAD MEDICAL CTR	South West	No value	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	TROWBRIDGE	Active
<input type="checkbox"/> ST. MARY'S SURGERY	South West	THREE VALLEYS HEALTH PCN	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Active
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HEART OF BATH	South West	HEART OF BATH PCN	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Active
<input type="checkbox"/> NUMBER 18 SURGERY	South West	No value	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Inactive
<input type="checkbox"/> UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTRE	South West	UNITY MEDICAL GROUP PCN	NHS BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND	BATH	Active
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ST CHADS SURGERY					
<input type="checkbox"/> HOPE HOUSE SURGERY					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WESTFIELD SURGERY					
<input type="checkbox"/> HARP TREE SURGERY					
<input type="checkbox"/> CATHERINE COTTAGE					
<input type="checkbox"/> SMALLBROOK SURGERY					
<input type="checkbox"/> WIDBROOK MEDICAL PRAC					

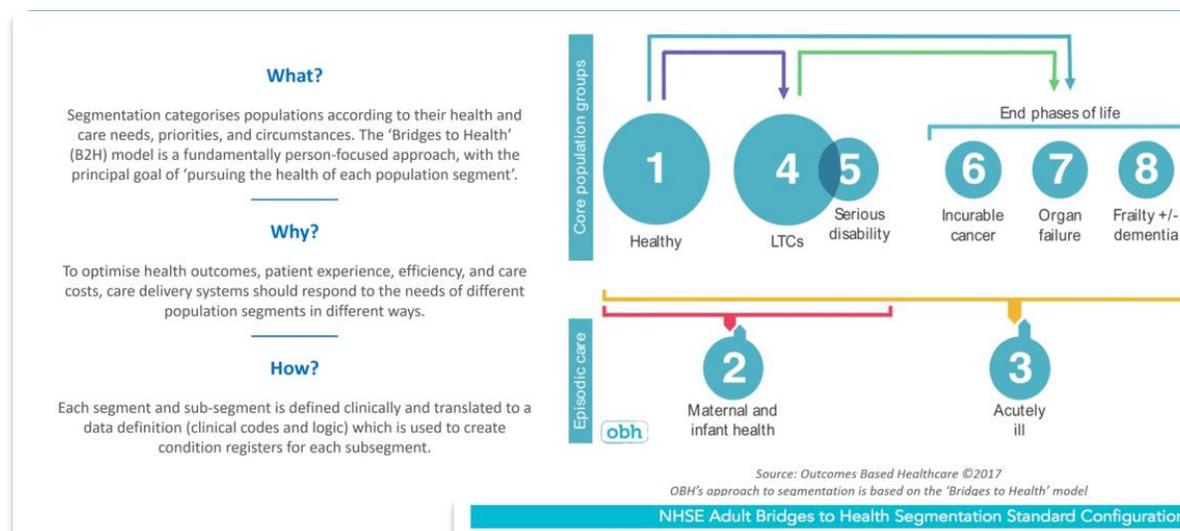
Below the table, there is a "Section" dropdown menu and an "Explore Places in..." section. The "Explore Places in..." section is titled "BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET, SWINDON AND WILTSHIRE" and contains three steps: 1. Filter ICS by sub-level (CCG) if required, 2. Select Metric to view by standard rate per 100,000 population, and 3. Select Environmental Factor to view by standard rate per 100,000 population. The "Map of Places Environmental Factors" section shows a map of the region with various environmental factors overlaid, including asthma and IMD.

# Bridges to Health Dataset



Bridges to Health segmentation dataset enables deeper insight into:

- people who are healthy,
- people with long term conditions,
- people with disability,
- people who are nearer the end of life with cancer, organ failure, frailty and dementia.



NHSE Adult Bridges to Health Segmentation Standard Configuration					
1 Healthy / Generally Well	4 LTC	5 Disability	6 Incurable Cancer	7 Organ Failure	8 Frailty and Dementia
<p>People (all ages) who are currently healthy / well.</p> <p>Defined as people who do not meet the criteria of any other segments</p>	<p>People (all ages) with one or more LTCs:</p> <p>Defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alcohol Dependence</li> <li>Asthma</li> <li>Atrial Fibrillation</li> <li>Brachiectasis</li> <li>Cancer (incl people on active therapy)</li> <li>Cerebrovascular Disease (incl Stroke, TIA)</li> <li>Chronic Kidney Disease</li> <li>Chronic Liver Disease</li> <li>Chronic Pain</li> <li>COVID</li> <li>Coronary Heart Disease (incl MI, Angina)</li> <li>Cystic Fibrosis</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Diabetes</li> <li>Epilepsy</li> <li>Heart Failure</li> <li>Hypertension</li> <li>Inflammatory Bowel Disease</li> <li>Multiple Sclerosis</li> <li>Osteoarthritis</li> <li>Osteoporosis</li> <li>Parkinson's Disease</li> <li>Peripheral Vascular Disease</li> <li>Pulmonary Heart Disease</li> <li>Rheumatoid Arthritis</li> <li>Sarcoidosis</li> <li>Serious Mental Illness</li> <li>Sickle Cell Disease</li> </ul>	<p>People (all ages) with learning disability and/or autism, or physical disability:</p> <p>Defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learning Disability and/or Autism</li> <li>Physical Disability (incl Neurological, Congenital, ASK, Visual, Hearing)</li> </ul>	<p>People (all ages) with incurable cancer:</p> <p>Defined as people with a diagnosis of cancer, who are known to palliative care via acute or community services</p>	<p>People (all ages) with organ failure:</p> <p>Defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>End Stage Renal Failure</li> <li>Liver Failure</li> <li>Neurological Organ Failure (includes MND, Parkinson's, MS, Huntington's, Progressive Supranuclear Palsy)</li> <li>Severe COPD</li> <li>Severe Heart Failure</li> <li>Severe Interstitial Lung Disease</li> </ul>	<p>People with frailty and/or dementia:</p> <p>Defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dementia (18+)</li> <li>Intermediate risk of frailty (65+)</li> <li>High risk of frailty (65+)</li> </ul> <p>Frailty based on Hospital Frailty Risk Score</p>
<p>2 – Maternal Health</p> <p>Defined as women who receive antenatal and postnatal care</p> <p>An 'episodic' segment, which people can move 'into' and 'out of' from other segments, whilst still remaining in their base segment</p>			<p>End of Life</p> <p>People expected to die over a period of 12 months:</p> <p>Defined as people in segments 6 (incurable cancer), 7 (organ failure) and 8 (frailty and dementia), who are known to palliative care via acute or community services</p>		
<p>3 – Acutely Ill ('episodic' segment)</p>					



NHS England and NHS Improvement



# ICS Capability, Blueprint Application



ICSs will initially assess themselves across 5 use cases:

- 1 Elective Recovery
- 2 Supply Chain
- 3 Care Coordination
- 4 Vaccines & Immunisations
- 5 Population Health

ICSs will be able to:

- determine what data they collect
- which KPIs to monitor to support their delivery

ICSs can also include any local data collections supplementing their insight capabilities.

## ICS Data & Analytics Blueprint and Diagnostic

Welcome to the ICS Data & Analytics Blueprint Diagnostic tool. This application is designed to enable a facilitated assessment of your Integrated Care Systems current data and analytics activity, and support identification of high priority areas for development through targeted use cases.

The diagnostic tool is built around the ICS Data & Analytics Blueprint - an interactive ontology which demonstrates valuable applications related to different use cases, as well as the data that underpins them and the benefits they release.

Throughout this assessment we will:

- Explore your current activity and priorities in relation to these applications.
- Identify key data objects to increase application activity for your ICS.
- Identify the KPIs that will support delivering and monitoring of continuous improvement across operational activities.

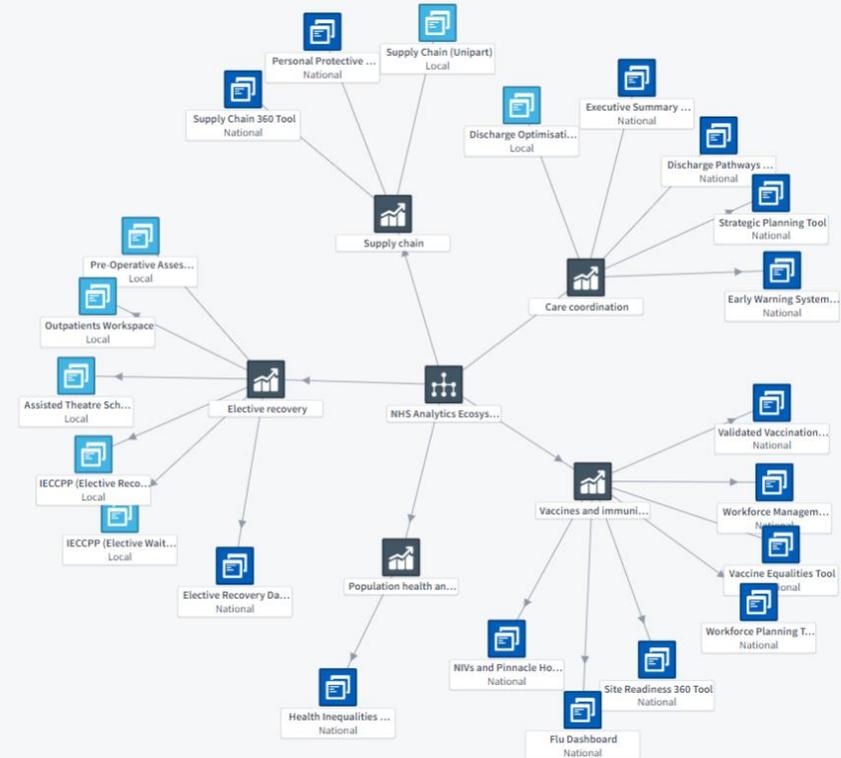
To enter, select an ICS below and then click 'Enter Blueprint and Diagnostic'

SELECT ICS

Bath and North East Somerset, Swindon and Wiltshire

Enter Blueprint Application >>

Graph Key



# Care Coordination Solution



Everything in our hands

Information from multiple sources presented in-context and actionable for faster treatment of patients in most need



All

**Inpatient 360**  
Manage theatre lists, unbooked waitlist, POA, RCS re-prioritisation and 6-4-2 workflows

**Cancer Homepage**  
Manage the Cancer PTL and other cancer workflows and reports

**Command Centre Workspace**  
Manage the Timely Care Hub and other command centre workflows

**Outpatient 360**  
Manage outpatient waitlists, patient led validation text campaigns, data quality, and demand and capacity

**Mobile Friendly Homepage**  
Workflows optimised for use on mobile devices such as smart phones or tablets

**OPTICA**  
Manage discharge pathways using the OPTICA application

## Better, faster, information-based decisions

Operational tools for waiting list management, patient prioritisation and theatre scheduling workflows

Clinicians, operational staff schedulers and data quality specialists have high quality waiting list data to treat as many different people as possible

## Simpler Processes for Improving elective waiting list data

Data quality teams can clean and correct data

Implementing changes back to source systems improves information for all system users

## Better Care Coordination at all levels

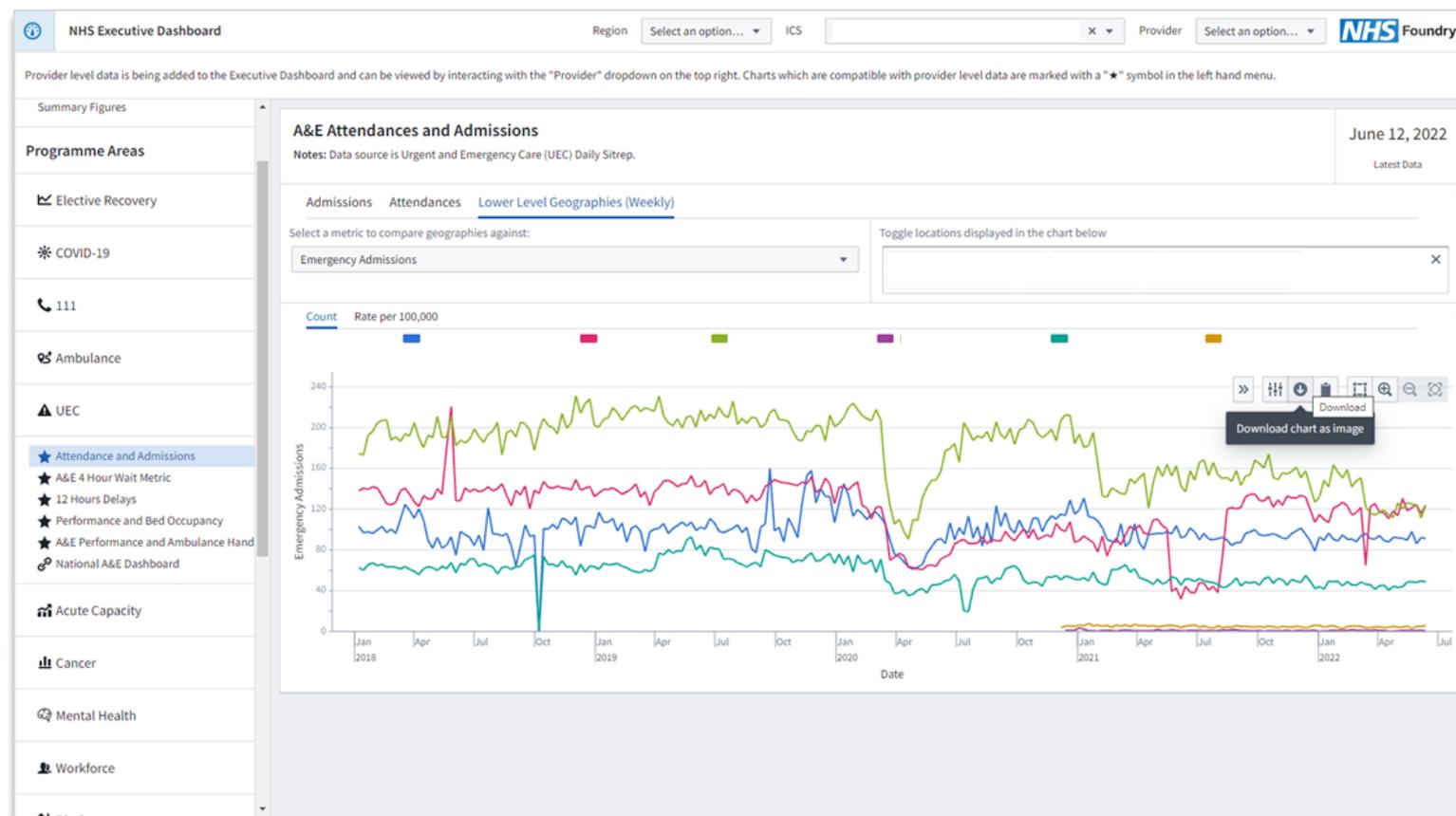
Securely share pseudonymised data within one platform

Leaders at system, regional and national levels can make better decisions, improving the coordination of care across trusts

# ICB Executive Dashboard



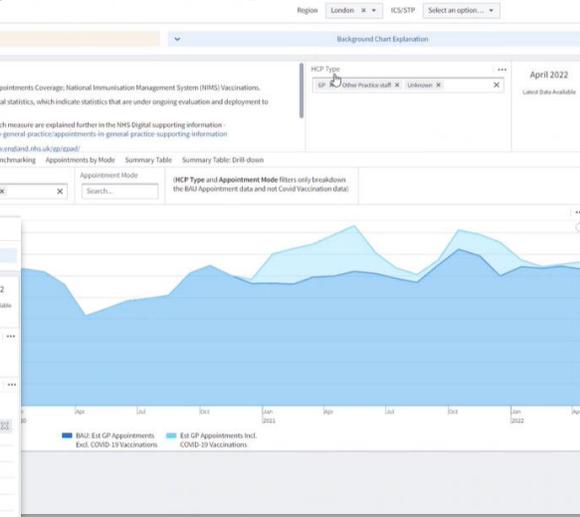
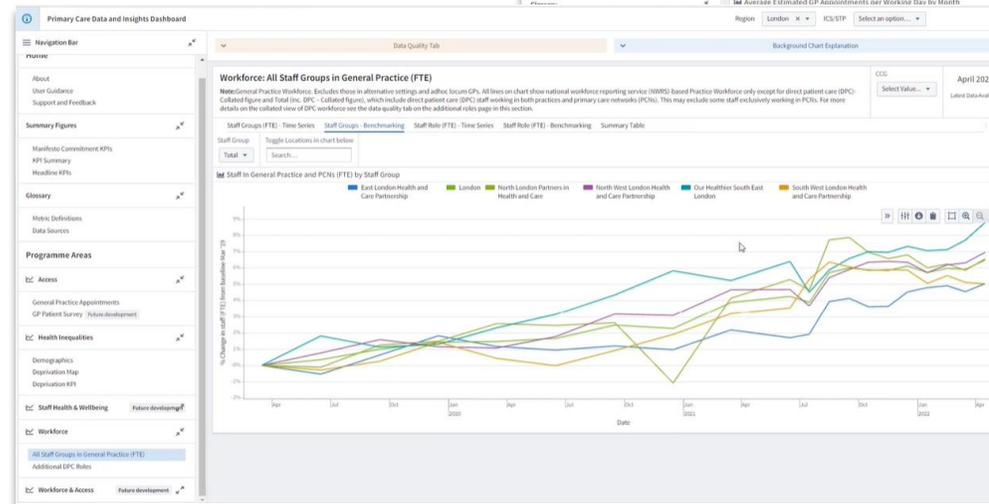
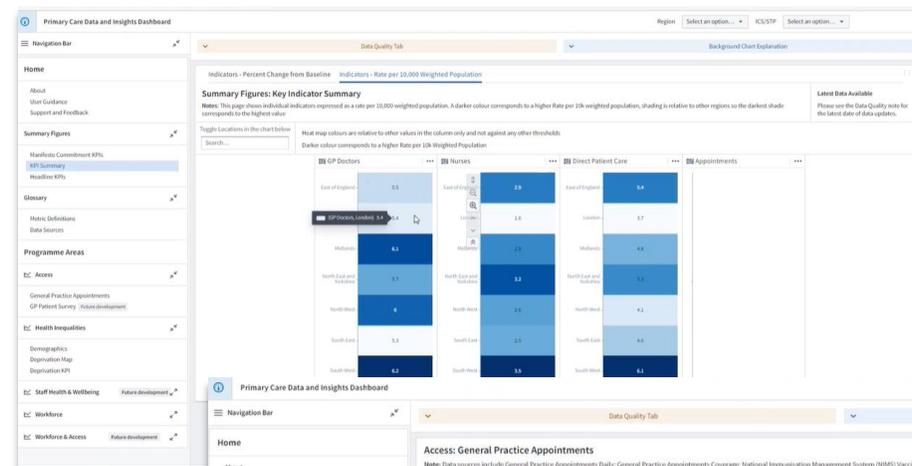
- Support ICBs in strategic planning across the quadruple aim of healthcare.
- Key management information across different areas (acute, primary care, mental health, discharge, capacity).
- One consistent dataset that can be used by all parts of the system.
- information updated automatically.
- Preparation for Board reporting.



# Primary Care Dashboard



- wide range of data relevant to primary care services
- enables improvement and primary care transformation
- includes data relating to the national manifesto commitments for primary care
- initial health, equity, and population demographic views
- Ongoing development:
  - GP workforce
  - patient satisfaction
  - staff health and wellbeing
  - community pharmacy
  - dentistry



**Thank you.**

*Better Insights. Better Decisions.  
Better Health.*





# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## UP NEXT...

zivver



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Amir Khan

Public Sector Specialist

I will discuss...

” Setting the digital security  
standard”



# The NHS Data & Information Conference 2022



## SPEAKING NOW



Dr Anguraj Sadanandam

Team Leader  
The Institute of Cancer  
Research

### I will discuss...

” AI/ML-based integration of multi-modal and pre/clinical data to globally translate stratified medicine”

# AI/ML-based Integration of Multi-modal and Clinical Data to Translate Stratified Medicine

**Anguraj Sadanandam, Ph.D.**

Director, Centre for Global Oncology

Reader and Team Leader

Systems and Precision Cancer Medicine Team

Division of Molecular Pathology

Institute of Cancer Research (ICR), London, UK

Research Collaborator

Mayo Clinic, Rochester, MN, USA

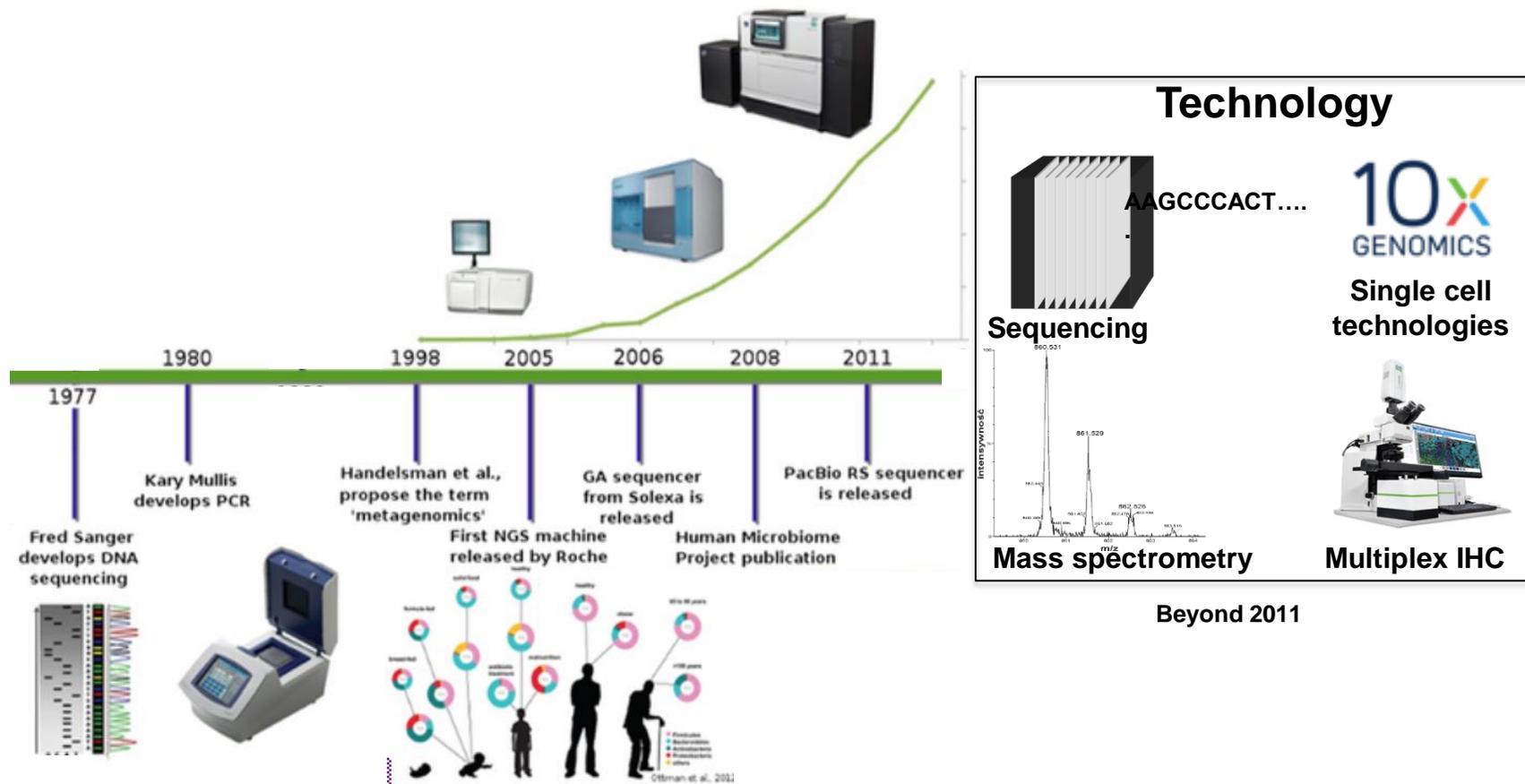
Founding Member, Indian Cancer Genome Atlas

# Molecular Biology is Evolving Fast

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# Techniques are Evolving Rapidly...



modified from Front. Genet., 2015

# BIG Data Generation

**Technology**

AAGCCCACT....

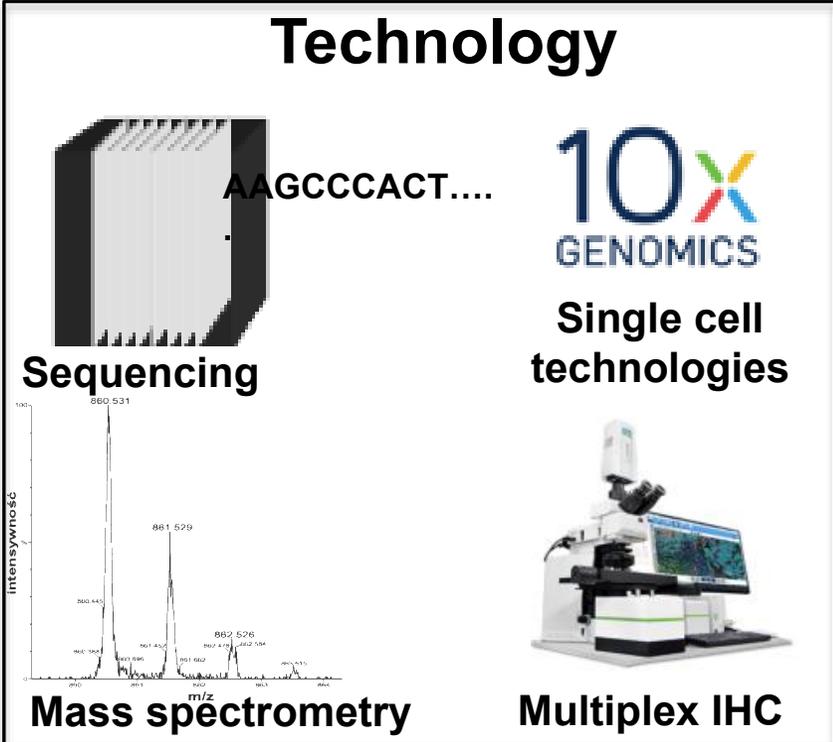
**Sequencing**

**10X GENOMICS**

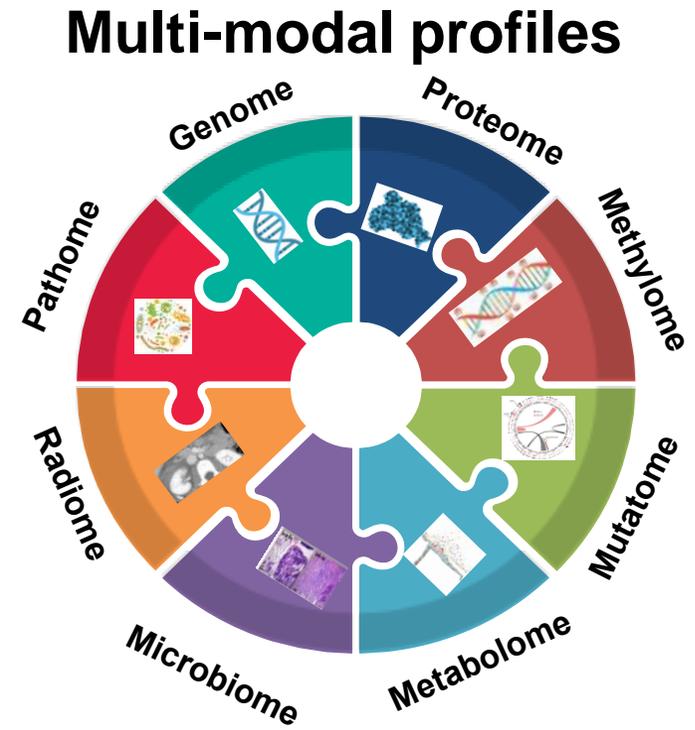
Single cell technologies

**Mass spectrometry**

**Multiplex IHC**

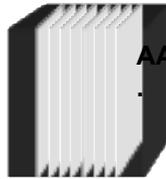


The 'Technology' section is enclosed in a black-bordered box. It features four distinct elements: 1) A sequencing gel image with the sequence 'AAGCCCACT....' overlaid. 2) A mass spectrometry plot with 'Intensity' on the y-axis and 'm/z' on the x-axis, showing several peaks with labels like 860.531, 881.529, 882.526, 883.526, 884.526, and 885.526. 3) The '10X GENOMICS' logo in blue and red, with the text 'Single cell technologies' below it. 4) An image of a microscope with a computer monitor displaying a heatmap, labeled 'Multiplex IHC'.



# Omics (Data/Information) + Phenotypes (Knowledge) → Personalised Therapy (Wisdom)

**Technology**



**Sequencing**



# Know Your Patient - KYP

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**Clinical question first**

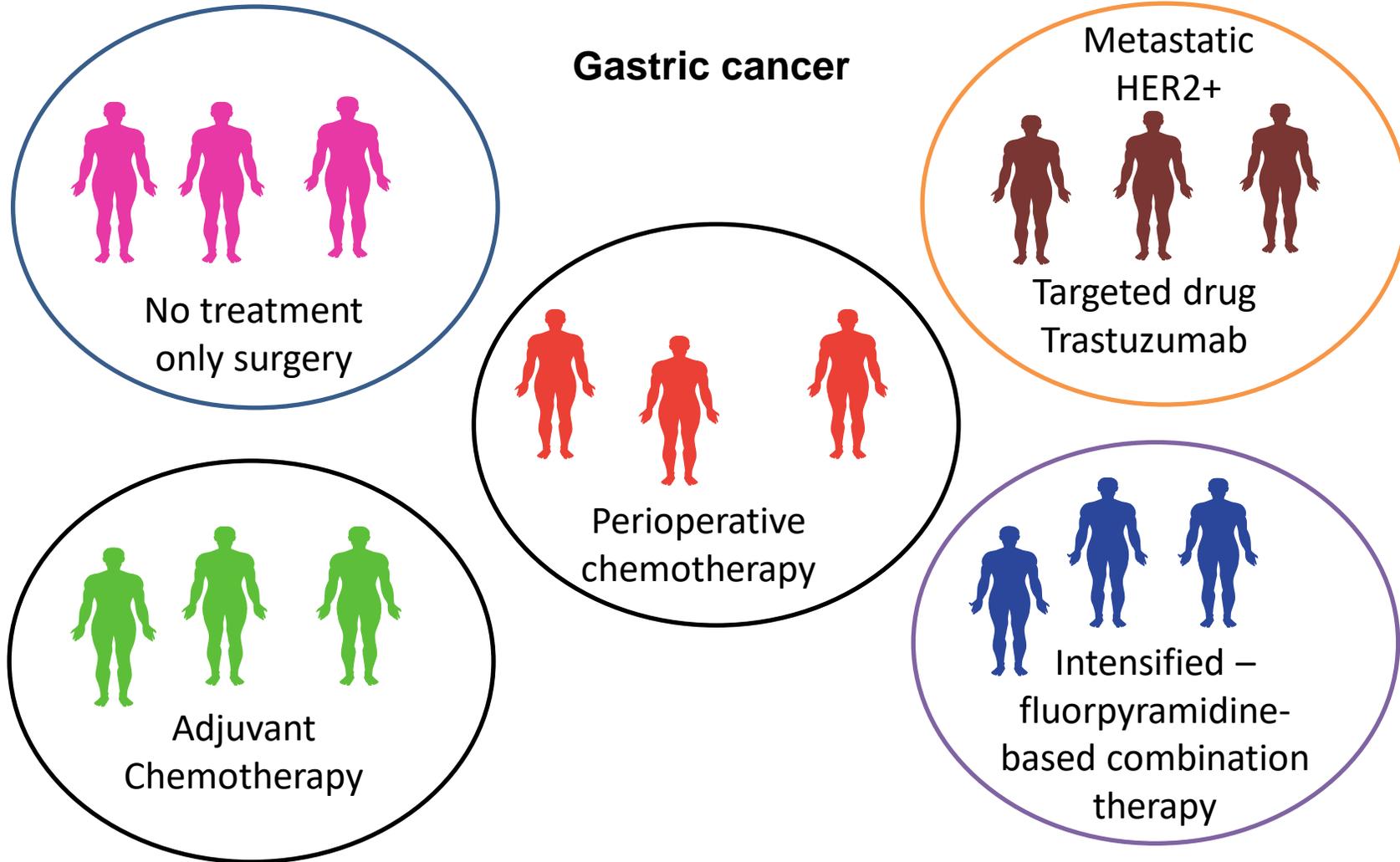
## Current Medicine: "One Size Fits All" Healthcare



**The problem is, we are all very different!**

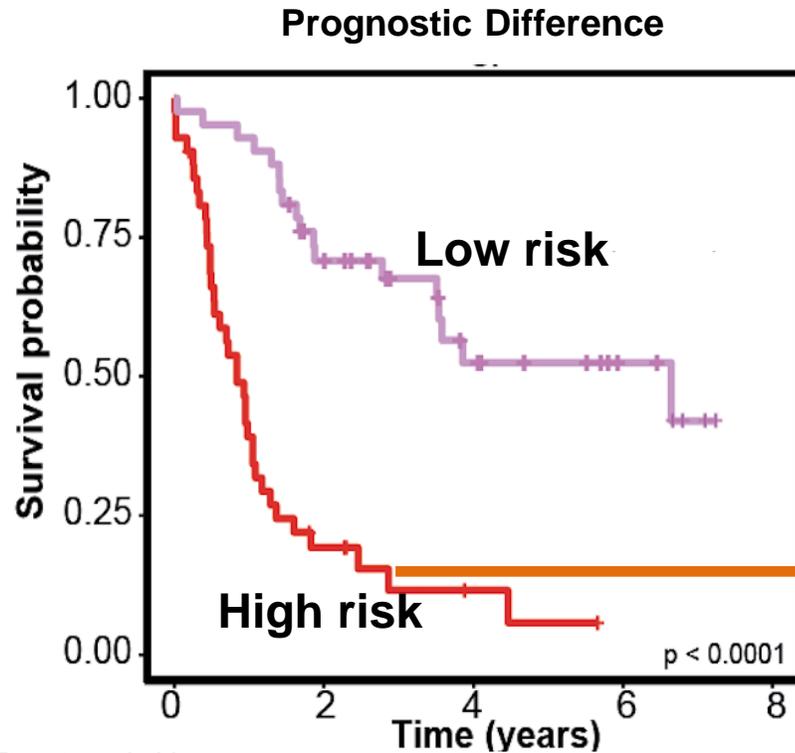
# Personalised Medicine

1. Personalised medicine = match patients to therapies~ **multiomics**



## 2. Prolong Survival (Prognosis) with Precise Treatment Strategies

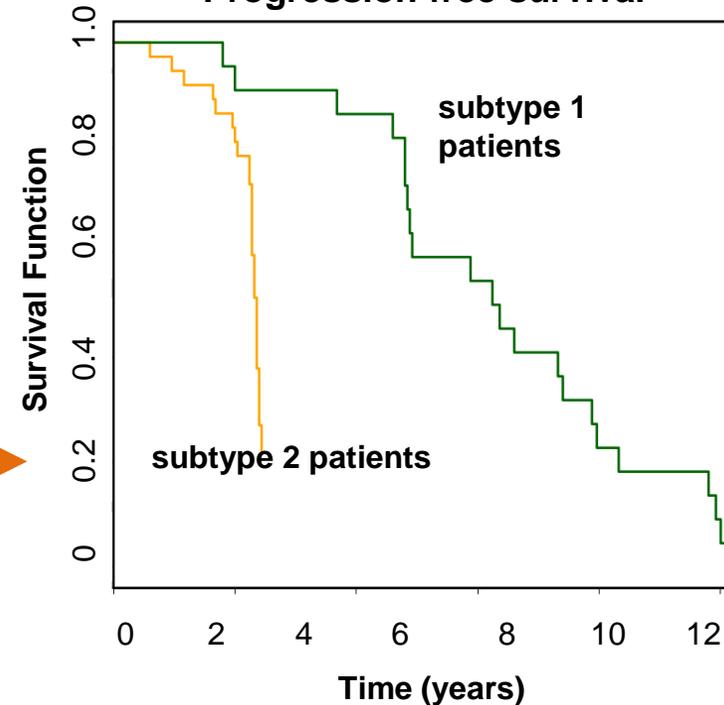
### Inoperable gastric cancer – perioperative chemotherapy



NR, not reachable

### Response to fluoropyrimidine-based therapy + X targeted therapy

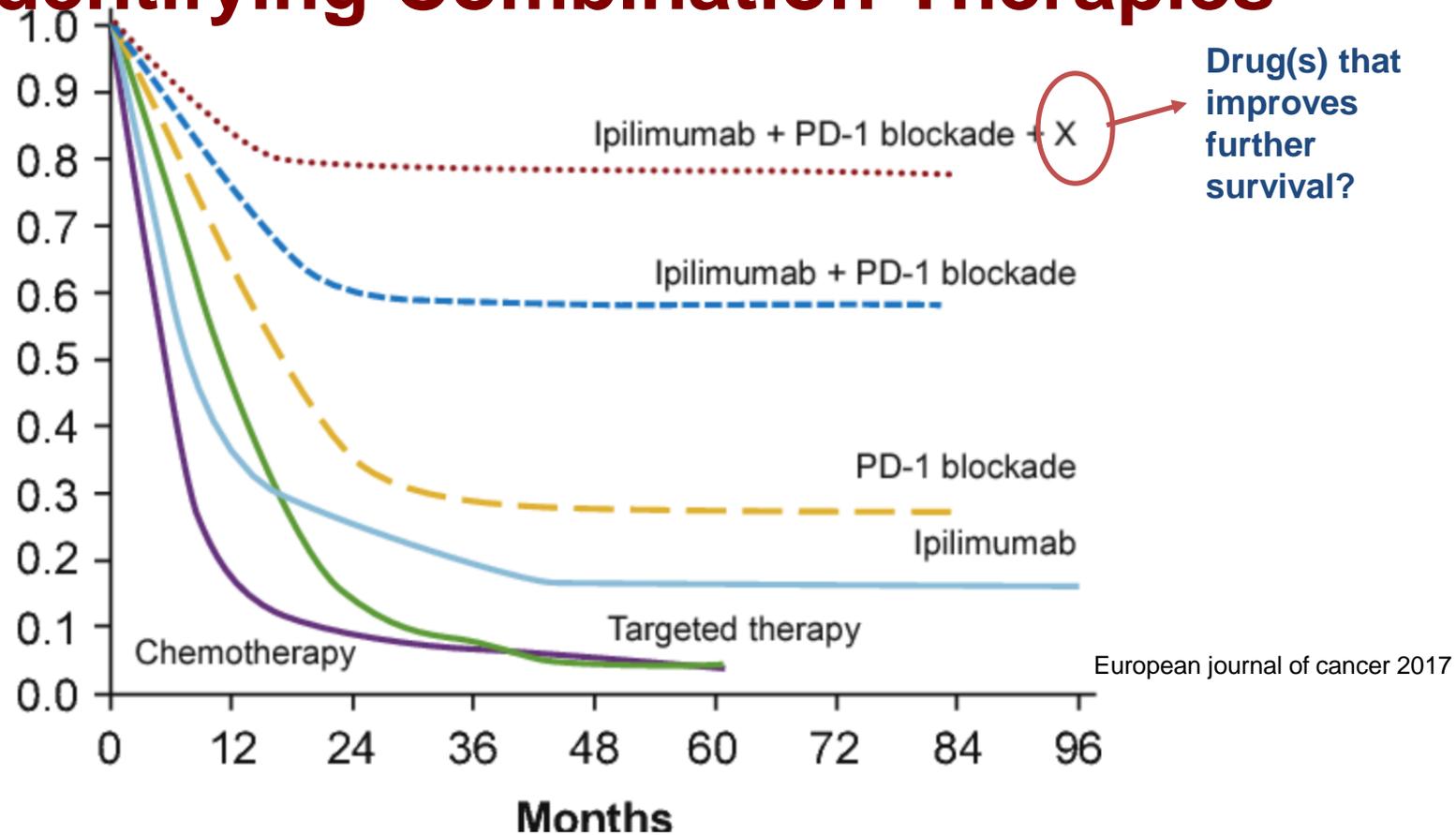
Progression free survival



Smyth and Sadanandam, et al., Annals of Oncology 2018

The heterogeneity in these tumors shows different responses to therapy and suggests precise/personalized medicine and combination therapies

# 3. Improve Patient Survival by understanding Drug Resistance and Identifying Combination Therapies



Compared to traditional therapies anti-checkpoint treatments improve patient survival in certain cancers

**How to find the best combination of immunotherapies with standard of care treatments?**

# Interdisciplinary Lab

## MACHINE LEARNING APPROACHES

Next generation integrated multi-omics + phenotype  
– unique tool



Computational cause and effect relationship

## COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC ASSAY

Biomarker and assay development.  
*Currently at the stage for regulatory approval and commercialization*



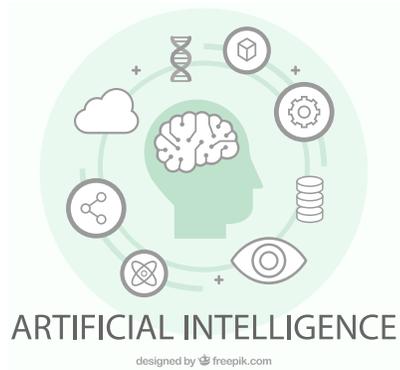
## PERSONALISED PRECLINICAL TRIALS

15 unique patient-based mouse, organoid and cell line models matched to patient profiles

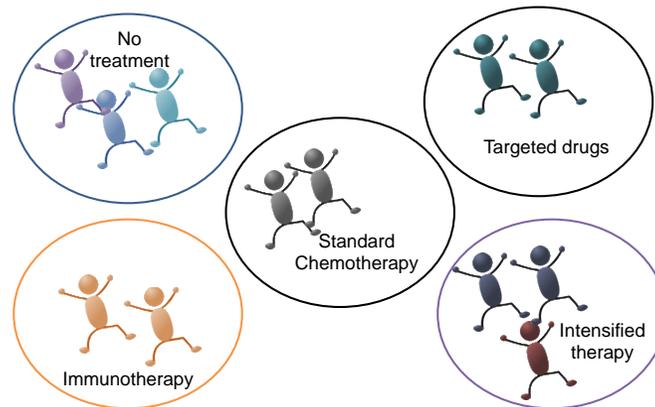


# Developing Companion Cancer Diagnosis

Data generation and mining for biomarkers



+ Stratification for personalised treatment +



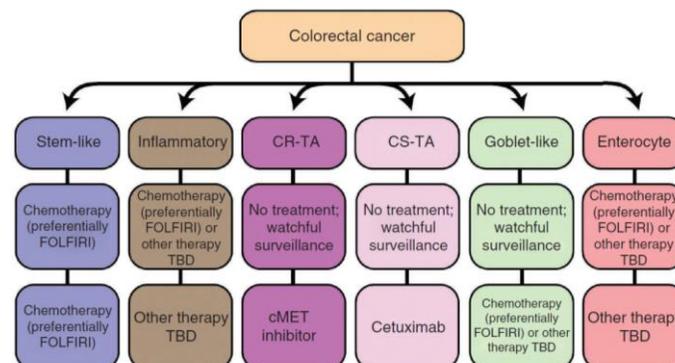
Clinical biomarker assays using technologies and software



Technology

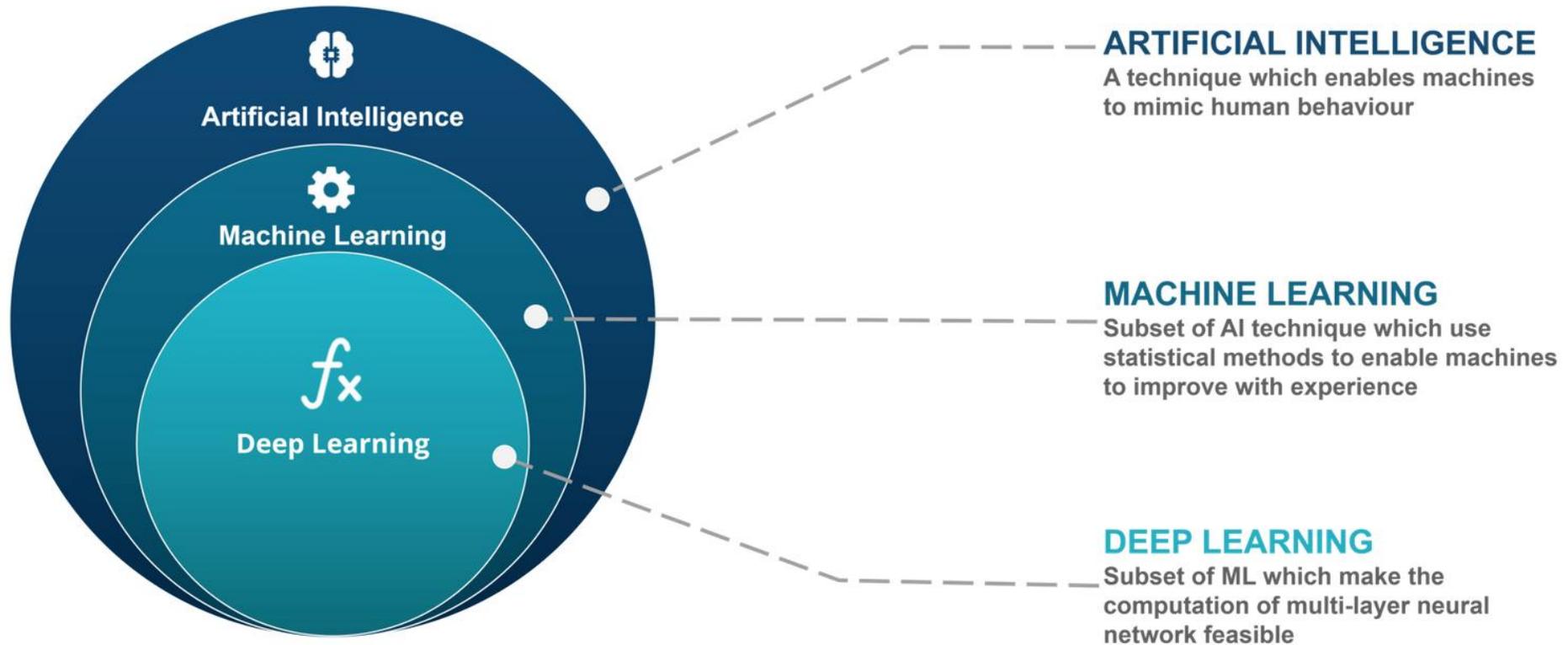


Software

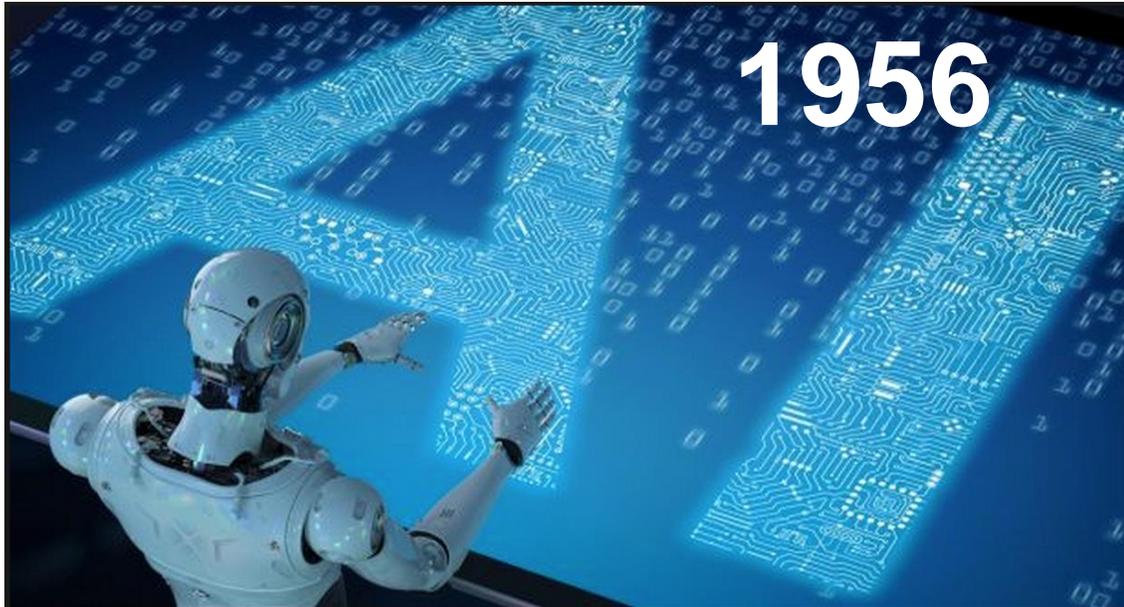


Sadanandam et al, Nature Medicine 2013

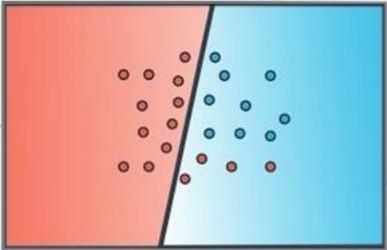
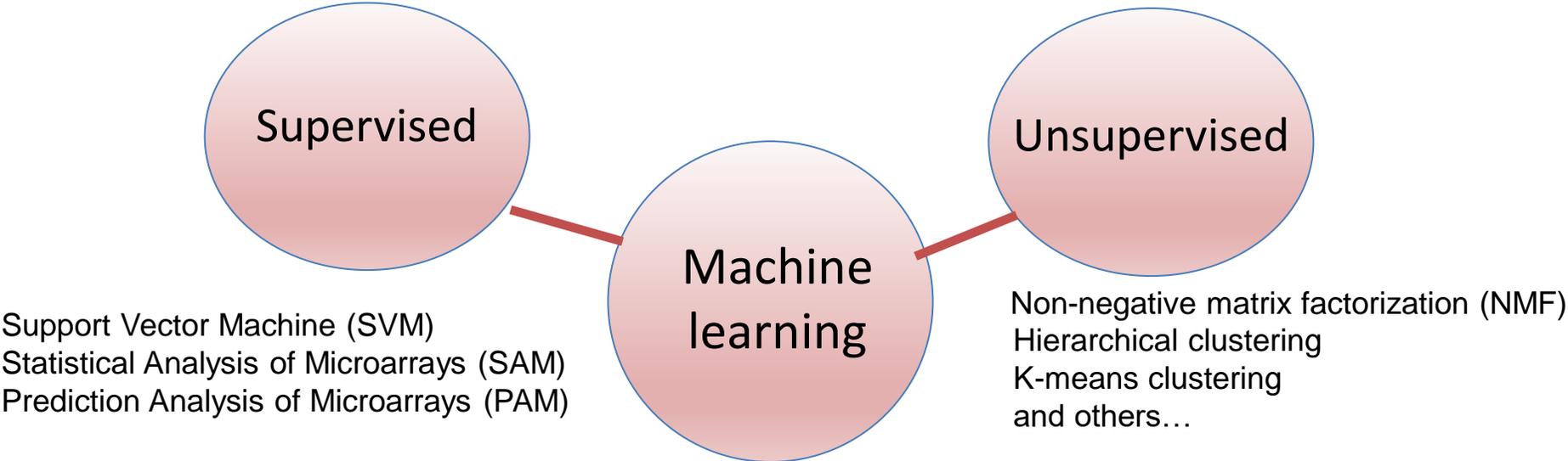
# AI vs. Machine Learning vs. Deep Learning



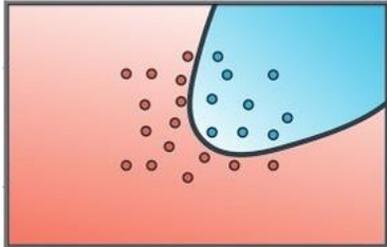
# Is AI Achievable?



# Machine Learning and their Types

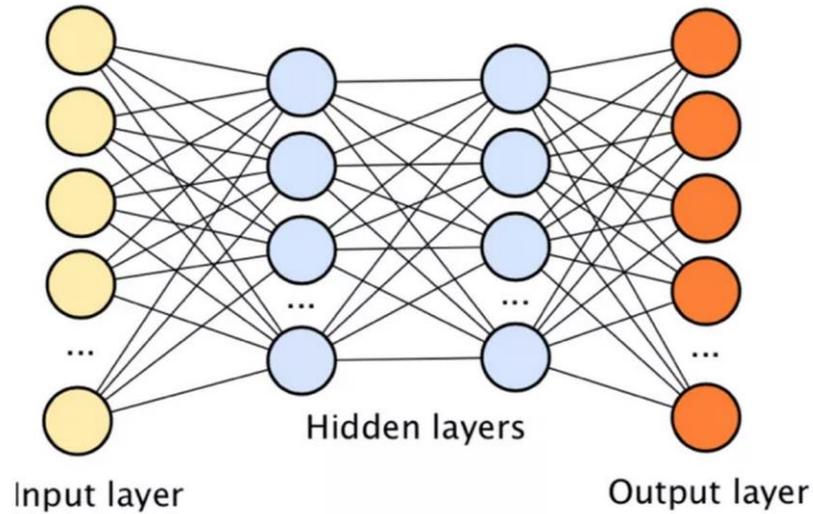


Mostly linear modeling like linear regression



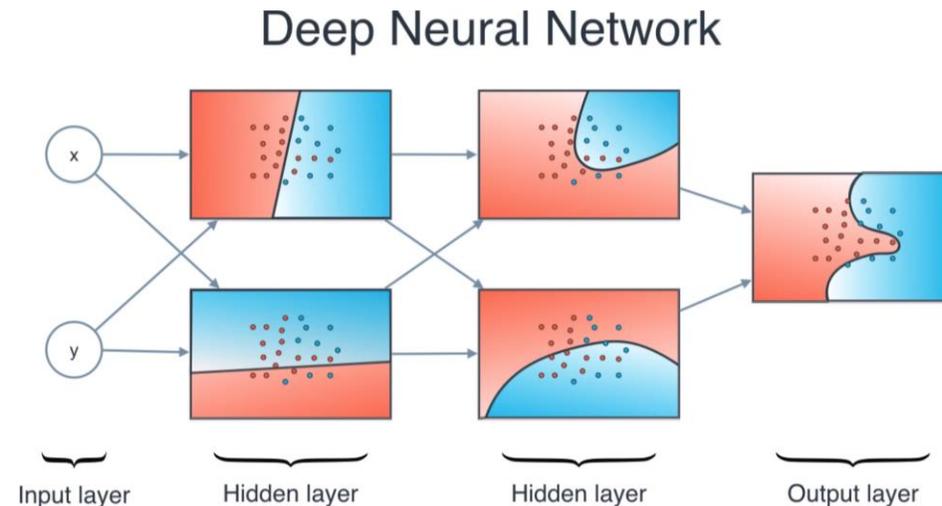
Sometimes non-linear modeling like mixture models

# Deep Learning involves Neural Network



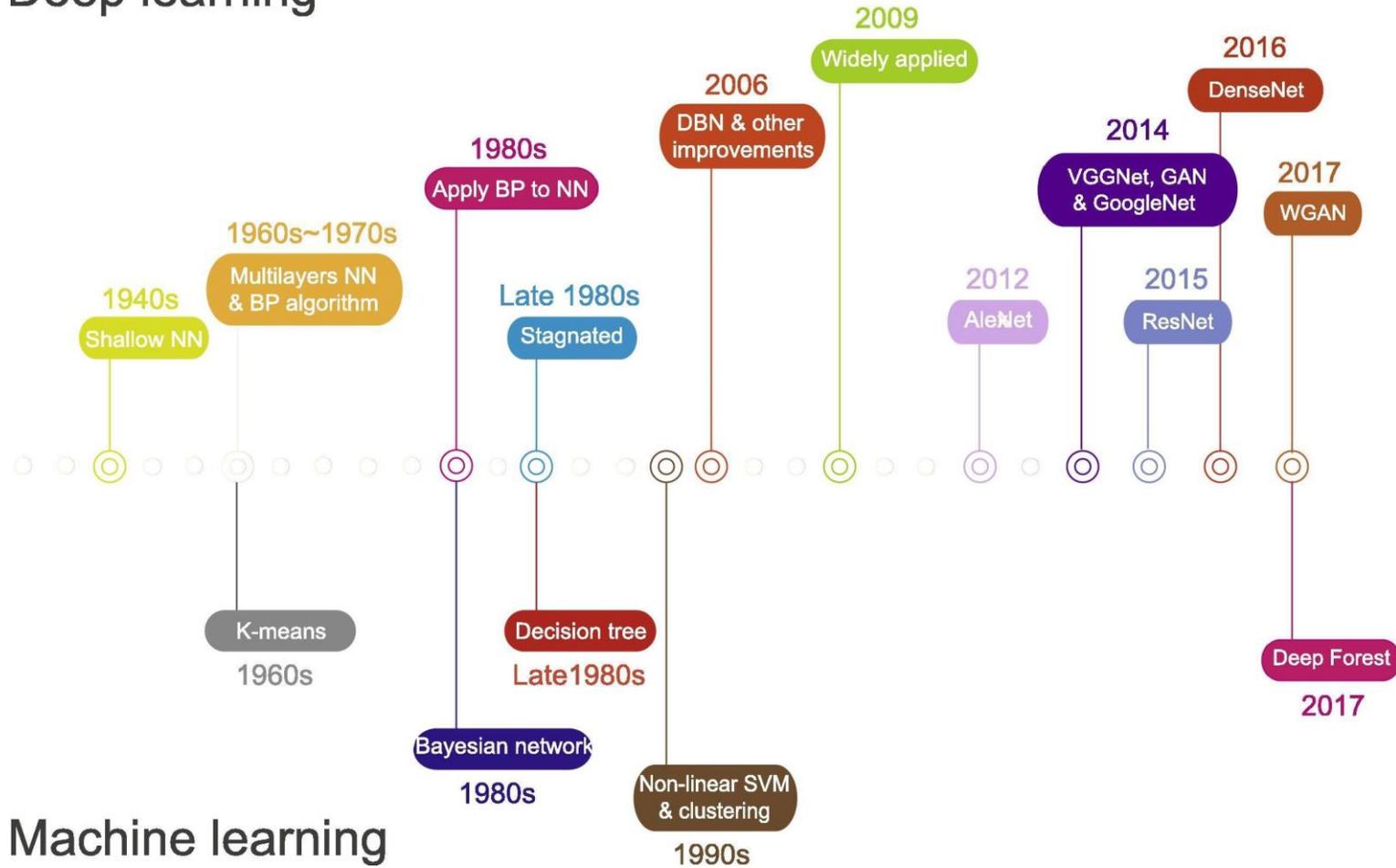
Deep learning mostly involves supervised learning

Certain times it can involve unsupervised learning



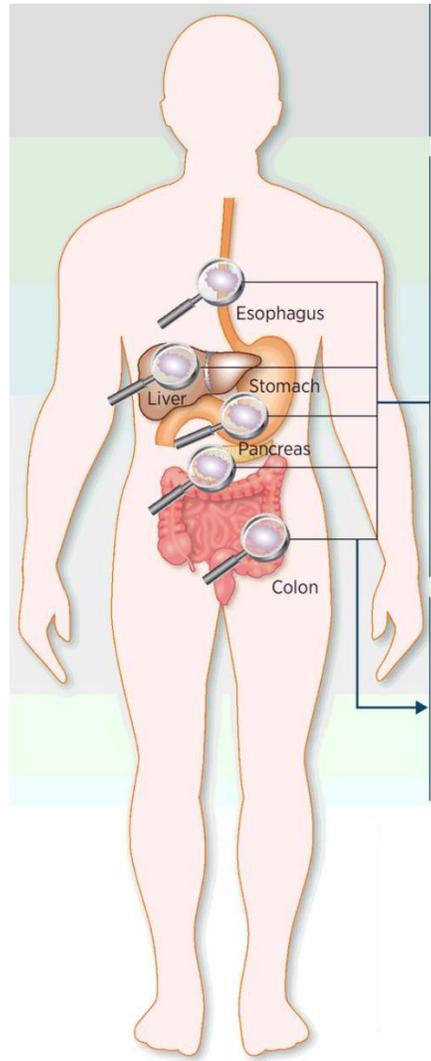
# Timeline of Machine and Deep Learning Approaches

## Deep learning



## Machine learning

# Gastrointestinal (GI) Cancers



CCR Reviews

## Incidence



## Mortality



### Major GI cancer types

■ Colorectal

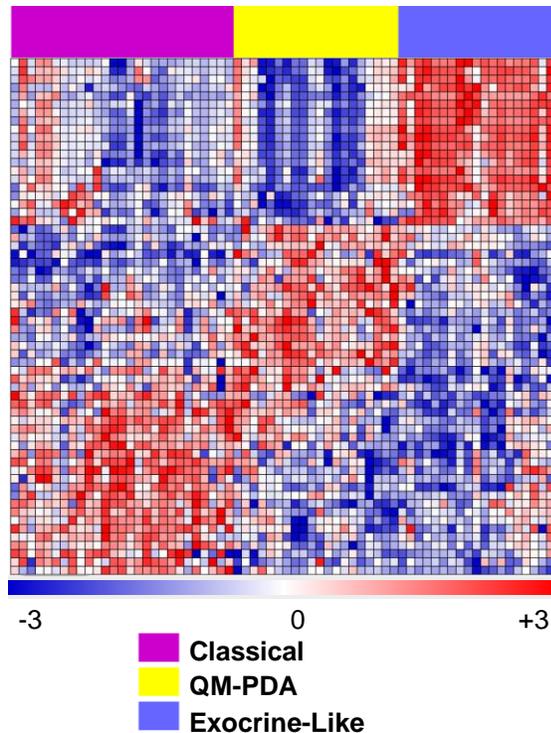
■ Gastric

■ Esophageal

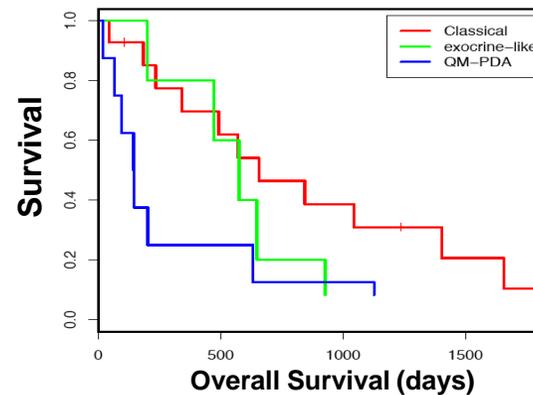
■ Pancreatic

# Example 1 – Patient Stratification for Therapy in Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma (PDA)

Unsupervised and supervised analysis of patient samples



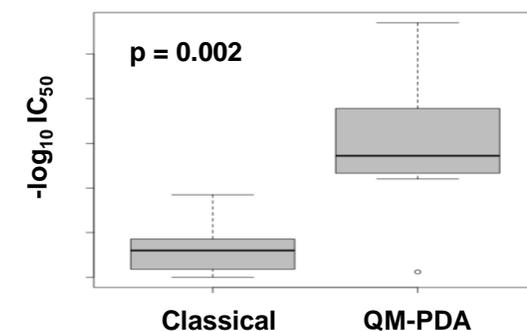
Patient Prognosis



Demonstrated to be true in patient samples by Moffitt et al., Nature Genetics 2015 and Bailey et al., Nature 2016

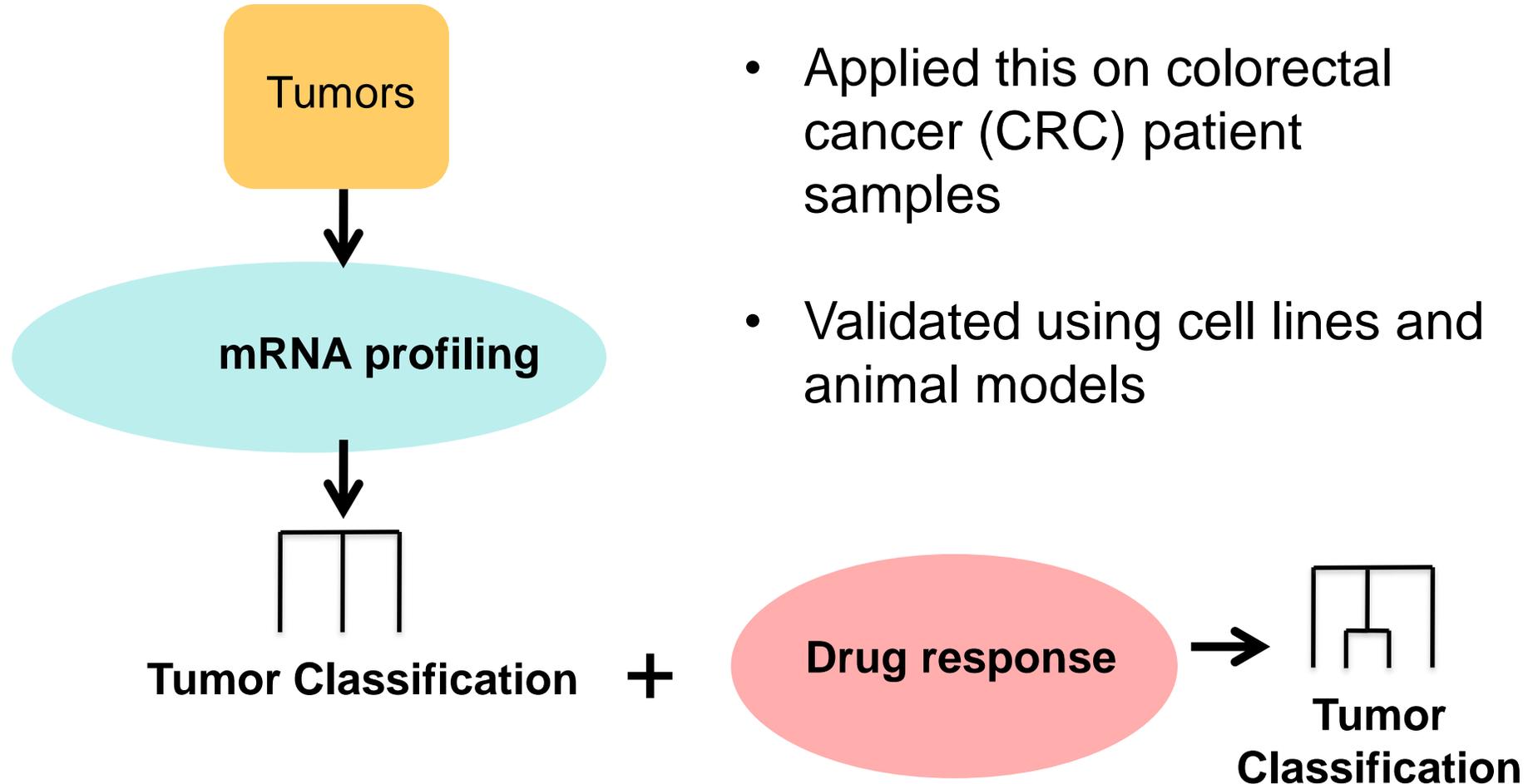
Treatment response modeling using cell lines

Gemcitabine - Chemotherapy



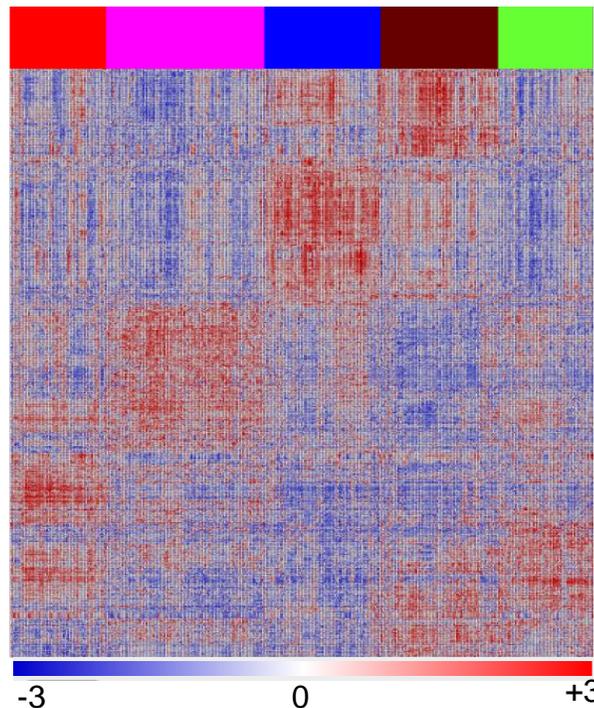
- Supervised SAM analysis predicted 62 gene signature (*PDAAssigner*) associated with the subtypes
- Univariate and multivariate clinical outcomes showed prognostic differences
- Cell line models showed differential treatment responses

# Example 2 - Discrete Genome-Phenome Integrative Analysis Strategy in Colorectal Cancer



# Molecular-Drug Response Subtypes of CRC with Prognostic Differences

Unsupervised and supervised methods - subtypes in CRC patients tumors

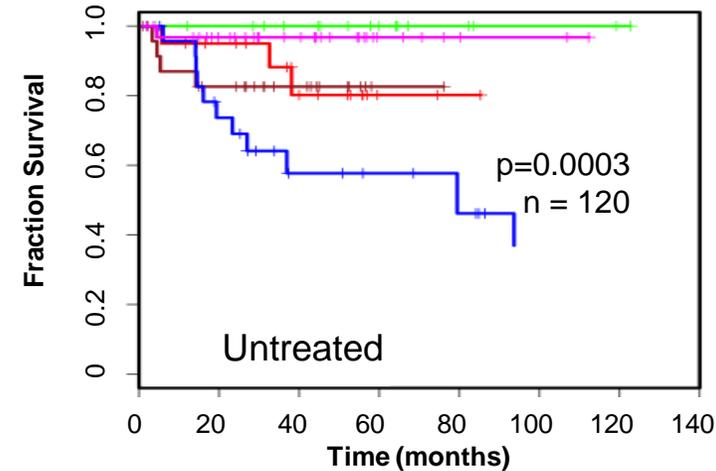


- Enterocyte
- TA
- Stem-like
- Inflammatory
- Goblet-like

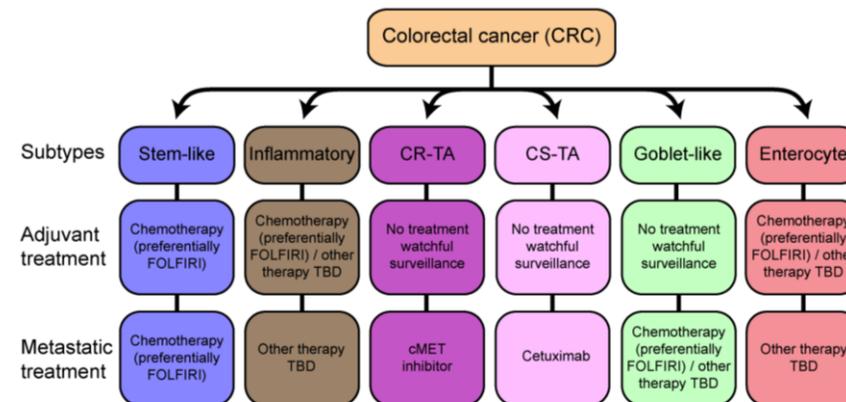
*786 gene signature (CRCassinger)*

CRC – colorectal cancer

Disease free survival differences in CRC subtypes



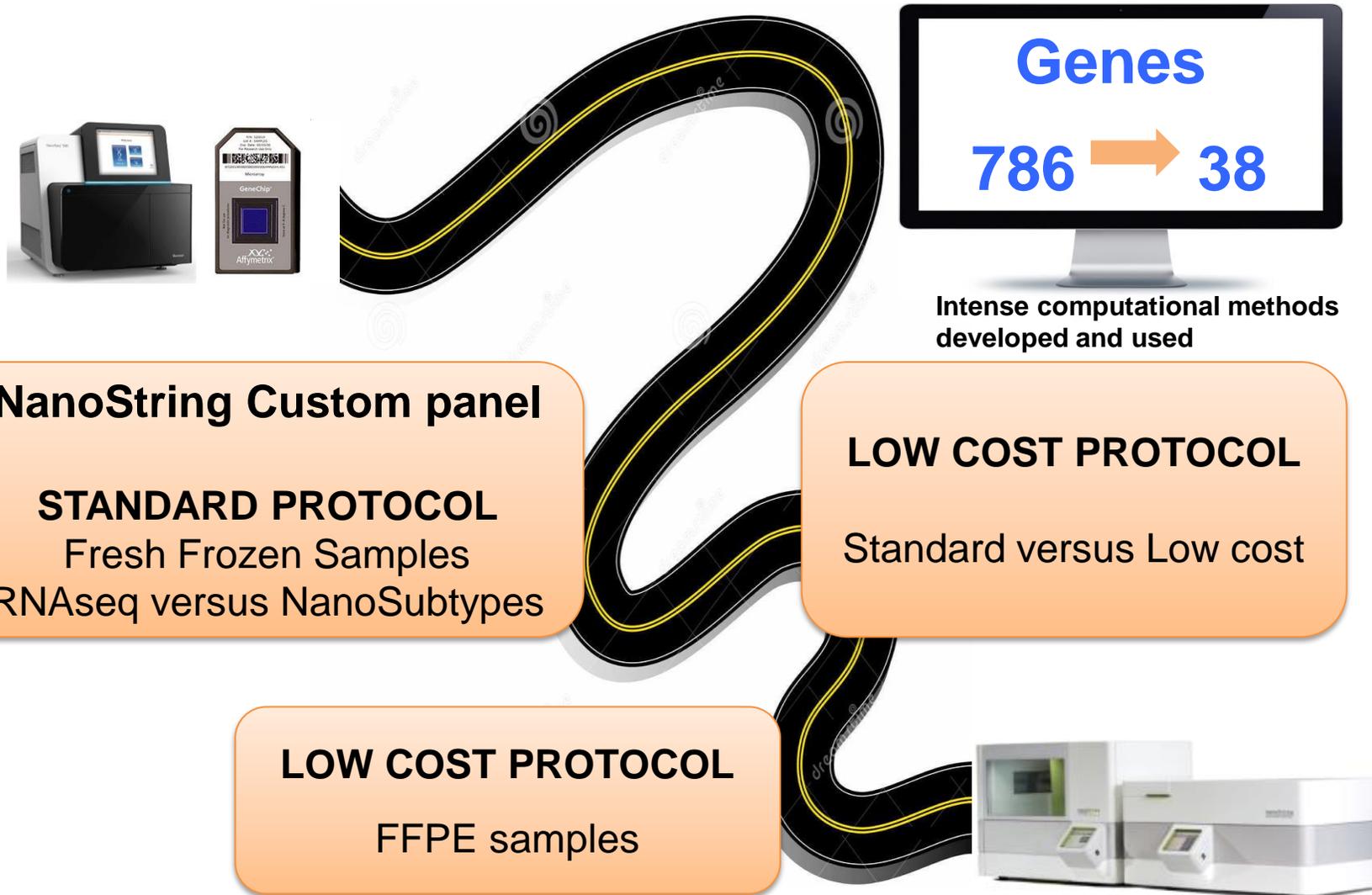
Molecular + drug response CRC subtypes associated with clinically available treatments



Sadanandam, et al., *Nature Medicine*, 2013

CRCS consortium *Nature Medicine* 2015

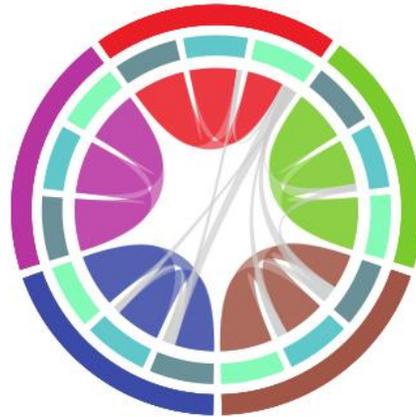
# CRC Subtype-specific Multiplex Assay



# NanoCRCA Subtyping Biomarker Assay with Treatment Predictive Potential

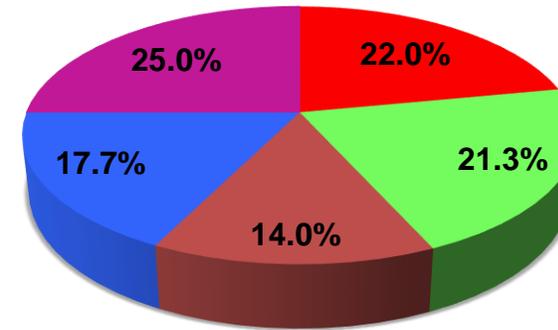
## NanoCRCA (CRCAssigner) Assay

Concordance between platforms  
n=413

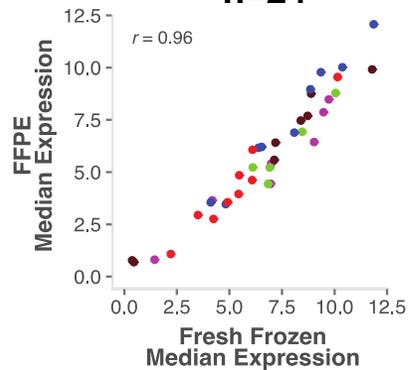


- CRC A-786 (RNAseq)
- CRC A-38 (RNAseq)
- NanoCRCA (NanoString)

Cetuximab treated FFPE samples

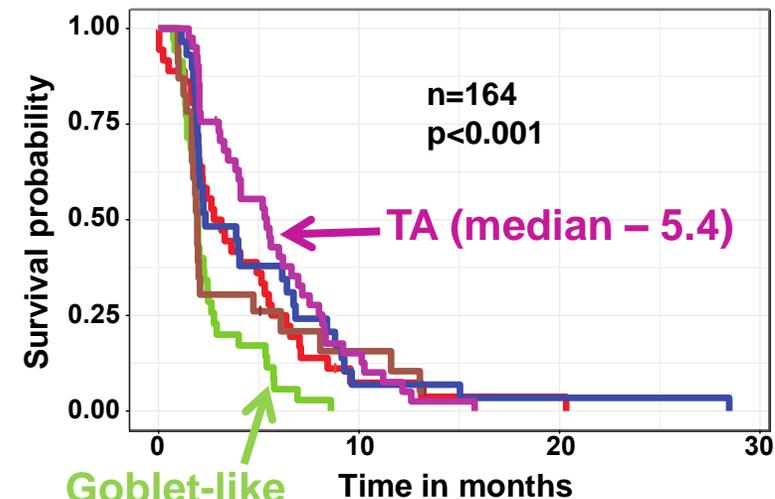


FFPE vs fresh frozen  
n=24



- Enterocyte
- Goblet.like
- Inflammatory
- Stem.like
- TA

Cetuximab - progression free survival



# CRCAssigner (CRCA) Predicts Response to FOLFOXIRI/Bevacizumab

ASCO 2020 and World GI Congress 2020

## CMS subtypes are Prognostic



Consensus Molecular Subtypes and CRCAssigner classifications in metastatic colorectal cancer: prognostic and predictive impact in the TRIBE2 study.

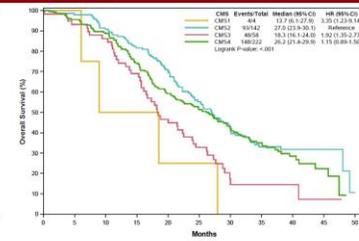
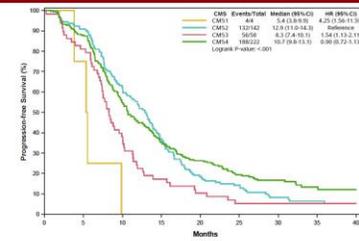
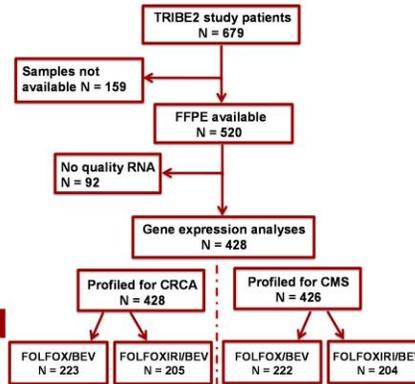
Borelli B., Fontana E., Giordano M., Antoniotti C., Bergamo F., Murgioni S., Pietrantonio F., Morano F., Tamburini E., Boccaccino A., Santini D., Conca V., Pella N., Maiello E., Ugolini C., Fontanini F., Falcone A., Nyamundanda G., Sadanandam A., Cremolini C.

On behalf of the GONO (Gruppo Oncologico del Nord Ovest, Italy) investigators.

Abstract ID: 4016

### Background Study population Results

- Consensus Molecular Subtypes (CMS) and CRCAssigner (CRCA) demonstrated prognostic value in multiple studies, but their predictive role has never been assessed with regard of the adoption of the triplet FOLFOXIRI plus bevacizumab as intensified upfront therapy. *Sadanandam et al, Nat Med 2013; Guinney et al, Nat Med 2015; Lenz et al, JCO 2019; Stintzing et al, Ann Oncol 2019*
- Recently the TRIBE2 study (NCT02339116) demonstrated the superiority of FOLFOXIRI/bev compared to a pre-planned strategy of doublets/bev. *Cremolini et al., Lancet Oncol 2020*
- Given the poor prognosis associated with early stage stem-like/mesenchymal subtypes we hypothesized that these subtypes might highly benefit from the intensified upfront therapy. *Sadanandam et al, Nat Med 2013; Guinney et al, Nat Med 2015*



CMS subtypes revealed significant associations with PFS and OS in the TRIBE2 profiled population.

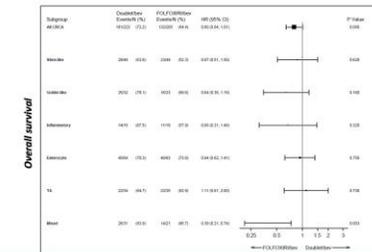
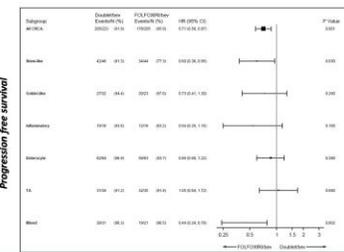
- In the multivariate model after adjustment for the significant covariates (gender, ECOG PS, liver only disease, primary tumour site, resected primary tumour, RAS/BRAF mutational status and MSI status) CMS classification retains its prognostic impact (PFS,  $P=0.01$ ; OS,  $P=0.08$ ).
- No interaction effect between treatment arm and CMS subtypes was found (PFS,  $P=0.88$ ; OS,  $P=0.55$ ), thus the benefit from FOLFOXIRI/bev was consistent among all the subtypes.
- At the univariate analysis CRCA subtypes showed significant association with PFS ( $P=0.04$ ) and OS ( $P=0.02$ ), but in the multivariable model their prognostic role was not confirmed (PFS,  $P=0.36$ ; OS,  $P=0.55$ ).
- Significant interaction effect between treatment arm and CRCA subtypes was reported in terms of PFS ( $P=0.017$ ) and OS ( $P=0.008$ ).

### Patients and Methods

- Naive formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue samples were classified into CMS and CRCA subtypes using a custom validated nCounter assay (Nanostring technologies).
- The impact of subtypes on progression free survival (PFS) and overall survival (OS) was evaluated in the profiled population.
- Subgroup analyses of FOLFOXIRI/bev versus doublets/bev for PFS and OS were performed according to CRCA and CMS subtypes.
- An interaction test was applied to determine the impact of both classifiers on treatment effect.

Characteristics of patients in the gene expression population

	N (%)
Right primary tumour	180 (42)
Synchronous	384 (90)
Resected primary tumour	263 (61)
Not liver-only disease	303 (71)
RAS mutant	274 (64)
RAS and BRAF wild-type	96 (22)
BRAF mutant	45 (11)
Missing data	13 (3)



### Conclusions

CMS subtypes have a prognostic role in mCRC independently of RAS/BRAF status. CRCA classification may help identifying subgroups of patients (i.e. those with stem-like and mixed subtypes) who may derive a more substantial benefit from upfront FOLFOXIRI/bev.

b.borelli89@gmail.com



Eisai Inc. Endowed Merit Award

Supported by Eisai Inc.

Acknowledgement: F.E., S.A., N.G. acknowledge NIHR Biomedical Research Centre at The Royal Marsden, the ICR and Cancer Research UK. Funding: This project was supported by GONO and ARCO Foundations.

# Draw-backs Associated with Conventional Clustering Methods

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**NO** immediate functional significance associated with the subtypes

Multiple steps involved to associate with clinical outcomes or other phenotypes

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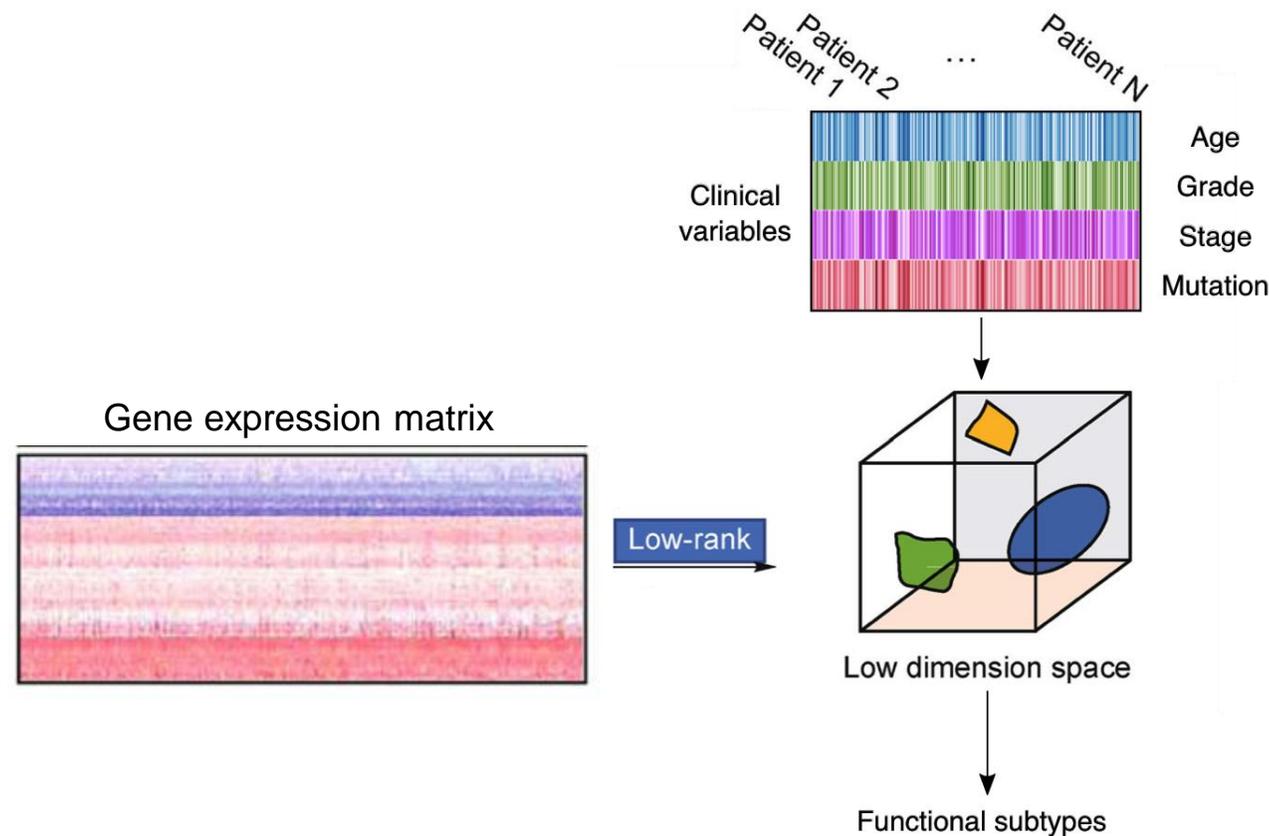
# Genome-Phenome Integration

## Functional Subtyping

### PhenMap

# A Next-Gen Bioinformatics Tool to Combine Omics Profiles with Phenotypes

## PhenMap – metavARIABLE modeling



# Advantages of PhenMap (Functional Subtyping)

---

An all-in-one tool that can:

- a) identify clusters (subtypes)
- b) associate phenotypes (covariates) to clusters, by removing insignificant ones (provides explanation of clusters)
- c) identify signatures that can distinguish these subtypes in other datasets

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# Example-1

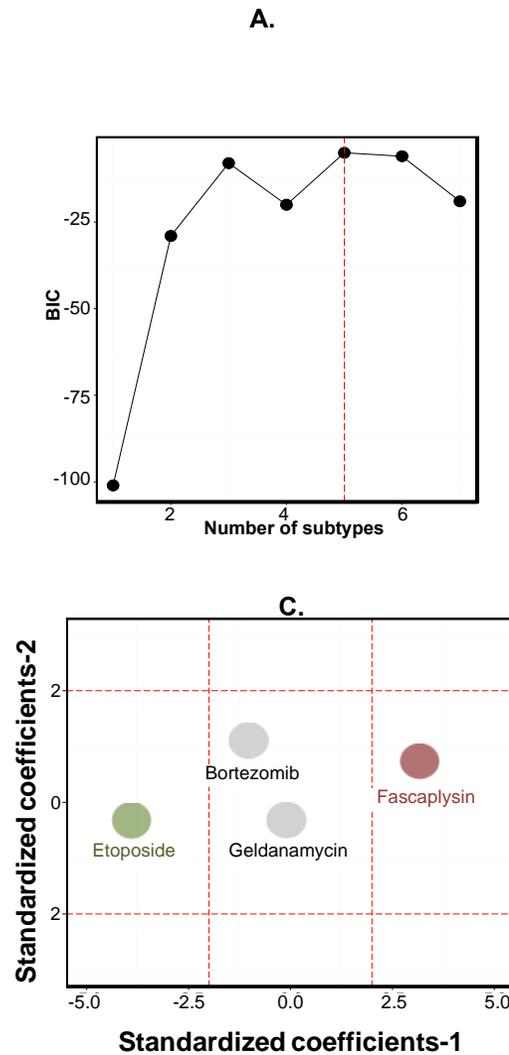
## Modeling Breast Cancer Drug Response

# Functional Subtyping - Breast Cancer Cell Lines and Drug Response Data

---

- Gene expression profiles of 36 breast cancer cell-lines
- Drug response information for four drugs:
  - Etoposide,
  - Fascaplysin,
  - Bortezomib, and
  - Geldanamycin
- 996 most variables genes were selected
- Identify subtypes and drugs specific to each subtype

# Simultaneous Identification of Subtypes and Associated Drugs in Breast Cancer Cell Lines



**A** – showing number of optimal subtypes

**B** – showing 5 optimal global subtypes

**C** – showing significant subtype-drug association

**D** – showing significant genes associated with subtypes

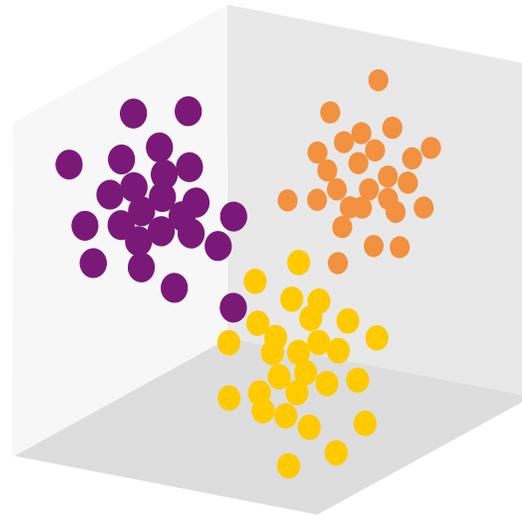
BIC – Bayesian information criteria

We have demonstrated this in multiple patient samples + clinical data

# Multi-Omics Subtyping

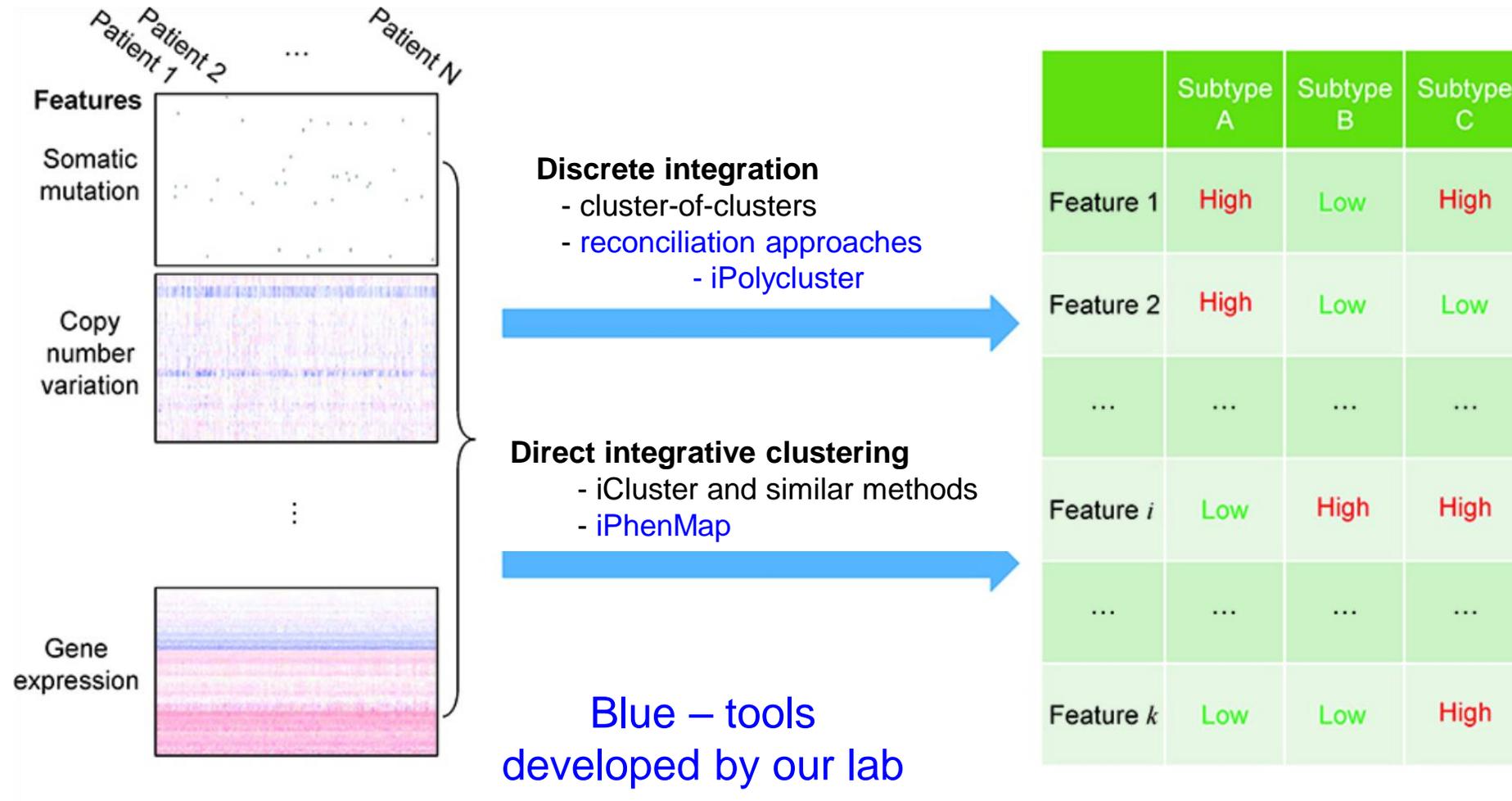
**Multiomics data**

mRNA  
miRNA  
Copy number  
Methylation  
Protein

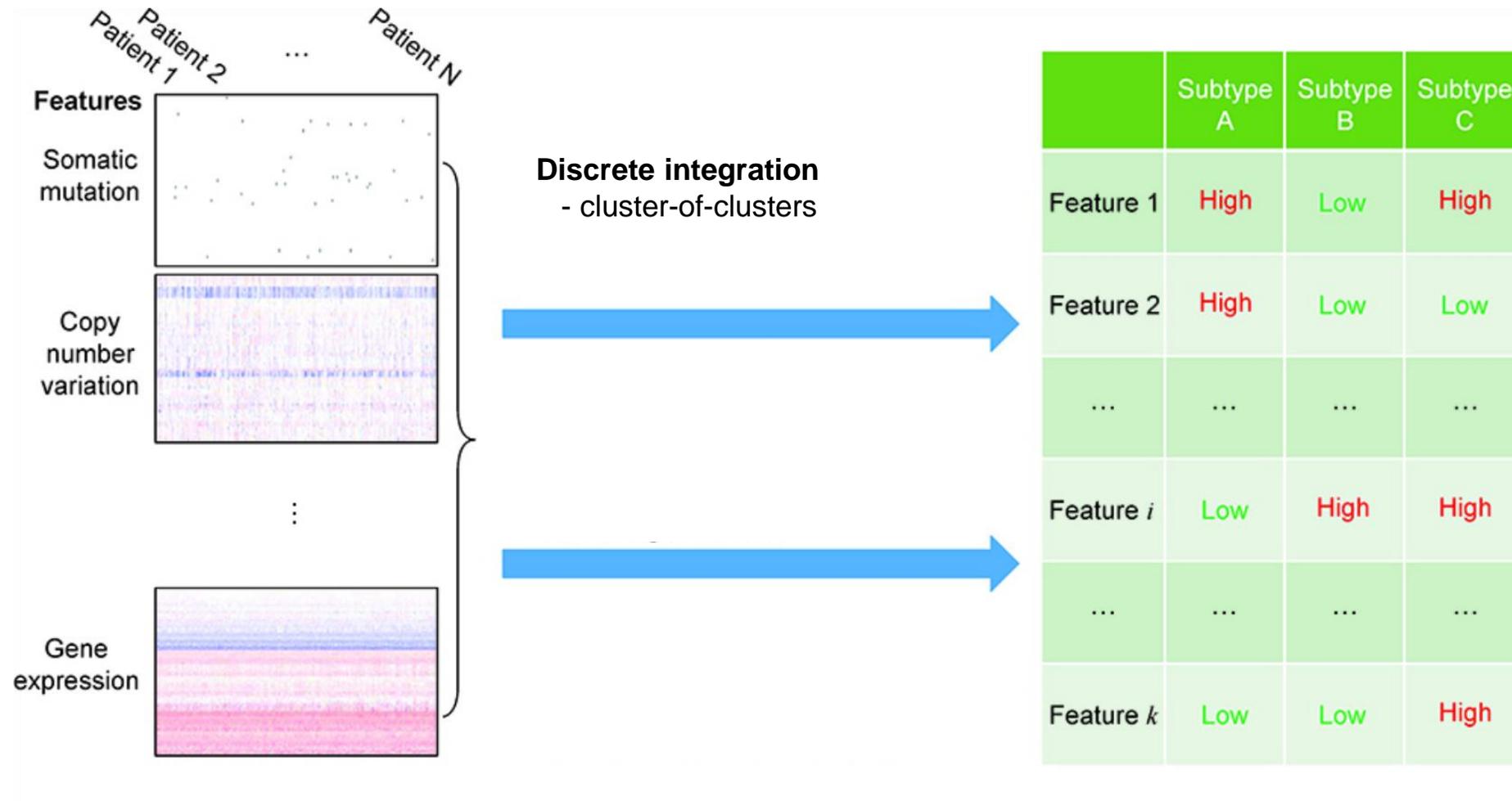


**Multiomics  
Subtypes and  
Signatures**

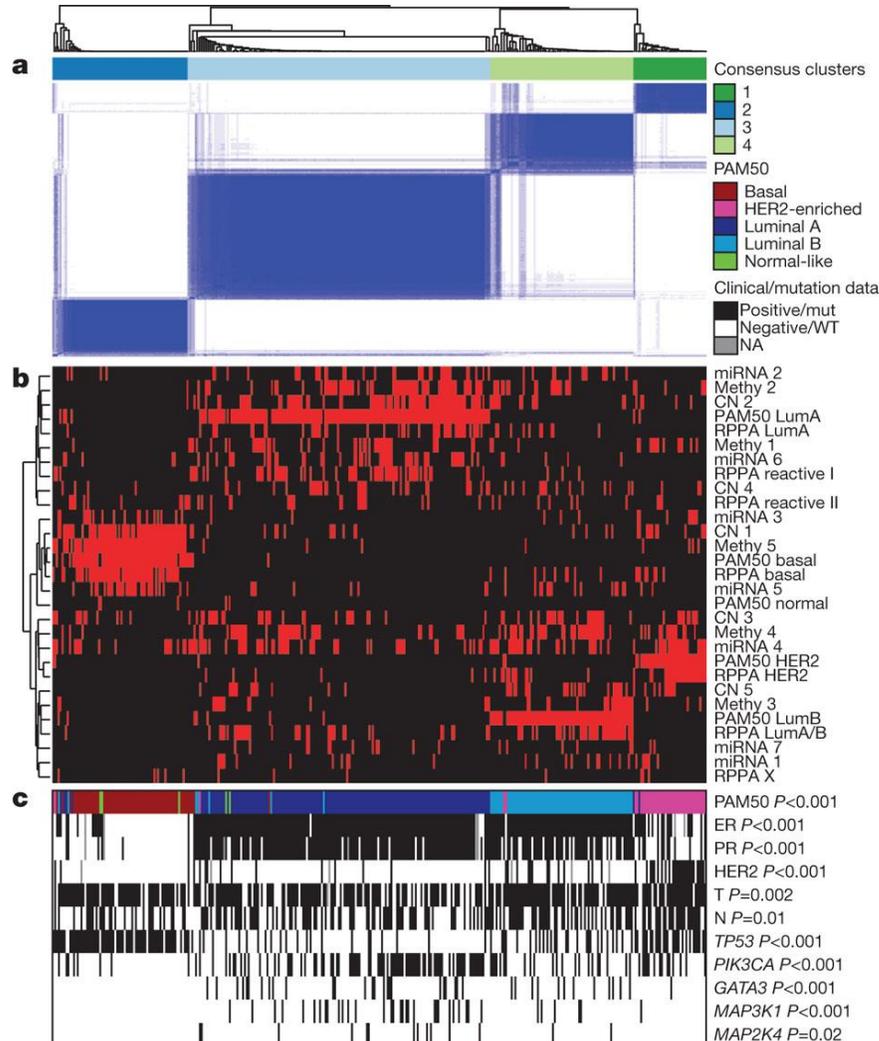
# Two Major Multi-Omics Integrative Subtyping Analysis



# Discrete Integration – Two Major Methods



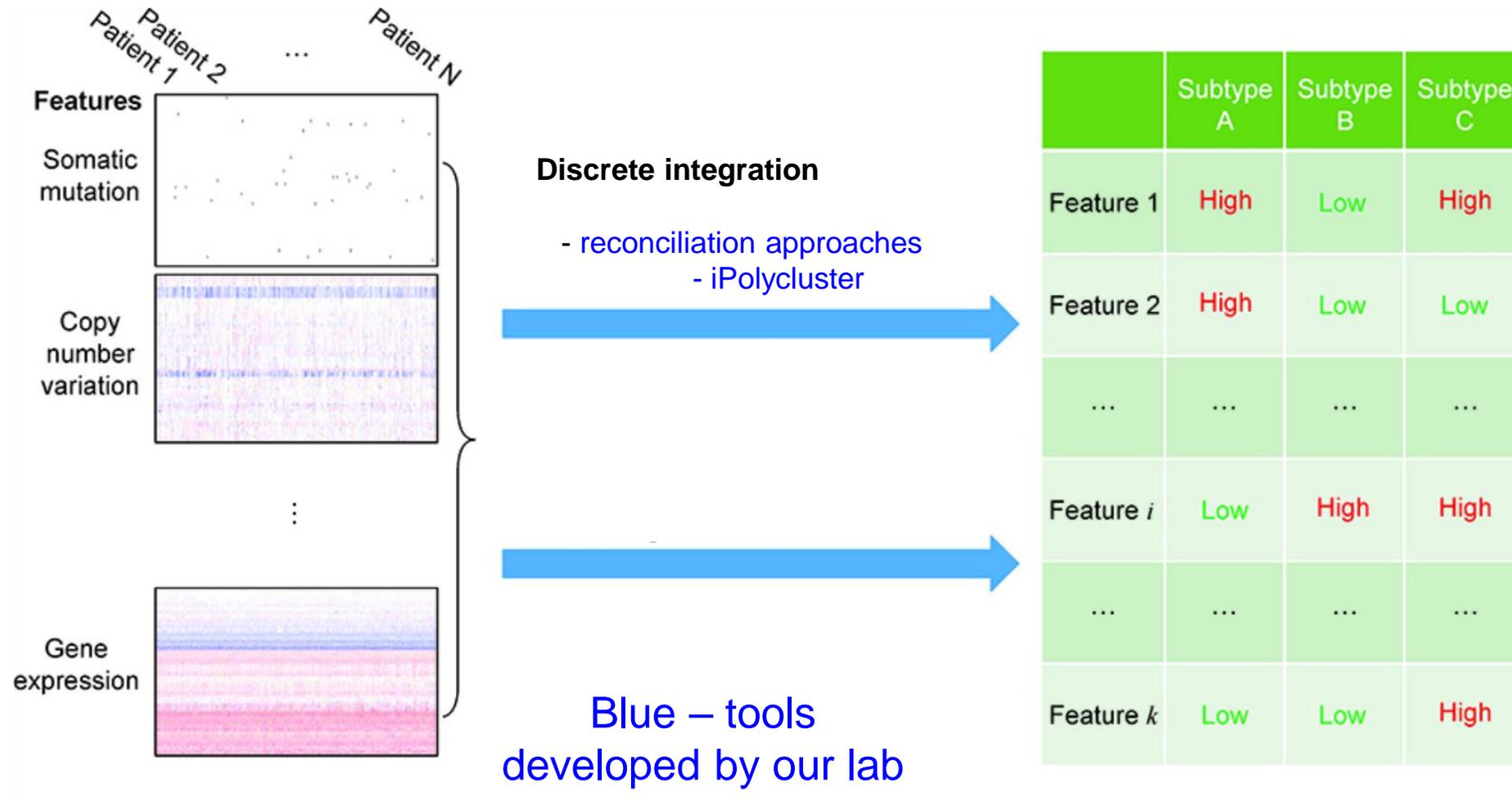
# Cluster of Cluster Analysis of TCGA Breast Cancer Data



Subtypes identified from different platforms are clustered

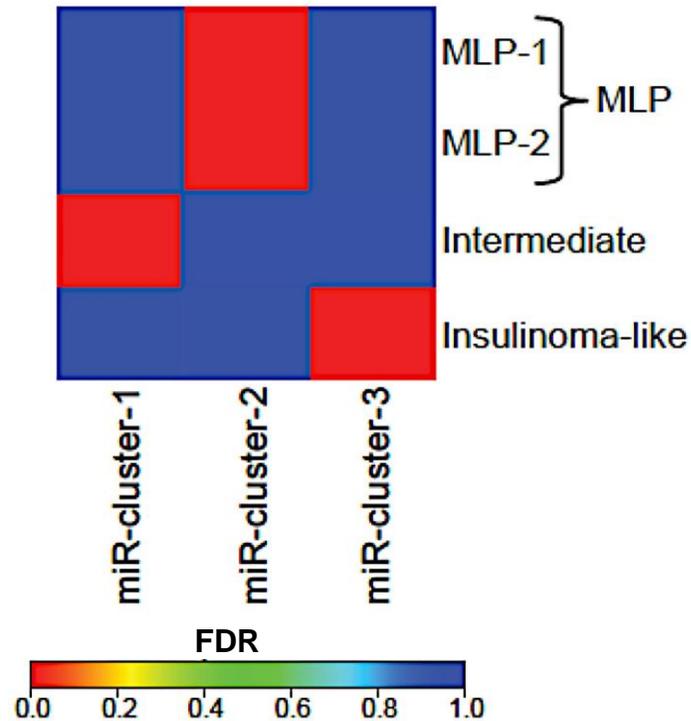
Disadvantage – no true community of clusters revealed

# Discrete Integration – Two Major Methods



# Multimomics Subtypes – Cluster Reconciliation in Pancreatic NETs

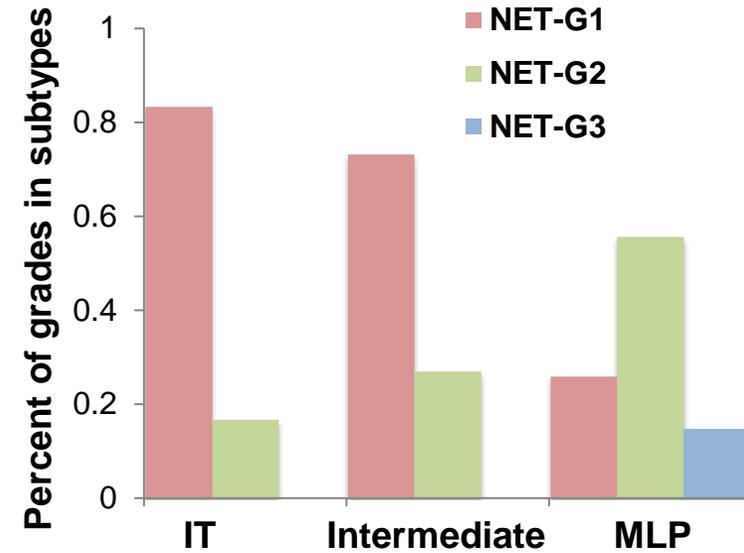
Reconciliation of miRNA and gene  
PanNET Subtypes



MLP – metastases-like primary

MLP patients had liver and LN metastasis

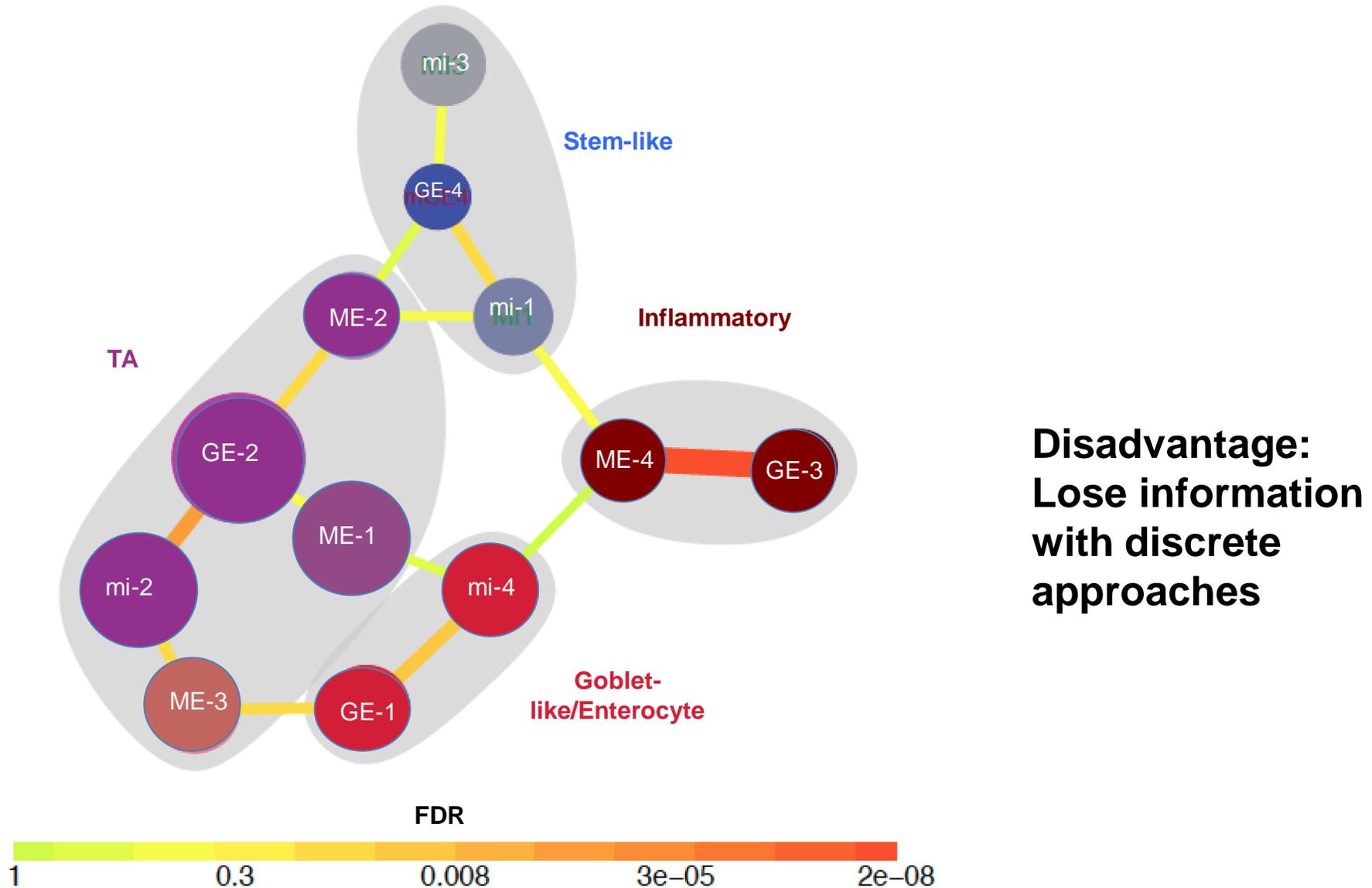
Association with clinical tumour grades with PanNET subtypes



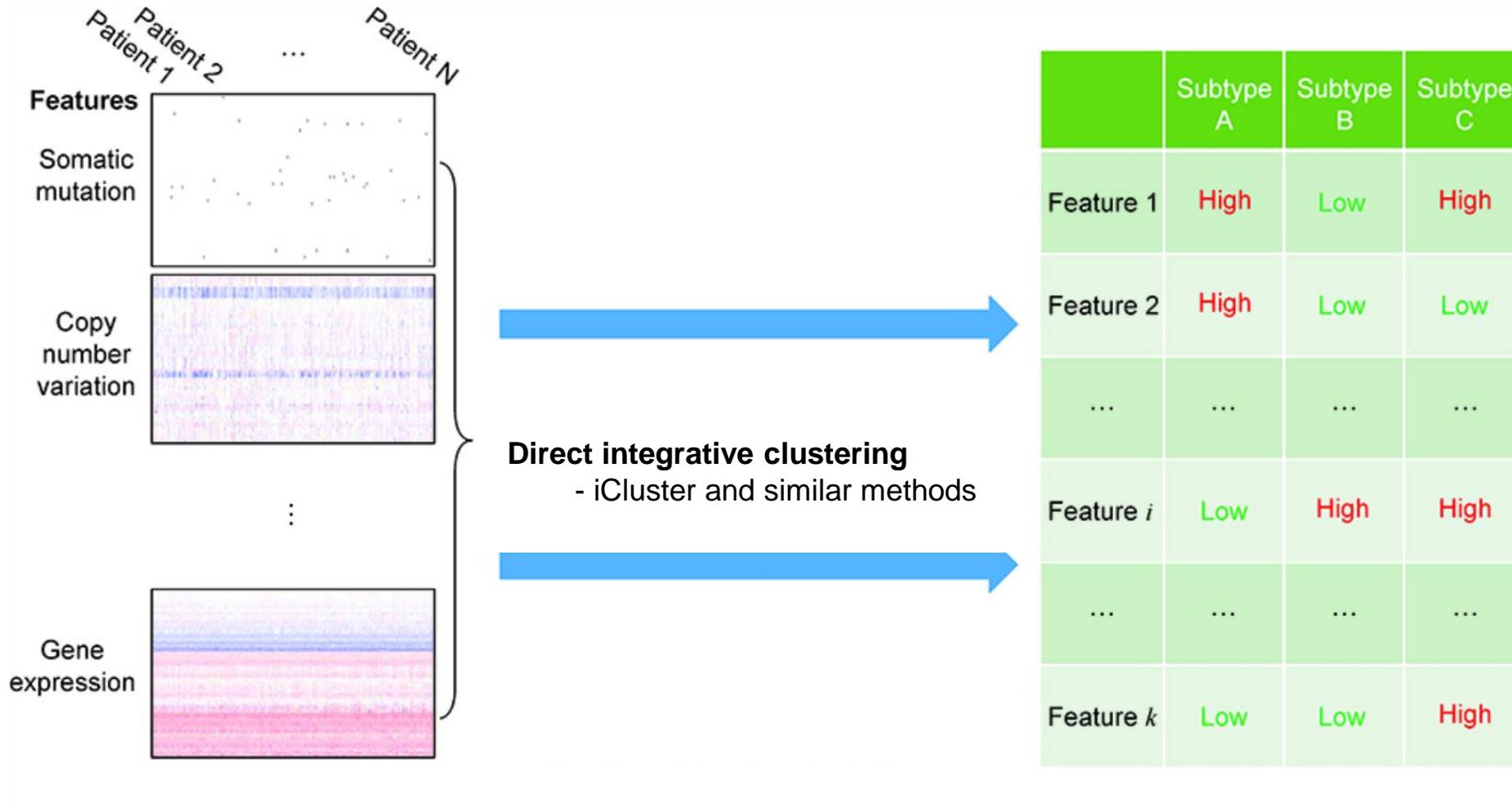
Clinically used tumour grades in PanNET are still heterogeneous

Tumour grades can be split across different subtypes

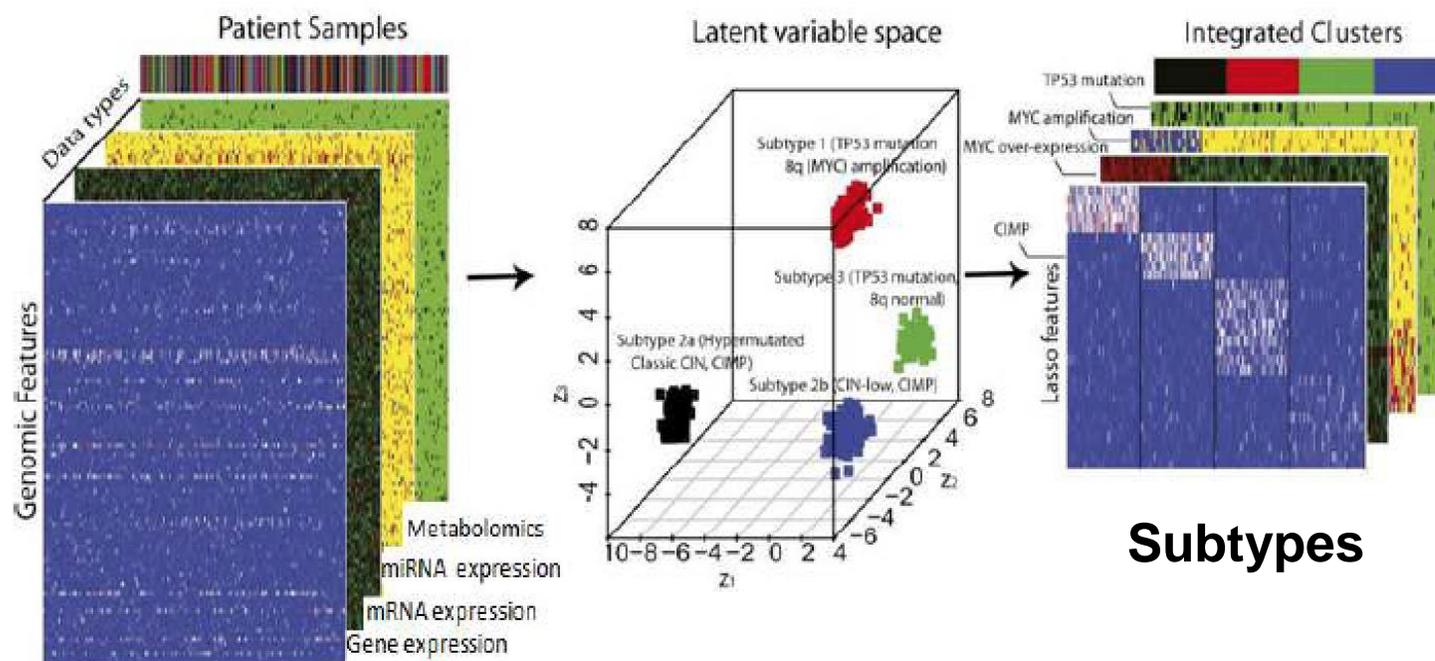
# Multiomics Subtyping using iPolycluster



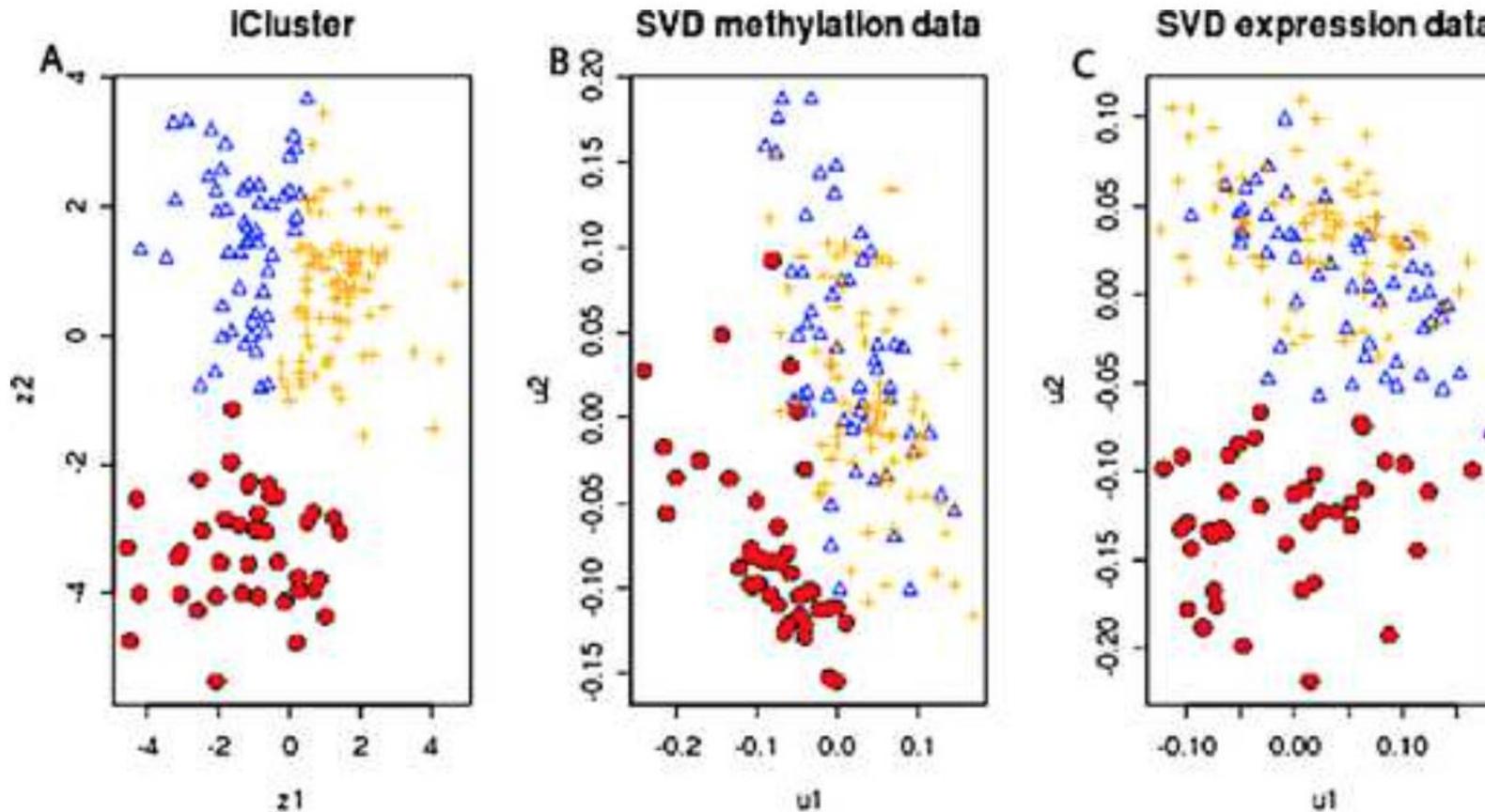
# Direct Integrative Clustering - iCluster



# iCluster – Integrative Multi-omics Clustering



# Integration of Breast Cancer Methylation and Gene Data using iCluster



Integrative clustering shows better resolution of subtypes than individual omic clustering

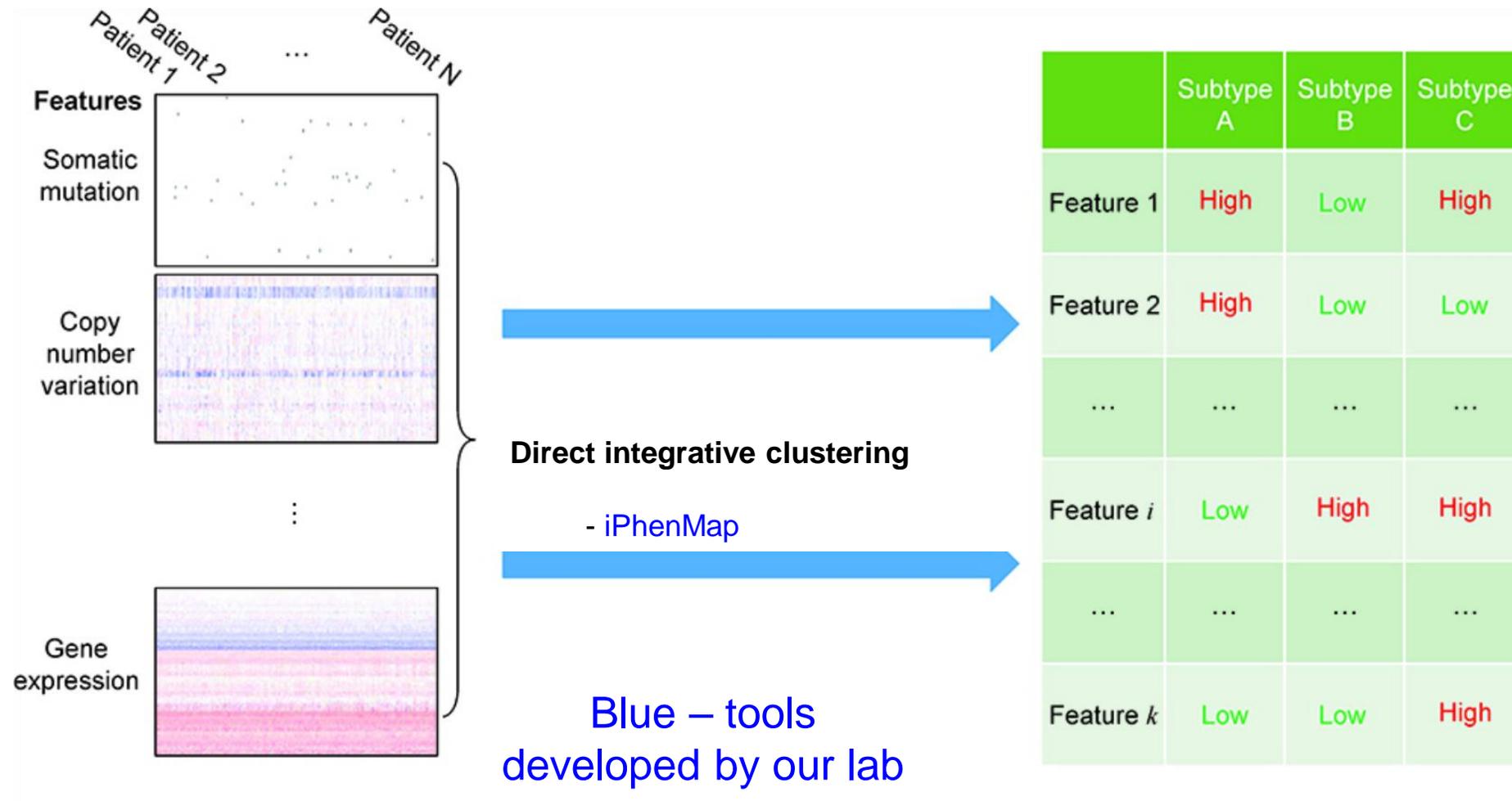
# Draw-backs Associated with Direct Clustering Methods

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**NO** immediate functional significance associated with the subtypes

Multiple steps involved to associate with clinical outcomes or other phenotypes

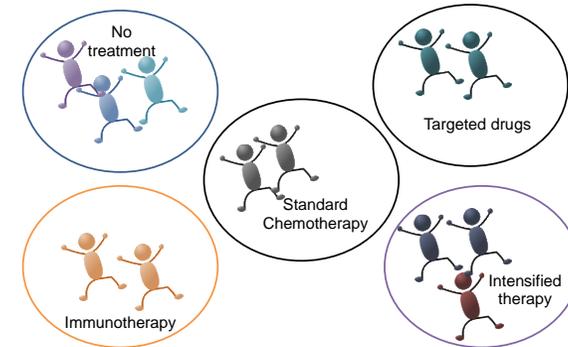
# Two Major Multi-Omics Integrative Subtyping Analysis



# Metavariable based Integrative Clustering of Multiomics and Phenotypic Data



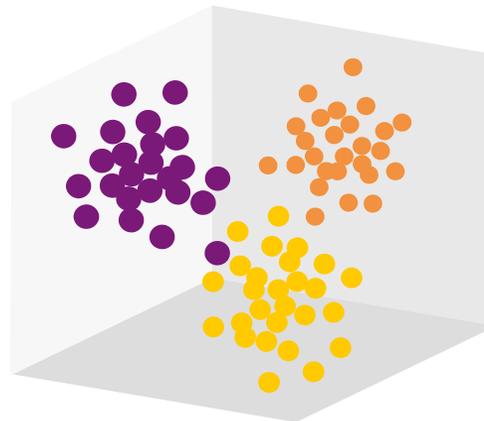
Clinical variables  
Disease settings  
Grade  
Treatment response, etc



**Multiomics data**



mRNA  
miRNA  
Copy number  
Methylation  
Protein



**Functional  
Multiomics  
Subtypes and  
Signatures**



Sequencing

Our in-laboratory  
developed tool  
**mphenMap/mMAP**

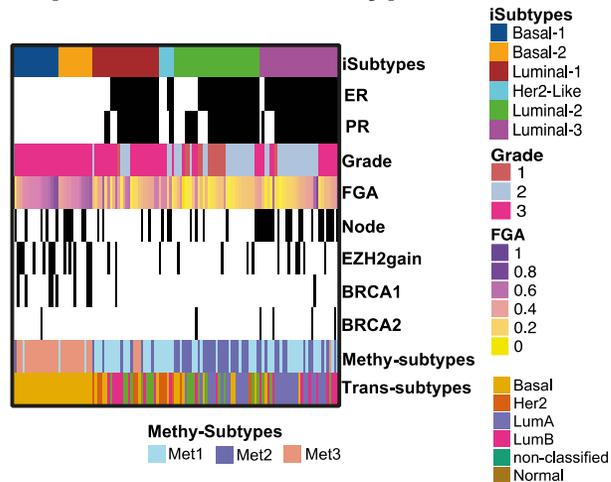


ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

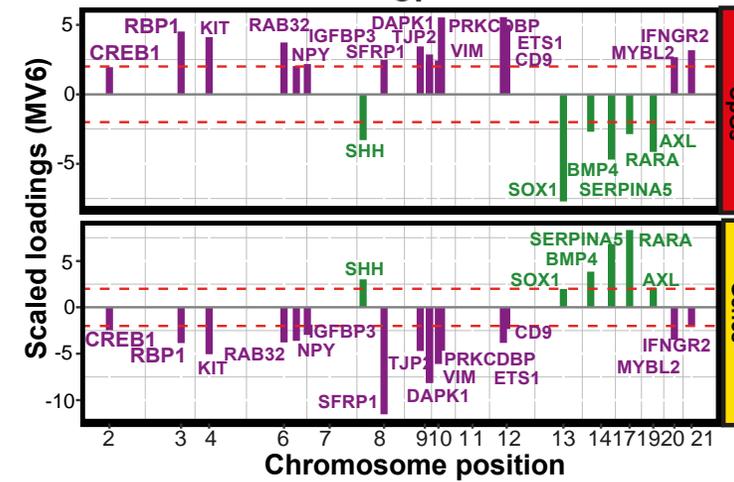
first of its kind

# mPhenMAP – Integrating Gene and Methylation Data with Clinical Covariates

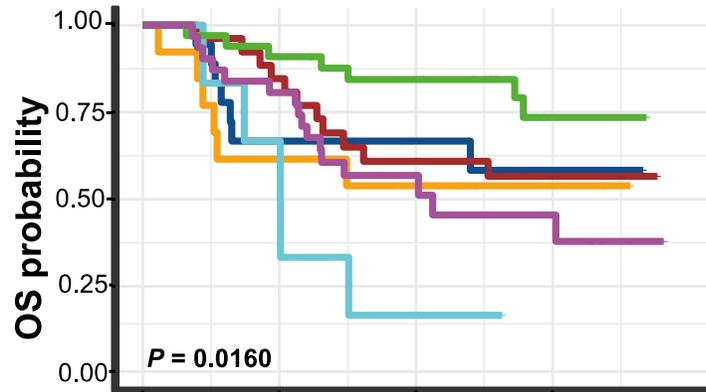
mPhenMap multiomics subtypes and clinical associations



Multiomics Features

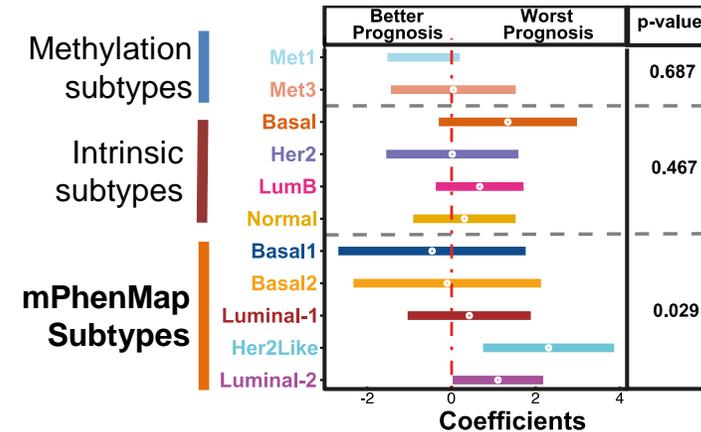


Differential Survival in mPhenMap Subtypes



Nyamundanda and Sadanandam, unpublished

Comparison of different classifications with mPhenMap Subtypes



# Summary

## Subtypes are Context Specific and Continuous

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Subtypes are context-specific and continuous, hence, they may vary depending on:

a) Functional/phenotypic criteria

b) Features – molecular/metabolomic/histology

c) Tools or methods – consensus molecular CRC subtypes (CMS)

- Confounding factors can be identified using pathway analysis from sparse features

# Acknowledgements

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## Sadanandam lab

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Aasia Hussain  
Chloe Harris  
Hari PS  
Janki Insan

## Funding Bodies

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**THANKS FOR ATTENDING**



**The NHS Data and Information  
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