



Headlined by:



Welcome to the Patient Flow Conference South 2023



4th July 2023 08:00am – 16:00pm 15 Hatfields, London



Slido

The Patient Flow Conference South 2023

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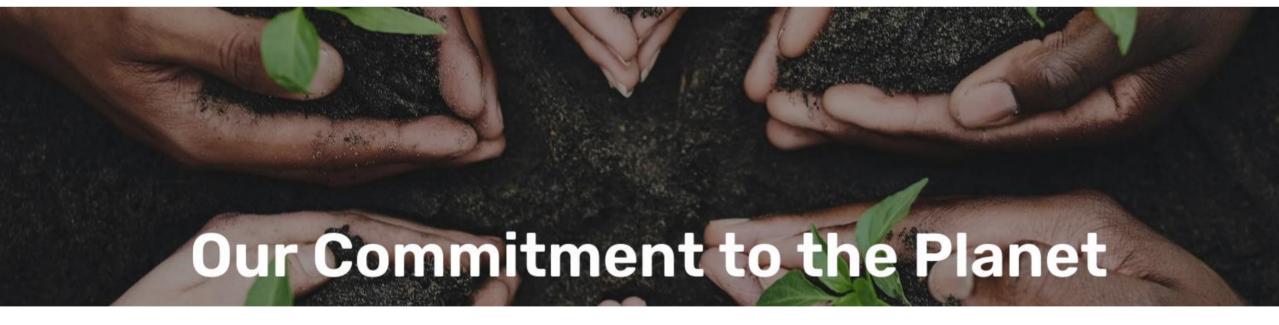


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Current Trees Planted to date: 10,444





For Each Delegate Attending Our In-Person Event Today, we will be planting 1 tree with our Key Sustainability Partner





Chair Opening Address



Headlined by:





Conor Burke
CEO - UHUK (Urgent
Health UK)



Speaking Now...



Headlined by:





Barney UlyattBusiness Development
Manager - Catalyst-IT



Jenni Woods
Health & Business
Intelligence Lead - NHS
Tayside



DELIVERING EXCEPTIONAL PATIENT CARE AND INCREASED EMPLOYEE SATISFACTION THROUGH DATA TRANSFORMATION

Helping predict demand and manage patient flow in the NHS



INTRODUCTION



Jenni Woods

Head of Data and Analytics, NHS Tayside



Barney Ulyatt

Business Development Manager, Catalyst Bl



CONGRATULATIONS

NHS Tayside shortlisted for

BREAKTHROUGH WITH DATA

at the DataIQ Awards





Thank you

Visit us on our stand to learn more and see Athena in action

Barney Ulyatt

Business Development Manager, Catalyst Bl

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Q&A Panel





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Morning Break



Chair Morning Reflection



Headlined by:





Conor Burke
CEO - UHUK (Urgent
Health UK)





Headlined by: <



Up Next...

opto





Speaking Now...



The
Patient Flow
Conference
South 2023

Headlined by:





Max Freeman
Clinical Director opto



Krista BurslamDawe
Chief Operating Officer
- opto



Dr Kevin EnrightChief Clinical Officer
- opto



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Headlined by: (4) CATALYS

Up Next...

boxxe

poxxe







Headlined by:





James Irving
Senior Account
Manager - boxxe



Contents



O1 What are the challenges?

02 What are our solutions?

O3 How can we help?



Current challenges











Capacity & resource management

Emergency department crowding

Discharge planning & transitions of care

Workflow & process inefficiencies

Care coordination & communication



A patient's care is like a game of Tetris where you must fit the right pieces in the right places.

And the key to winning Tetris?



management

Increased focus on patient experience

> The NHS is placing an increasing emphasis on improving the patient experience, including making it easier for patients to access care, reducing waiting times, and improving the quality of care.



management

What does now look like?

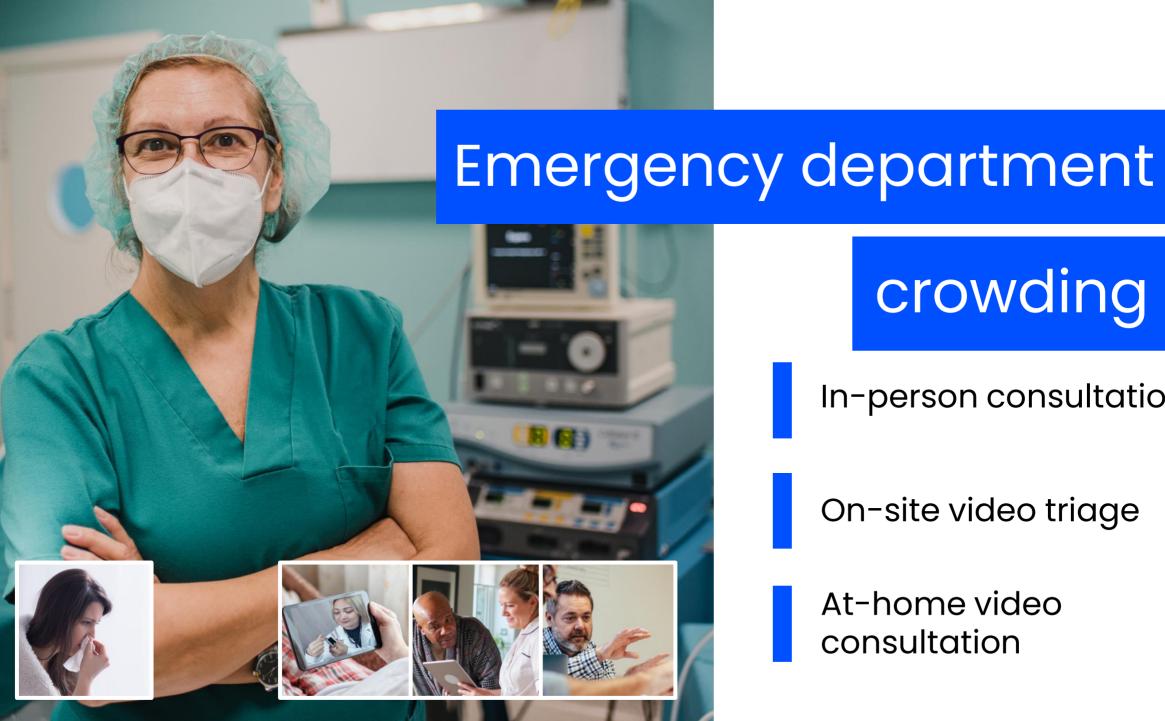
How could we make it better?



crowding

Use of technology

The NHS is using technology to improve patient flow and reduce bottlenecks. This includes the use of electronic medical records, appointment scheduling systems, and telemedicine.



crowding

In-person consultation

On-site video triage

At-home video consultation



Integration of care

The NHS is working to better coordinate care across different settings and providers, with the goal of improving patient flow and reducing the need for hospitalization.



Care coordination

& communication

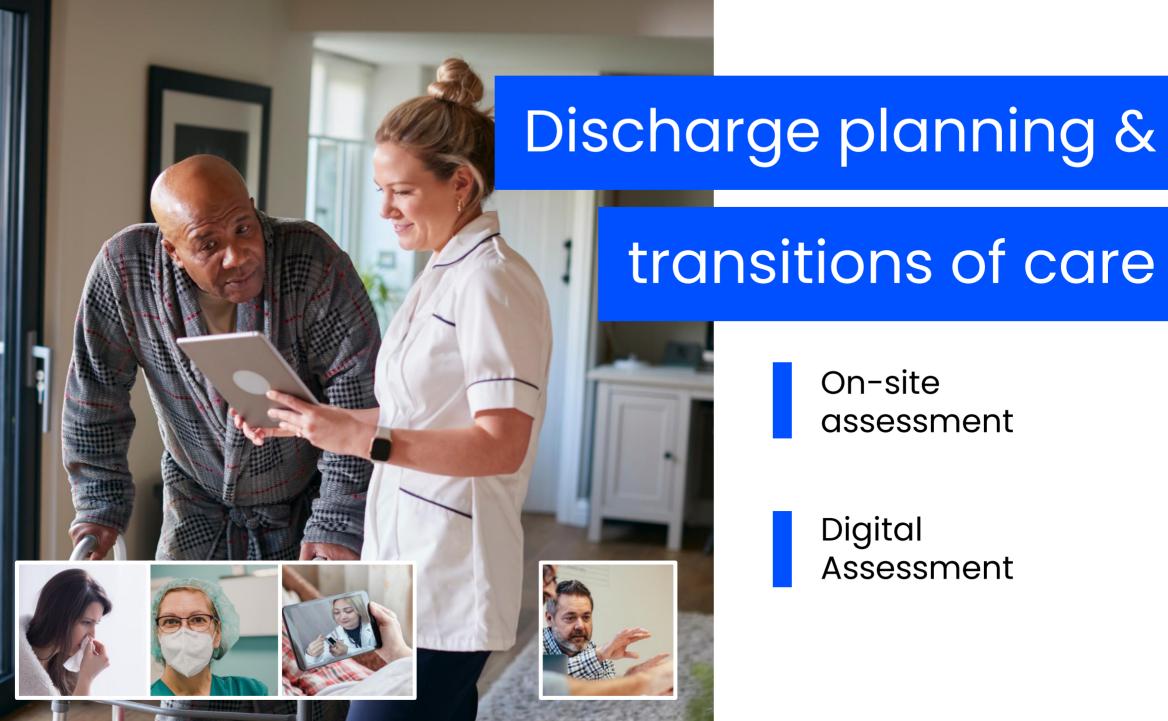
Patient experience

Virtual wards



Population health management

The NHS is focusing on preventative care and population health management, with the goal of improving the health of the population and reducing demand on the healthcare system.



transitions of care

On-site assessment

Digital **Assessment**



inefficiencies

Collaboration and partnerships

The NHS is forming collaborations and partnerships with other organisations, including community-based organisations and private providers, in order to improve patient flow and better meet the needs of patients.



inefficiencies

Automation

Virtual Assistants

Over 30 years of expertise

Working across the UK public sector in hardware, software, & IT solutions.



We understand your world immersing ourselves in your institution to drive informed solutions



We simplify every challenge, even when they feel impossible to overcome.



We deliver sustainable, impactful solutions as an aspiring B Corp.



We collaborate with you every step of the way.



We care about your patients; their care is what matters most.



We don't focus on hardware and software, we focus on **you**.

We strive to make life better with tech.

Tech support is becoming more connected every day, but human connections are where game changing solutions are discovered.

That's why **people** are at the heart of everything we do.





Thank you.

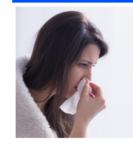
























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Headlined by:





Sarah Handby
Senior Project Manager NHS Benchmarking
Network

NHS Benchmarking Patient Flow of Older People

Sarah Handby Senior Project Manager

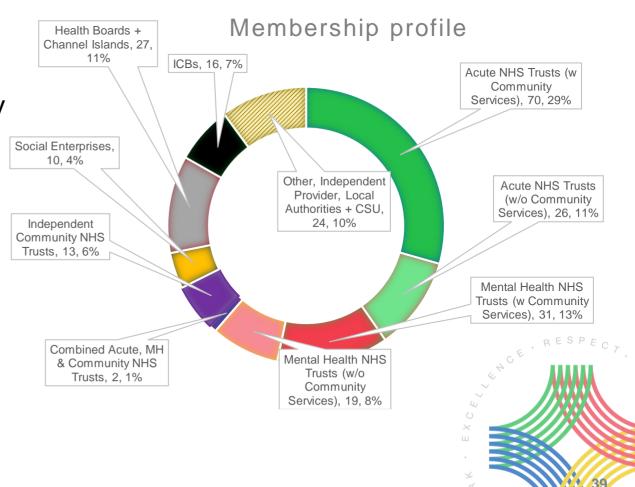




Network membership

Vibrant member community covering all sectors of the NHS, is well as National Bodies, Professional Bodies and Independent Providers.

- In England:
 - 71% of Acute NHS Trusts
 - 84% of NHS Trusts providing community services, plus 10 Social Enterprises
 - 100% of Mental Health NHS Trusts
 - 28% of ICBs by population covered
- 100% coverage in Wales Health Boards
- 100% coverage in Northern Ireland HSCTs
- 100% coverage of Scottish Health Boards





Network Vision 2023

To enable members to improve patient outcomes, raise health standards, and deliver quality health and care services through data excellence, benchmarking, and the sharing of innovation.





2023/24 Work Programme

Core Network Projects



Acute Sector

- Outpatients
- Acute Pharmacy and Medicines Optimisation
- Emergency Care
- Managing Frailty in the Acute Setting
- Acute Transformation Dashboard (monthly)



Community Sector

- Intermediate Care
- District Nursing
- Healthy Child Programme
- · Community Indicators (monthly)



Acute and Community Sector



- Therapies
- Virtual Wards

Mental Health Sector



- · Adults & Older Adults Mental Health
- Children & Young People's (CYP) Mental Health Services
- Learning Disabilities/ASD Services
- MHLDA Services Tracker (Quarterly)



Integrated Care System

- Integrated Care Benchmarker
- Whole Systems Beds
- National Cost Collection
- ICB Themed Reports/Stories
- Whole System Events

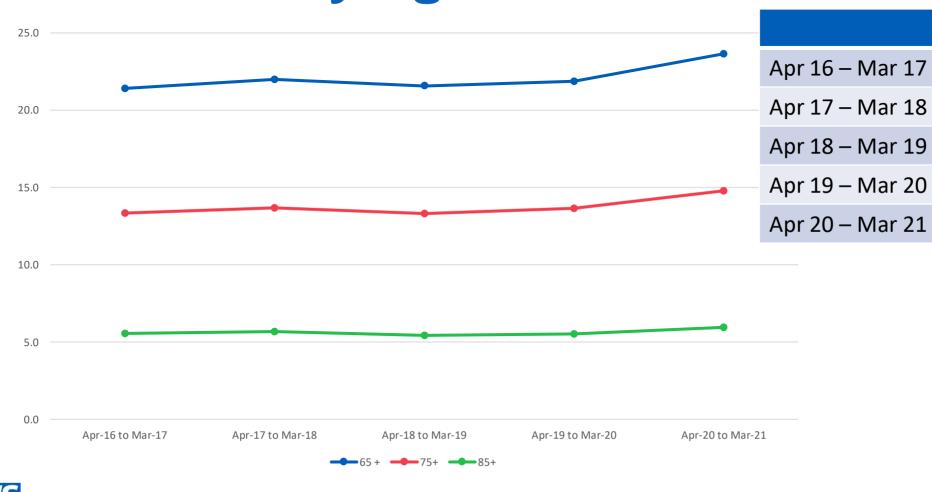


In an Acute Setting





Emergency Care: Percentage of attendance by age





65+

21.4

22.0

21.6

21.9

23.7

75+

13.4

13.7

13.3

13.7

14.8

85+

5.6

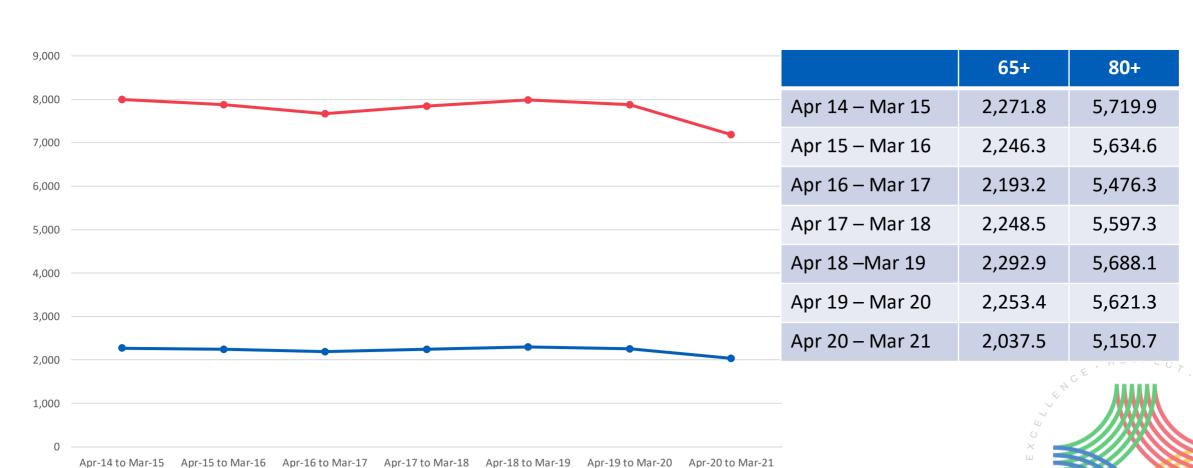
5.7

5.4

5.5

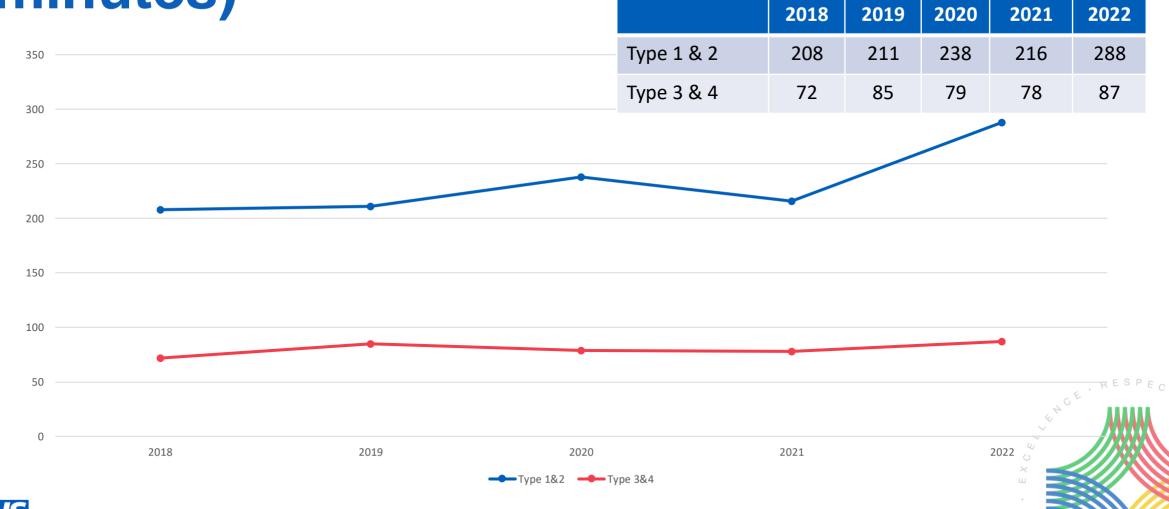
6.0

Emergency Care: Emergency admissions due to falls per 100,000 population

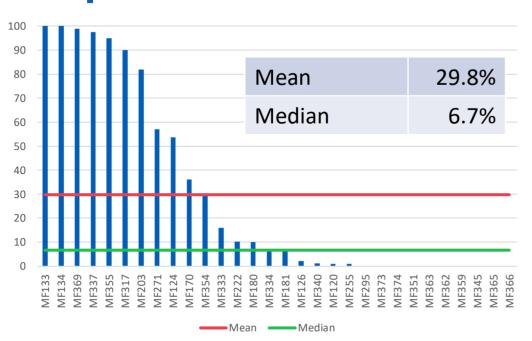




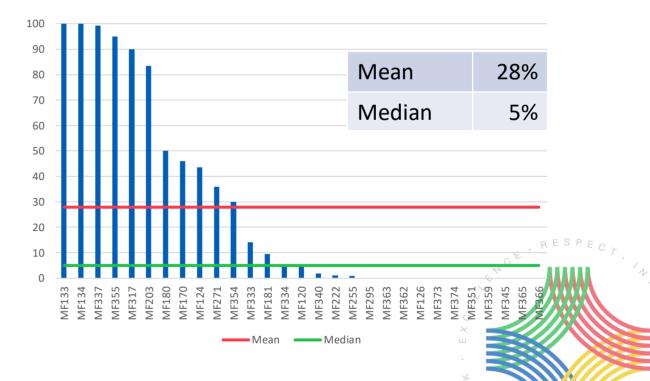
Emergency Care: Mean time in department (minutes)



Percentage of patients over 65 years old, who received clinical frailty screening within 30 minutes of arrival at hospital



Percentage of patients over 65 years who arrived by ambulance, who received clinical frailty screening within 30 minutes of arrival

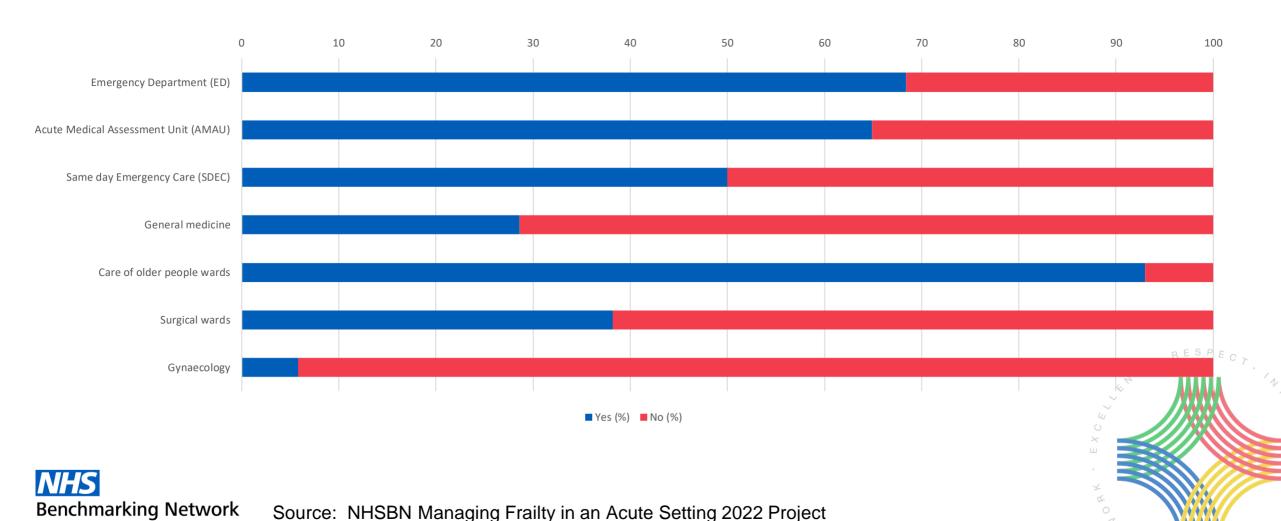




Source: NHSBN Managing Frailty in an Acute Setting 2022 Project

Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment (CGA) in an Acute Setting

Where is screening of CGA normally undertaken



Percentage of non-elective admissions length of stay 65+



Percentage of non-elective admissions length of stay 75+

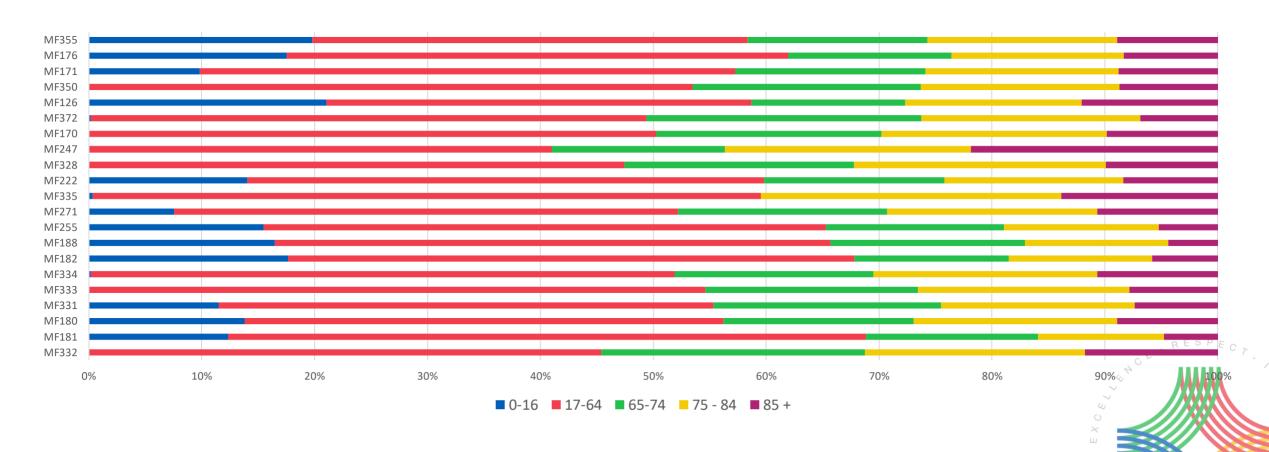


Percentage of non-elective admissions length of stay 85 +



Pathway 0 – Percentage Discharge by Age

Discharge with no ongoing health or care requirements

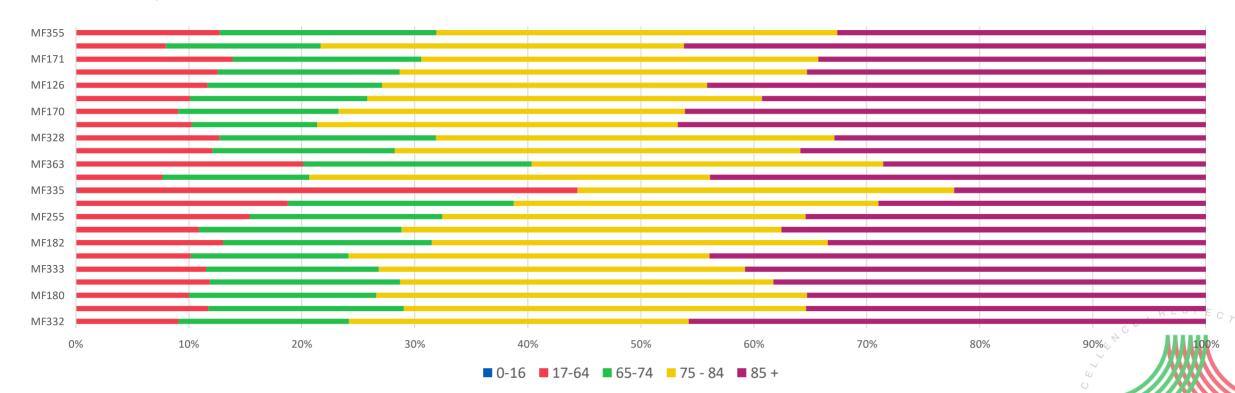




Benchmarking Network Source: NHSBN Managing Frailty in an Acute Setting 2022 Project

Pathway 1 – Percentage Discharge by Age

Discharge with a short term requirement for health or social care within the normal place of residence





Source: NHSBN Managing Frailty in an Acute Setting 2022 Project

Pathway 2 – Percentage Discharge by Age

Transferred and receive rehabilitation and regular assessment until they're able to safely return home

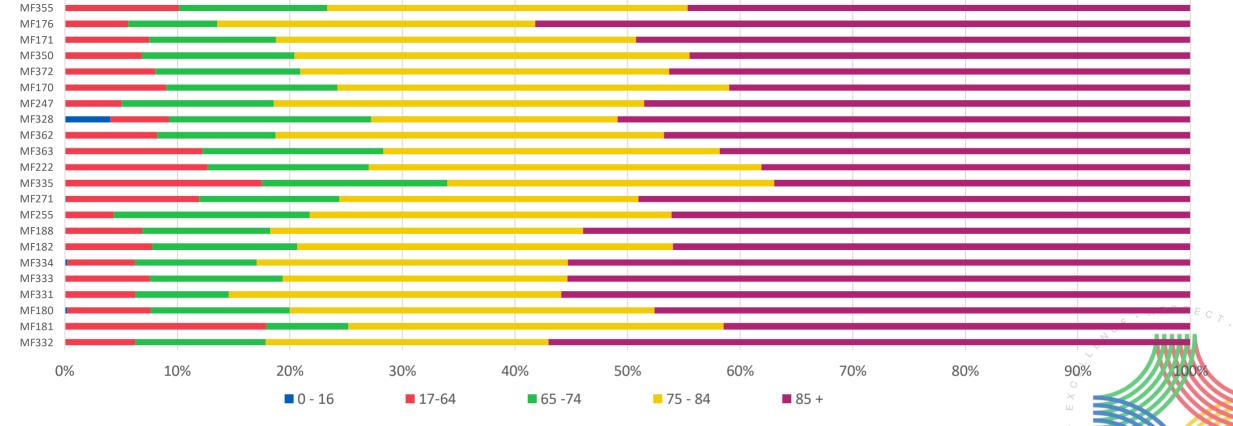




Benchmarking Network Source: NHSBN Managing Frailty in an Acute Setting 2022 Project

Pathway 3 – Percentage Discharge by Age

Medically fit to be discharged from hospital but require additional or ongoing support.





Source: NHSBN Managing Frailty in an Acute Setting 2022 Project

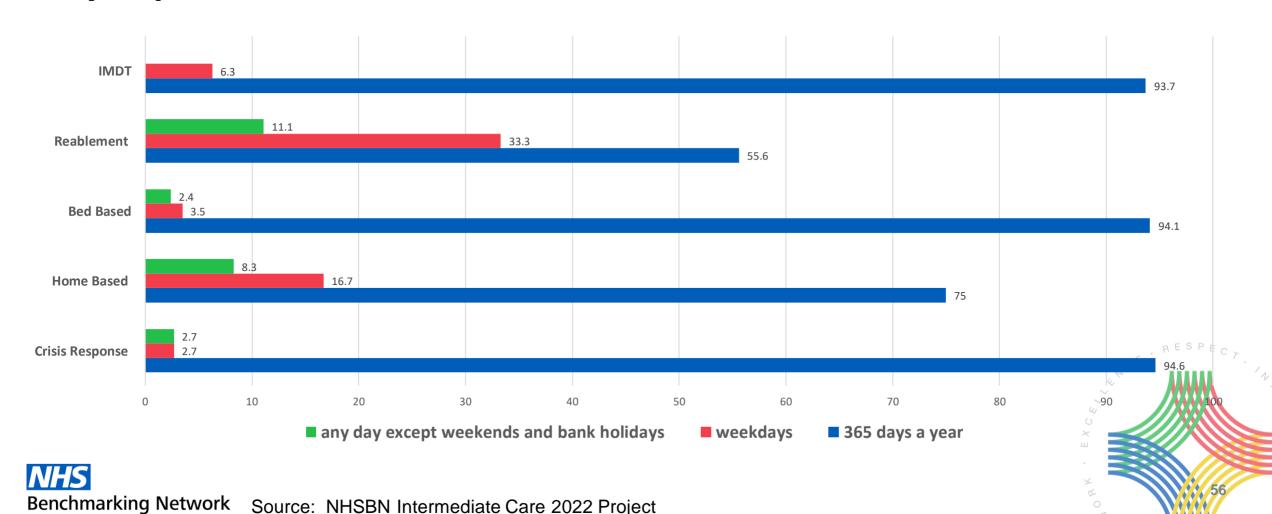
In the community





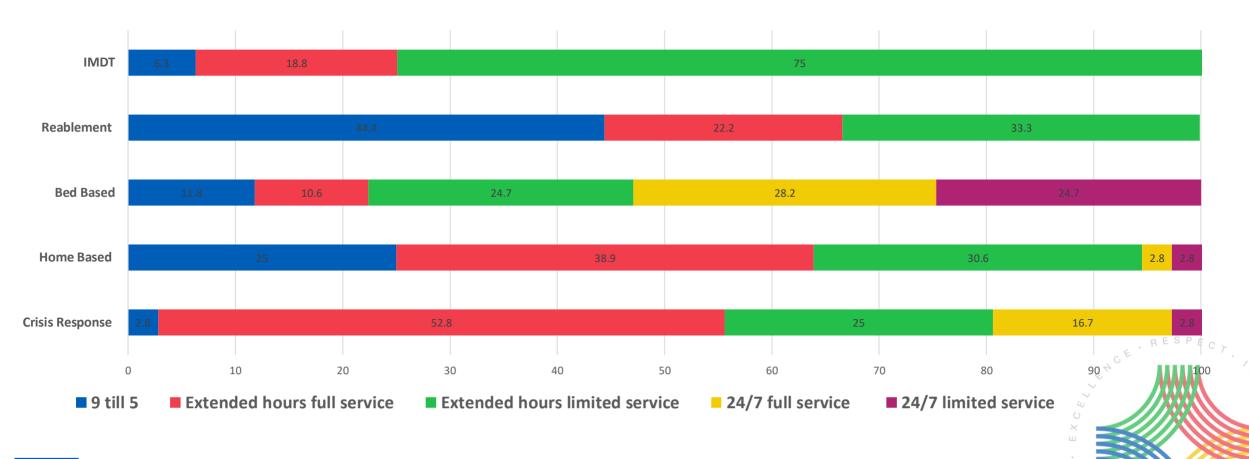
Availability of intermediate care services

Days open to new admissions



Availability of intermediate care services

Hours open to new admissions

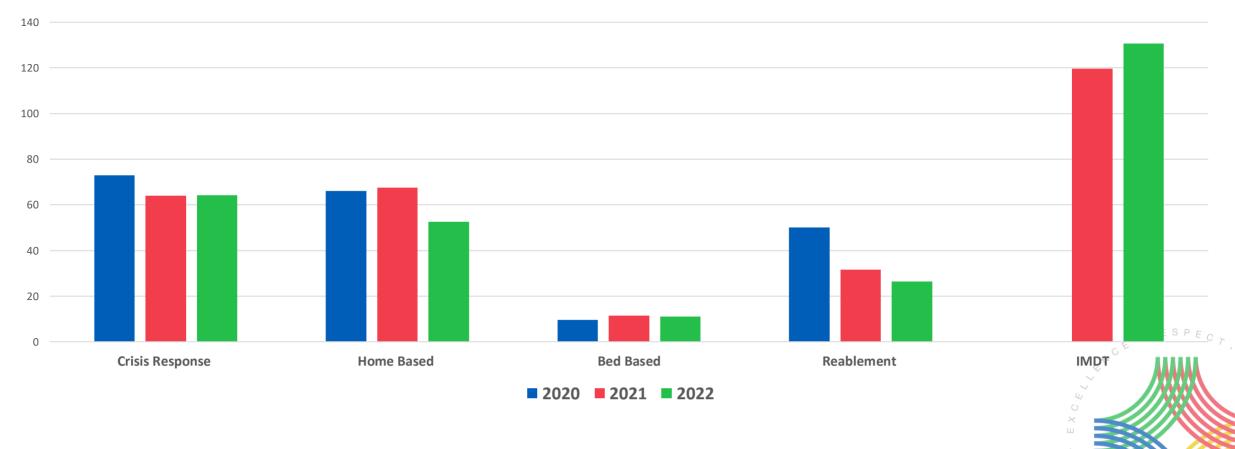




Source: NHSBN Intermediate Care 2022 Project

Referrals

Total number of referrals per week

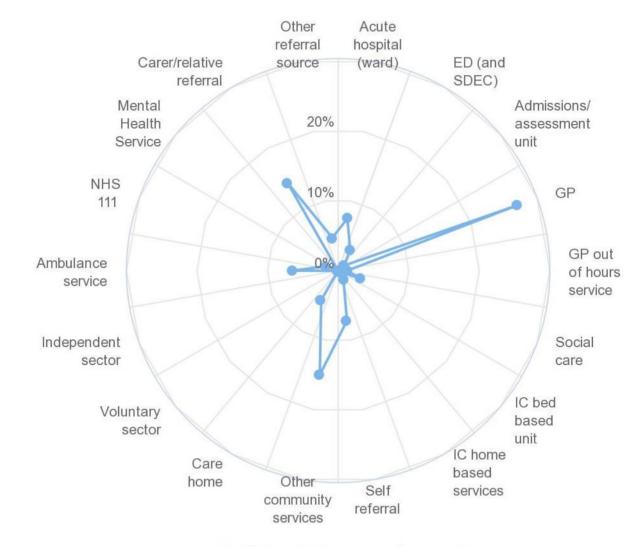




Source of referrals

Crisis response

Source of referral	Sample average	
GP	27.1%	
Other community services	15%	
Carer/relative referral	14.3%	
Acute hospital (ward)	7.5%	
Self referral	7.2%	
Ambulance service	6.5%	
NHS 111	1.8%	



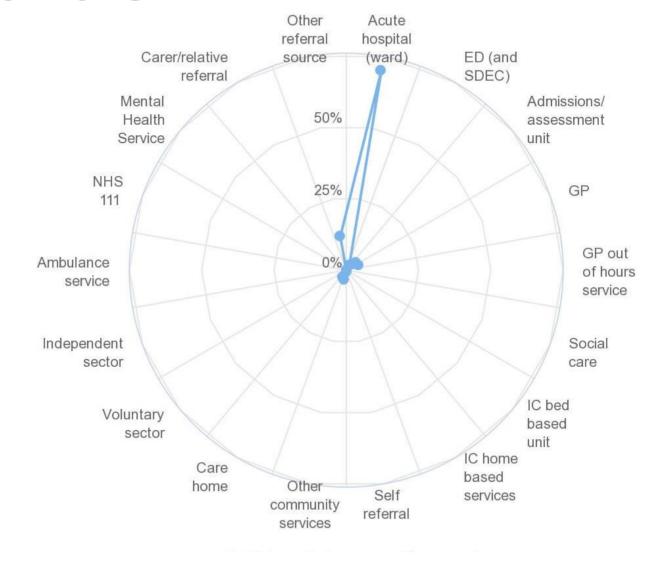




Source of referrals

Bed-based

Source of referral	Sample average	
Acute hospital (ward)	70.4%	
Other hospital sources	6.5%	
Other referral source	11.8%	
GP	4.7%	



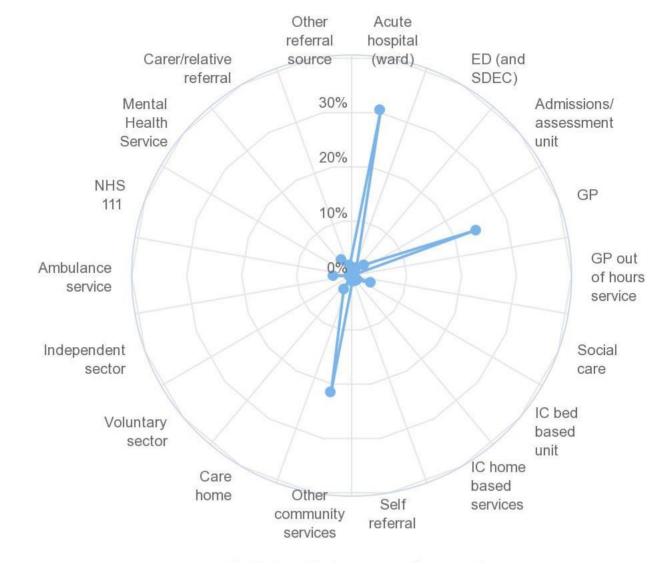




Source of referrals

Home-based

Source of referral	Sample average	
Acute hospital (ward)	30.6%	
GP	24.1%	
Other community services	21.4%	

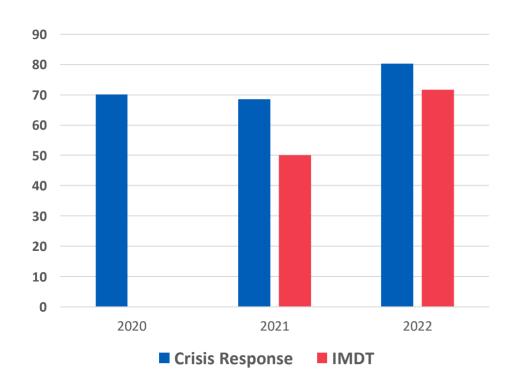






National waiting time standards (England only)

2 hour wait – crisis response



2 day wait – home, bed and re-ablement

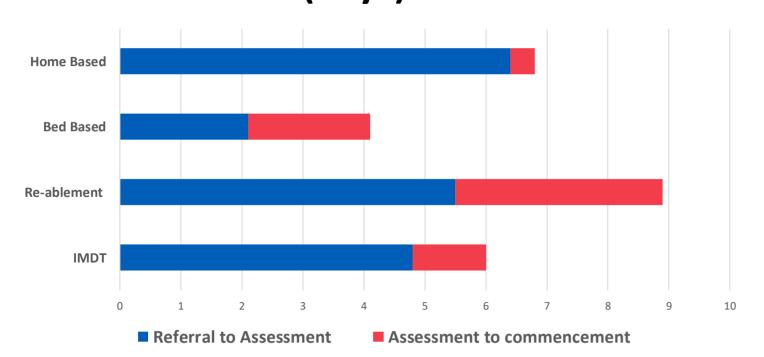




Source: NHSBN Intermediate Care 2022 Project

Intermediate care – waiting times

Mean average time from referral to assessment & assessment to commencement (days)

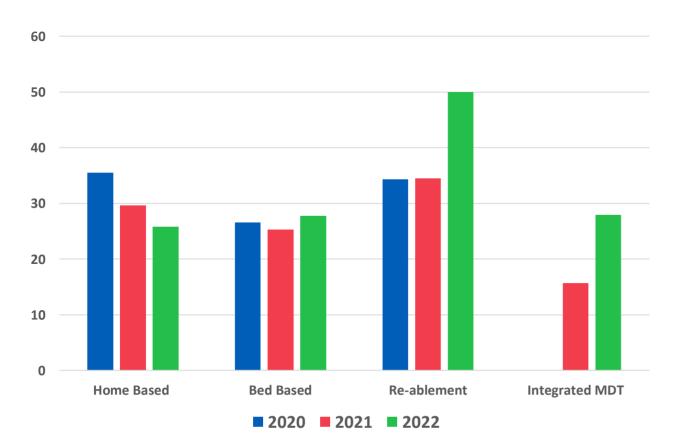


Average time (total) days	2020	2021	2022
Home based	12.3	7.5	6.8
Bed based	2.4	2.9	4.1
Re-ablement	4.7	7.3	8.9
IMDT	N/A	1.8	6



Duration of service

Duration of service in days (mean)

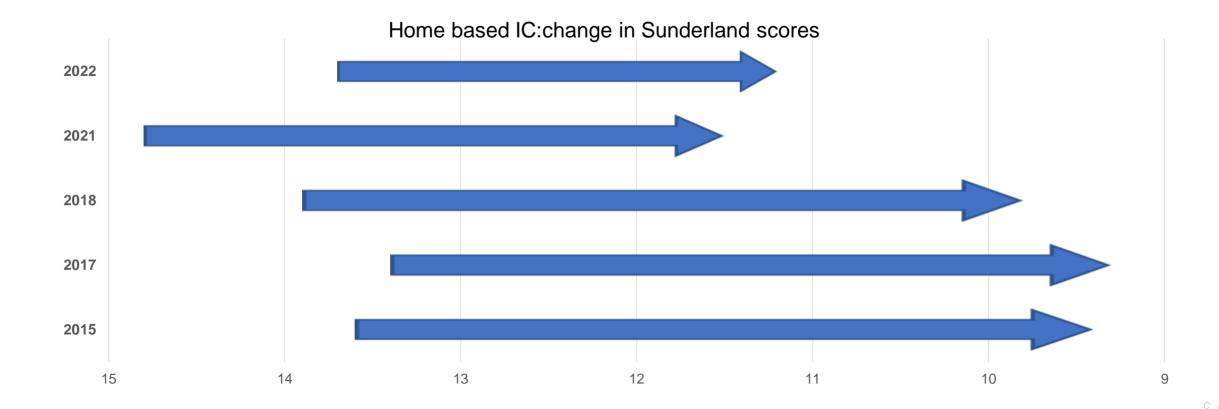


Duration of service (hours)	2020	2021	2022
Crisis response	147	112	145

Duration of service (days)	2020	2021	2022
Home based	35.5	29.6	25.8
Bed Based	26.6	25.3	27.8
Re-ablement	34.3	34.5	50
Integrated MDT	N/A	15.7	27.9



Sunderland score

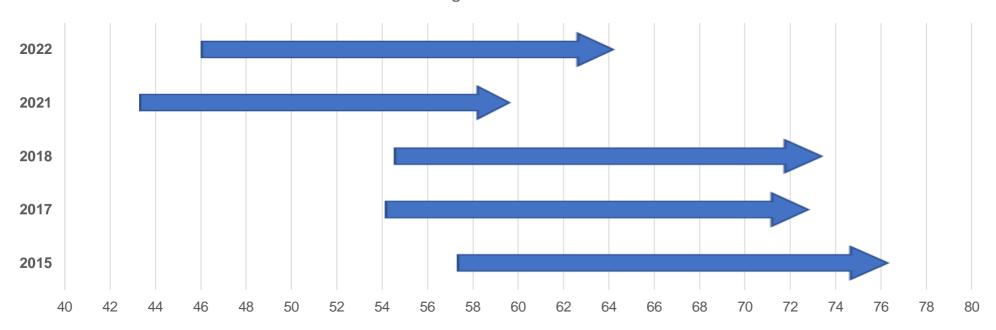


More dependent Less dependent

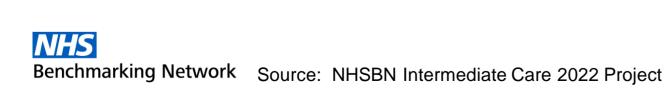


Modified Barthel Index

Bed based IC: change in Modified Barthel score



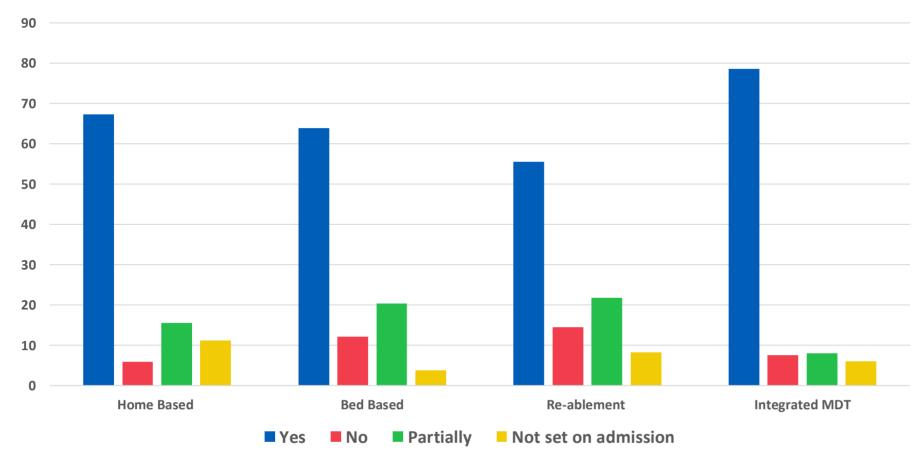
More dependent Less dependent





Intermediate Care

Intermediate Care Goals Achieved (%)



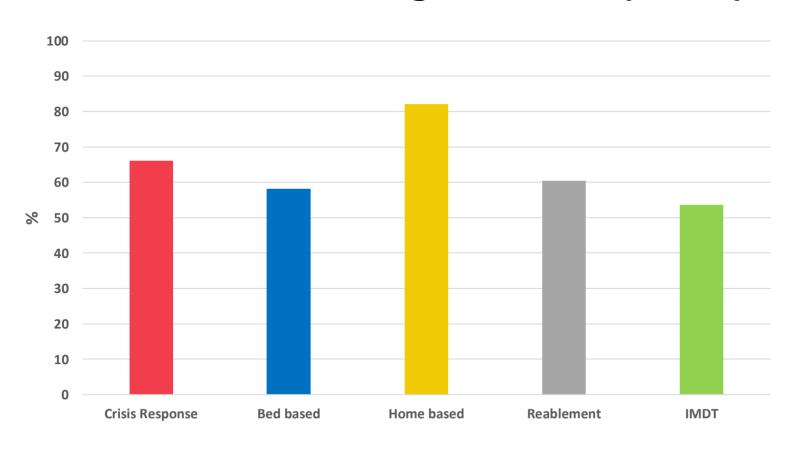


Source: NHSBN Intermediate Care 2022 Project



Intermediate Care Outcomes

Destination on discharge to home (mean)



Destination on discharge	2020	2021	2022
Crisis response	65%	69%	66%
Bed based	67%	60%	58%
Home based	61%	60%	82%
Re-ablement	77%	76%	60%
IMDT	N/A	76%	54%



Next steps

- Thank you for listening
- Data for 2022/23 project cycle is currently being validated. Findings are due to be shared in November and December
- If you would like any support on looking at this data in relation to your system, please contact one of the
 team.

Benchmarking Network

Contact Details

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Up Next...

ALCIDION





Speaking Now...



Headlined by:





Paul Deffley
Chief Medical Officer Alcidion



From 'ward to ICS board' The impact of effective digital flow systems

Alcidion 4 July 2023



What we know

- Waiting list 7.3m (Mar 23)
- UEC Recovery only 74.6% of patients seen in 4 hours in all A&E depts (Apr '23)
- Occupancy levels consistently 95%+

PA graphic. Source: Private Healthcare Information Network

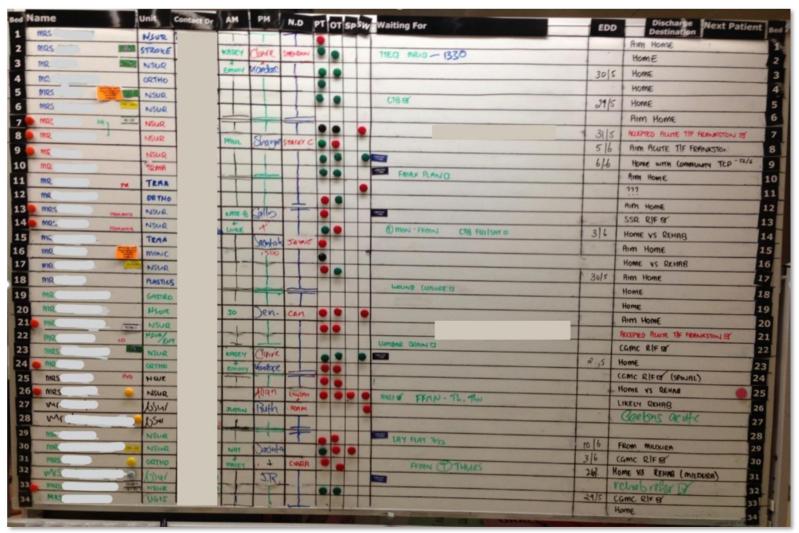
Flow is 'stagnating' across health and care for a multitude of complex interrelated issues





Current reliance on non-digital workflow

- Manually collected & maintained information
- Only available in one place not shared with other systems
- Leads to inefficient patient journeys & unnecessary increases in patient length of stay
- Making great care first time harder

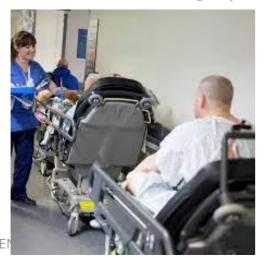


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What does a patient experience?

- Delay accessing care
- Fragmented pathways
- Changing thresholds to access
- Suboptimal clinical outcomes
- Challenging communication
- Needing to 'fill in the gaps'





What does a system experience?

- Prolonged length of stay
- Challenges to staff wellbeing
- Higher % of adverse events
- Higher % of complaints
- Increasing cost of care
- 'typical' levers suffer

COMMERCIAL IN CONF



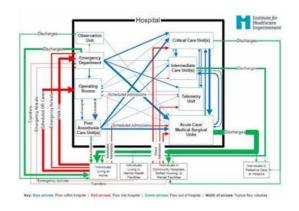
Understanding Flow from ward to ICS Board...



Patient Flow

Movement of patients, between departments, staff groups or organisations as part of their care pathway

Ideally moving from one step in their care to the next without delays

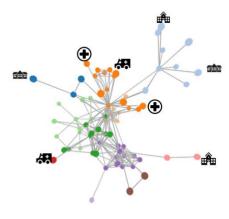


Flow Management

Applying holistic perspectives, dynamic data & complex considerations of multiple priorities

Consequences on patient, staff & hospital system outcomes

increases speed & care quality, improves staff satisfaction, and reduces healthcare costs



System Flow

From a vantage point at ICS level, rich with live insights, synthesise & interpret near real-time performance and activity information (from multiple data sets/workflows/dashboards).

Enables near real-time decisions, mitigating risks and taking action to optimise flow across a whole system of health, care and community services



From 'ward to ICS Board': Strategic Command & Control Centres

See Lead Action Improve Predict/prevent











Hold a holistic / real-time view

Providing improved situational awareness

ICS System level
Processes in place
enabling proactive
leadership
Effective,
collaborative
management

Coordinate action / mutual aid

Ensure flow & capacity across acute, community, MH, virtual wards

Improve clinical outcomes:

Optimising admissions, assessments, treatments, discharge

Hold actionable data analytics
Spot trends, emergent issues and respond



Whole system flow: the role of eBCMS

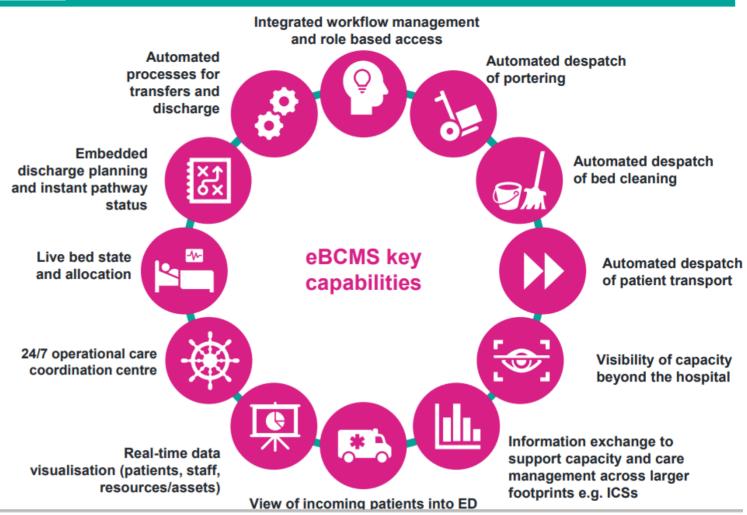
The <u>Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) Recovery Plan</u> includes an NHSE commitment to support trusts without basic electronic bed management capabilities to implement appropriate solutions by <u>Winter 2023</u>

Problem

- Most hospitals rely on a significant number of manual processes to coordinate the use of beds, including phone calls, spreadsheets and reporting into central teams.
- Delays in these processes, time taken to prepare beds, and in discharge can have a significant impact on bed and capacity management, and patient flow through a hospital.

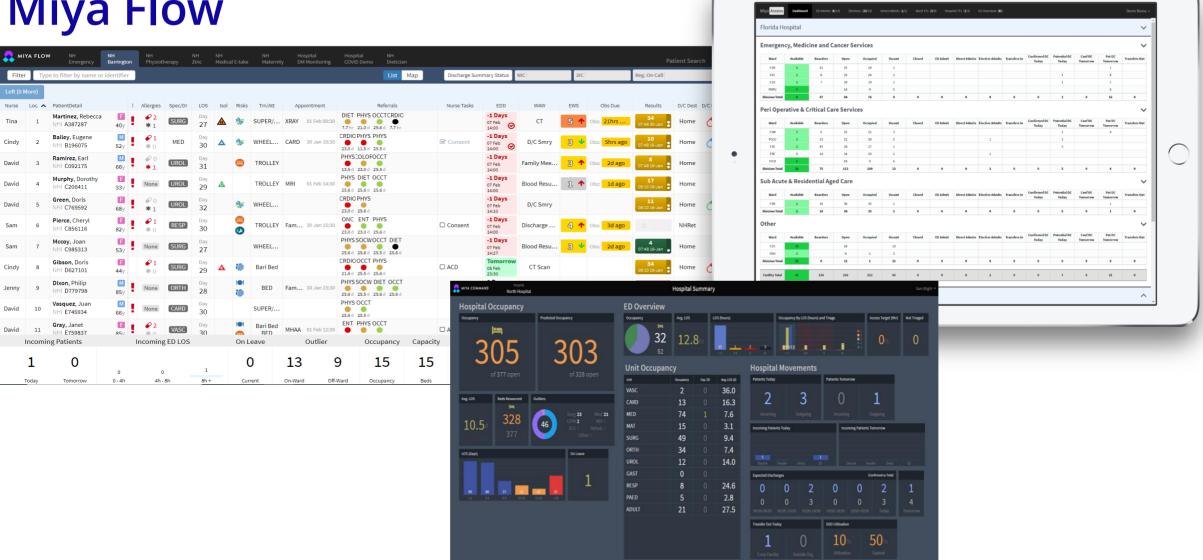
Solution

- Insights from desk research and system and supplier engagement suggest that electronic bed and capacity management systems (eBCMS) can help to improve flow.
- In recent years, some trusts will have achieved bed management capabilities, either through stand-alone digital solutions or as part of existing system implementations (such as EPRs). eBCMS broadens the scope of basic electronic bed management capabilities towards a more patient centred and data driven approach to managing bed demand and capacity.

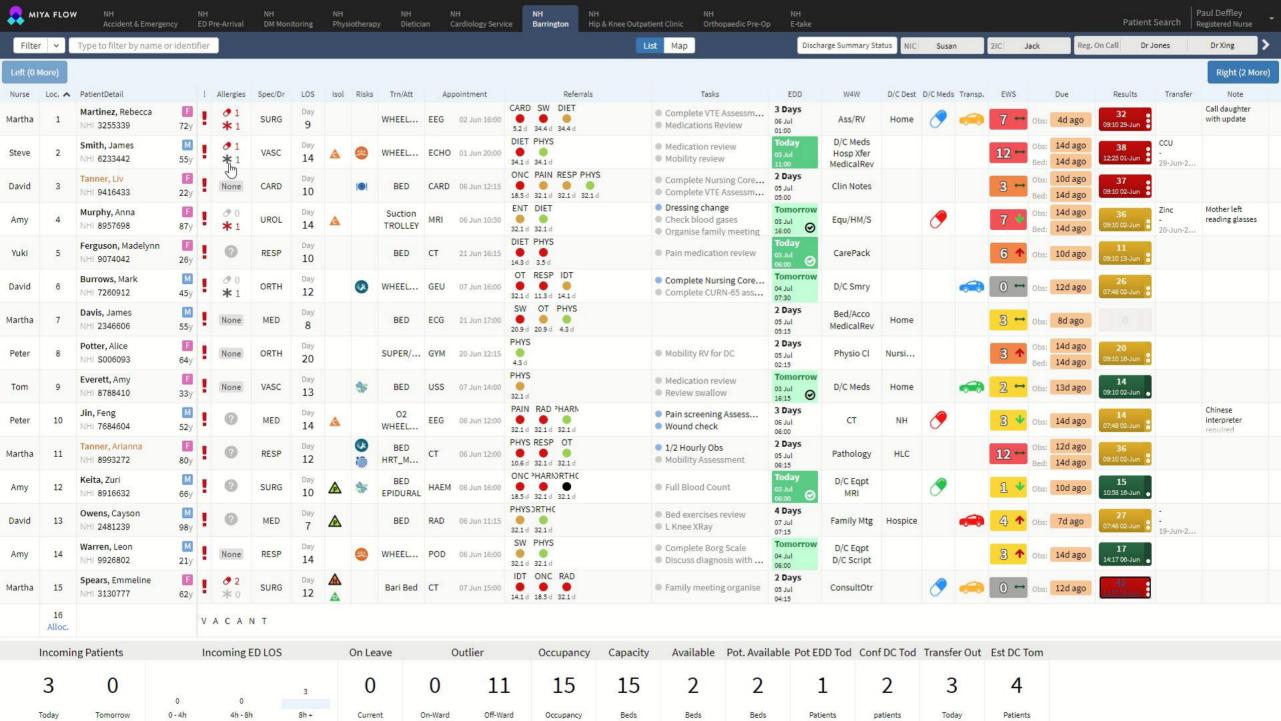




ALCIDION Miya Flow



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Case Study - Dartford and Gravesham NHS Trust



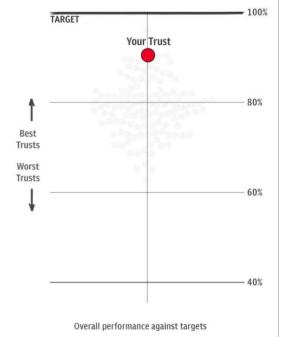


Dartford And Gravesham NHS Trust

We have ranked your trust as **2nd out of 120** in England for its overall performance against key duties of care to its patients

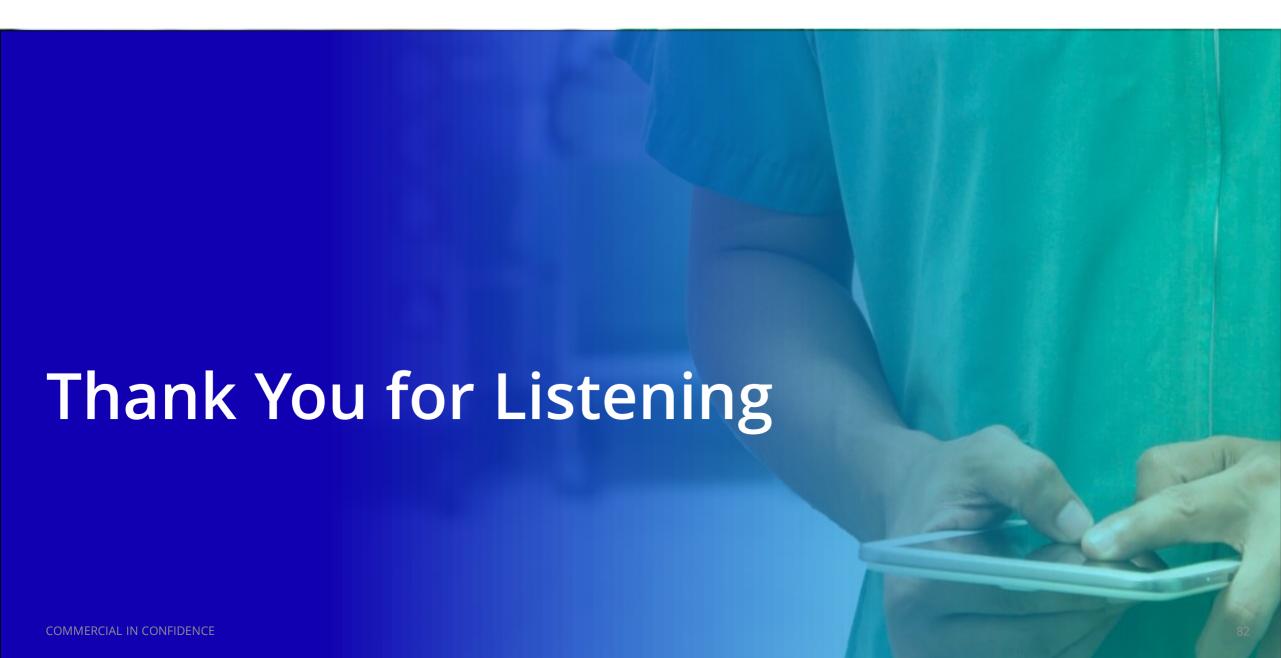
COMPARE TRUSTS

No trust is hitting all of its key patient targets, including your trust



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Q&A Panel





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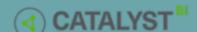
Lunch & Networking



Chair's Afternoon Address



Headlined by:





Conor Burke
CEO - UHUK (Urgent
Health UK)





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Up Next...

Aerogen

Aerogen







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Dr Oonagh O'SullivanMedical Science
Liaison - **Aerogen**



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Speaking Now...



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Martina Clark

Head of Patient Flow
Rotherham, Doncaster and
South Humber (RDaSH)

NHS Foundation Trust



Natalie Belt

Head of Change and
Transformation - Rotherham,
Doncaster and South Humber
(RDaSH) NHS Foundation Trust









Improving Patient Flow Programme

'Right Care, Right Place, Right Time, First Time'

Martina Clark Head of Patient Flow

Natalie Belt Head of Change and Transformation



NHS Foundation Trust







In 2022/23 we began the Improving Patient Flow programme. The aim of the programme is ensure all patients receive high quality accessible services and timely care in the most appropriate setting for them and if they are in a hospital setting, this is for no longer than clinically necessary.

Our aim is to improve the patient journey across three Organisational Transformation Programmes:

- Community Mental Health Transformation
- Crisis Transformation
- Patient Flow Transformation

Our Geographical Footprint





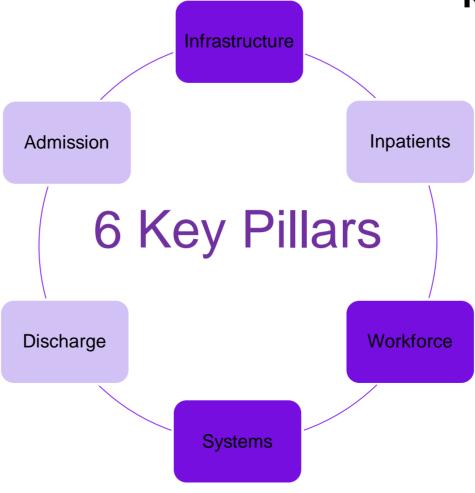
We employ over 3,700 staff and have more than 200 committed volunteers.

The Trust has diversified from mental health and learning disability services to include community services, such as district nursing and health visitors, and around 155,000 people now access our services each year.



Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber

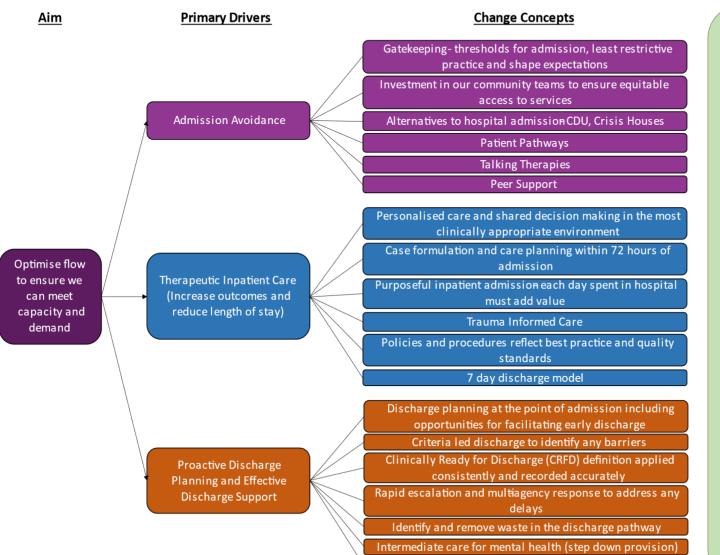
NHS Foundation Trust



Improving Patient Flow Programme 2023/24 "Right Care, Right Place, Right Time, First Time"

Integrated discharge teams/hub model





RDaSH le

A skilled and blended workforce

Clear operational models and effective governance

Co-production

Good use of data

Transformation programmes and quality improvement

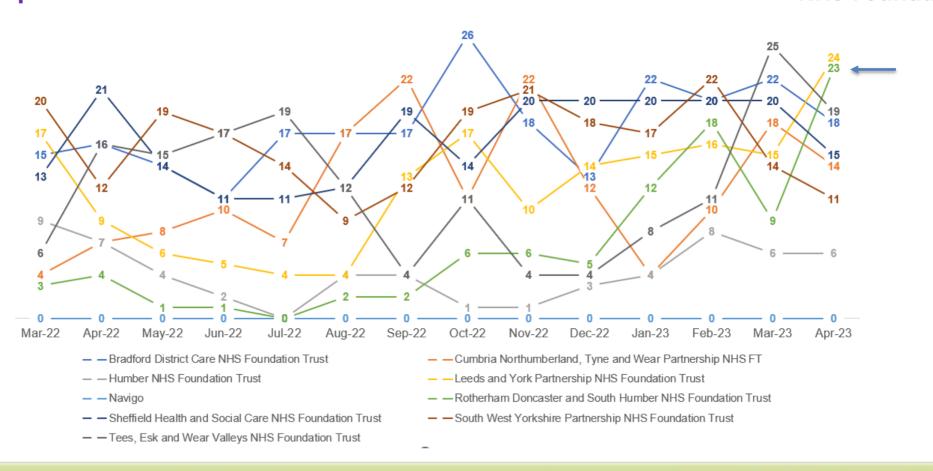
A proactive shared risk ownership approach

Number of people placed out of area as of last working day of previous month



Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber

NHS Foundation Trust





NHS Foundation Trust

Key Enablers

- > A skilled and blended workforce
- > Clear operational models and effective governance
- > Co-production
- > Good use of data
- > Transformation programmes and quality improvement
- > A proactive shared risk ownership approach



Admission Avoidance

- **NHS Foundation Trust**
- Gatekeeping –thresholds for admission, least restrictive practice and shape expectations
- Investment in our community teams to ensure equitable access to services
- ➤ Alternatives to hospital admission CDU, Crisis Houses
- Patient pathways
- > Talking therapies
- > Peer support



NHS Foundation Trust

Therapeutic Inpatient Care

- Personalised care and shared decision making in the most clinically appropriate environment
- Purposeful inpatient admission each day spent in hospital must add value
- ➤ Case formulation and care planning within 72 hours of admission
- > Trauma informed care
- Policies and procedures reflect best practice and quality standards
- > 7 day discharge model

Proactive discharge planning and support



- ➤ Discharge planning at the point of admission including opportunities for facilitating early discharge
- Criteria led discharge to identify any barriers
- Clinically Ready for Discharge (CRFD) definition applied consistently and recorded accurately
- Rapid escalation and multi-agency response to address any delays
- > Identify and remove waste in the discharge pathway
- > Intermediate care for mental health (step down provision)
- ➤ Integrated discharge teams/hub model

Challenges



- > Demand for mental health services
- > Winter pressures/cost of living crisis/industrial action
- > Length of time our patients are remaining in hospital
- ➤ Inappropriate admissions (LD/ASD)
- ➤ Bed availability Section 140
- > Increase in out of area placements
- > Risk aversion

'Right Care, Right Place, Right Time, First Time'



NHS Foundation Trust





Interoperability for activity from primary, secondary and VCSE services



Moving away from the Care Programme Approach towards personalised care



Integration with Local Authority services



Recording access data from new model



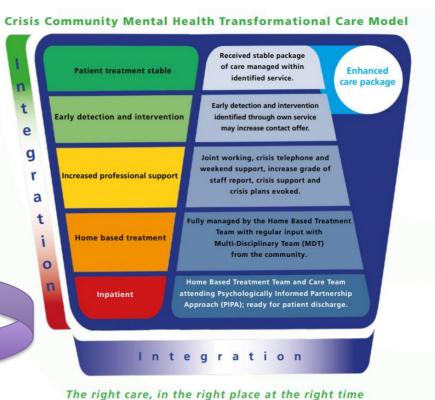
Recruitment in line with indicative 23/24 workforce profile





Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber

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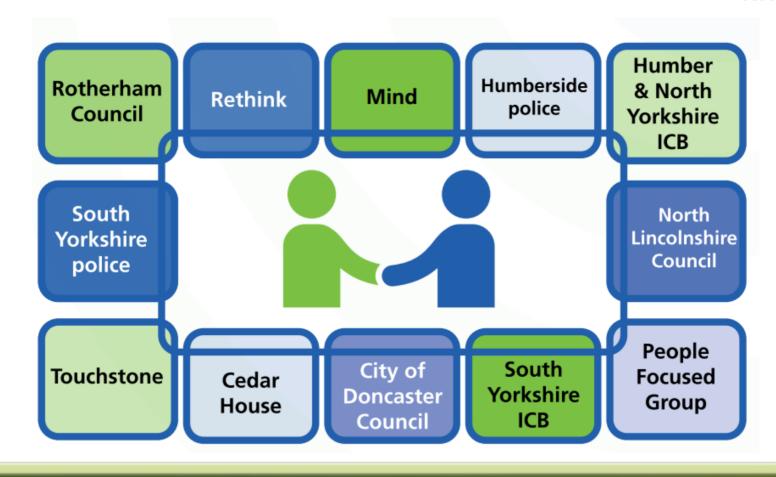




Working in Partnership

Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber

NHS Foundation Trust





Reflections from the RDaSH Adult and Older Person's Inpatient MADE Events (November 22-April 2023)



You said, we heard, together we agreed

- There is inconsistency in community support and availability of crisis and home-based treatment across the Care Groups. This is one of the core objectives to address as part of the Crisis Transformation Programme.
- Staying in hospital longer than is clinically necessary is risking harm to our patients, through long term disruption to their routines, reduced independence and reduced access to their support networks. We need to ensure all our inpatient admissions are purposeful, all patients have an estimated date of discharge (EDD) and robust discharge planning commence at the point of admission. If the same or better therapeutic benefit can be provided in the community, the patient should be discharged to the community. We are engaging in quality improvement programmes at National and Place level relating to the nursing, quality and patient safety agenda.
- Ongoing and unresolved safeguarding issues on our wards (for example, when there are interpersonal difficulties between patients and/or staff) are impacting on our patient journey's and increasing out of area placements. Our safeguarding procedure will be reviewed with the AND's to consider how we robustly address any concerns and where appropriate provide mediation and interpersonal conflict resolution.
- Improvements in our gatekeeping process are required to ensure and evidence that a hospital environment is the least restrictive option. This is one of the core objectives to address as part of the Crisis Transformation Programme.
- There are gaps in provision for patients with a diagnosis of LD and ASD patients who require hospital in-patient care which results in inappropriate admissions to our PICU wards. We are working closely with our Commissioners to influence future provision and robustly escalate any inappropriate admissions to our inpatient wards. Each ICB now has to have a robust process in place to review people with LD and Autism who are admitted to hospital. There is a requirement for annual reporting and CETR panels are being set up by each ICB to fulfil this responsibility.



Reflections from the RDaSH Adult and Older Person's Inpatient MADE Events (November 22-April 2023)



You said, we heard, together we agreed

- Some patients are spending avoidable time in hospital due to lack of appropriate/sufficient support in community settings. The
 community mental health transformation programmes aim to address access to improved rehabilitation pathways and a clear
 focus on mobilising the new primary care hubs with an aim of tackling 'no wrong door' and time rich interventions and initiatives
 reducing delays and waiting times. This approach will see a growth in resource through the new primary care hubs and direct
 access to a wide range of therapeutic interventions as required, supported by PLACE to achieve the right support at the right time,
 first time.
- Our rehabilitation and PD pathways are unclear. This is one of the core objectives to address as part of the Community Mental Health Transformation Programme.
- There is lack of availability/access to housing both independent and supported living. We are working hard with our local authority teams to increase links with housing support and identify any housing needs robustly.
- Multi-Disciplinary Team workforce shortages are having a direct impact on patient care in both community and inpatient settings. These shortages are highlighted on the Trust Risk Register and the latest HR dashboard info is showing that the number of staff joining the Trust is now higher than staff leaving. We continue to maximise our recruitment offer including overseas recruitment to nursing, allied health professional and medical posts. We are prioritising support for staff to undertake the Trainee Nurse Associate (TNA) apprenticeship programme. A review of community mental health caseloads and staffing commenced in February 2023. The Mental Health Optimal Staffing Tool (MHOST) is being rolled out from April 2024 on our mental health/LD wards to calculate clinical staffing requirements robustly monitor safe staffing levels based on acuity and dependency.

Mental Health Discharge Initiatives



- ncaster lumber
- 1. Identify the purpose of the admission, set an expected date of discharge (EDD) for when this purpose will be achieved, and communicate this with the person, family/carers and any teams involved in the person's care post-discharge, e.g. community mental health team (CMHT) or crisis resolution home treatment team (CRHTT).
- 2. Complete care formulation and care planning at the earliest opportunity with the person, and within a maximum of 72 hours of admission
- 3. Identify any potential barriers to discharge early on in admission and take action to address these. Where appropriate action cannot be taken, escalate this to the ICB Discharge Lead
- 4. Conduct daily reviews, such as the 'Red to Green' approach, to ensure each day is adding therapeutic benefit for the person and is in line with the purpose of admission.
- 5. Hold Multi Agency Discharge Events (MADE) with key partners on a regular basis, to review complex cases.
- 6. Ensure partnership working and early engagement with the person, family/carers and teams involved in the person's post-discharge support; agree a joint action plan with key responsibilities, for example for social care, housing, primary care, CMHT, CRHTT. etc.
- 7. Apply 7-day working to enable people who are clinically ready for discharge to be discharged over weekends and bank holidays, and allow people who require admission timely access to local beds
- 8. Identify common reasons and solutions to people being delayed in hospital, e.g. housing support/accommodation. Start by reviewing: Those who are clinically ready for discharge but occupying beds. Adults and older adults with a long length of stay (over 60/90 days for adult/older adult admissions).
- 9. Communicate notice of discharge at least 48 hours prior to the person being discharged, to the person, their family/carers and any ongoing support services.
- 10. Follow up to be carried out with the person by the CMHT or CRHTT at the earliest opportunity and within a maximum of 72 hours of discharge, to ensure the right discharge support is in place.





Rotherham Doncaster and South Humber **NHS Foundation Trust**

RDaSH Quality Measures

Our quality measures for the challenge:

- Average length of stay with the aim of decreasing this overall
- The number of patients CRFD (but delayed) the aim to significantly reduce these
- Compliance with each patient having a discharge care plan within 72 hours
- Compliance with patients been seen for community after care following up within 72 hours of discharge
- Compliance with each patient having an EDD on SystmOne and this date not being overdue
- Increase capacity on our inpatient wards to ensure "right care, right place, right time, first time "

Aims for 2023/2024



- > Increase capacity on our inpatient wards to ensure
 - "right care, right place, right time, first time"
- > Reduce length of stay
- > Ensure 95% bed occupancy
- Eliminate Out of Area Placements (OAP's)
- Transform all pathways in and out of community mental health services/crisis
- Focus on prevention working with the VCSE
- Improve access to crisis alternatives
- Collaborate with Experts by Experience to drive change



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Headlined by:





Ben Jeeves

Associate Chief Clinical Information
Officer, AHP professional Lead, Advanced
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partnership NHS University Foundation
Trust



BENJAMIN JEEVES

ASSOCIATE CHIEF CLINICAL INFORMATION OFFICER

AHP PROFESSIONAL LEAD

MSK ADVANCED PRACTITIONER

WHAT DID WE HAVE?

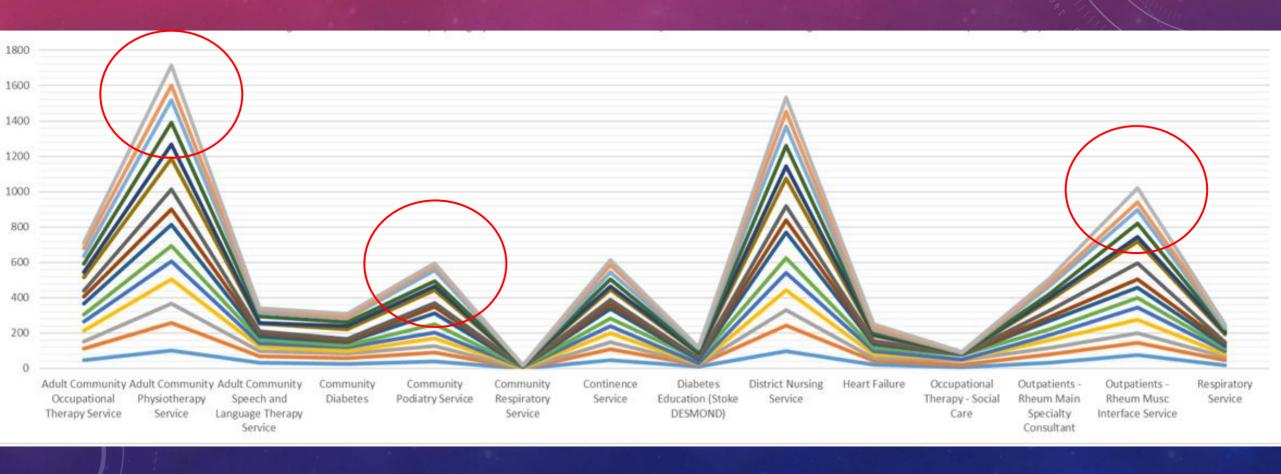
- North Staffordshire and Stoke-on-Trent
- IMPACT (Interdisciplinary Musculoskeletal Pain Assessment Community Team) Pain Service
- Musculoskeletal Interface Service (MIS)
- Physiotherapy service
- Podiatry service

- Multiple pathways/ entries for MSK care
- Duplication
- Inefficiency
- Multiple systems (7 clinically related systems)

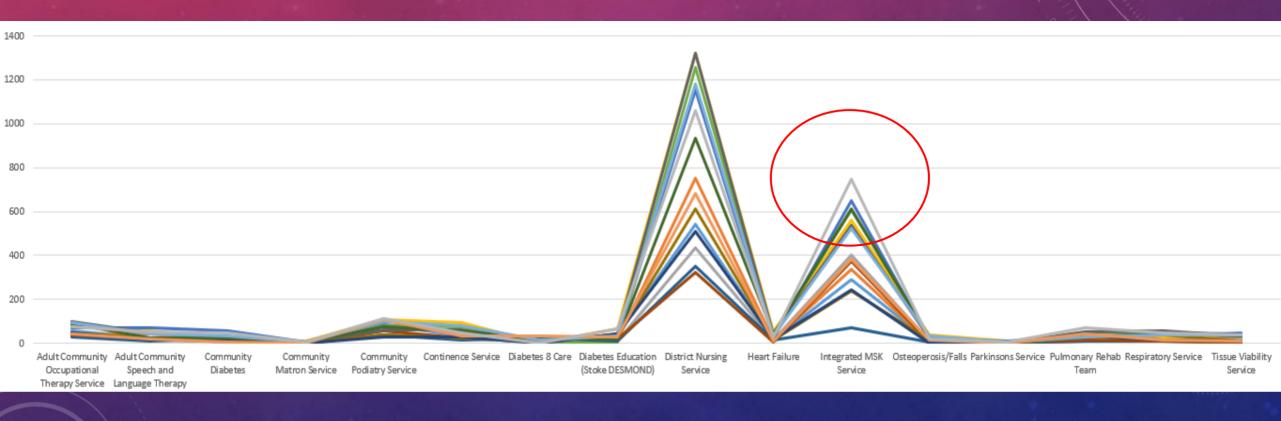
WHAT WAS NEEDED?

- Change!
- Integration
- Single Point of Access (SPA)
- Efficiency gains
- Improved outcomes
- Knowledge mobilisation

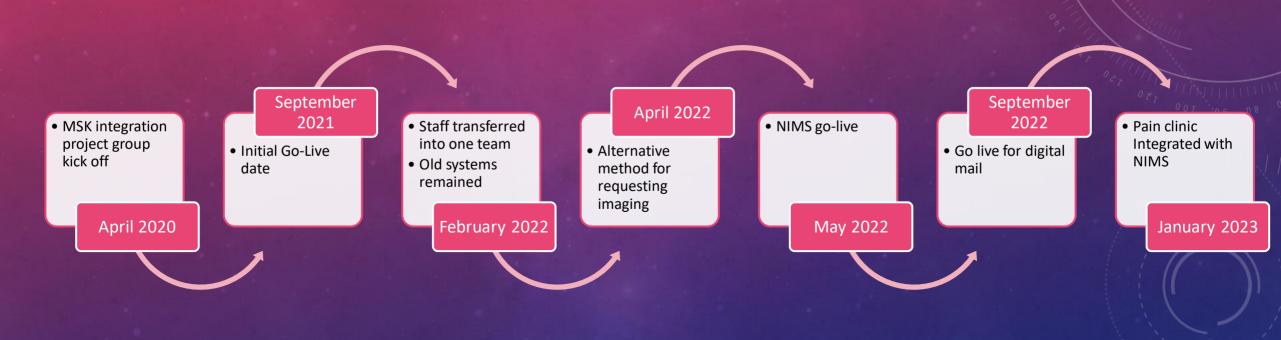
COMBINING THE SERVICES



SINGLE POINT OF ACCESS



TIMELINE



WHAT WAS IT LIKE?

- Difficult.
- It was between 70 and 90% difficult.

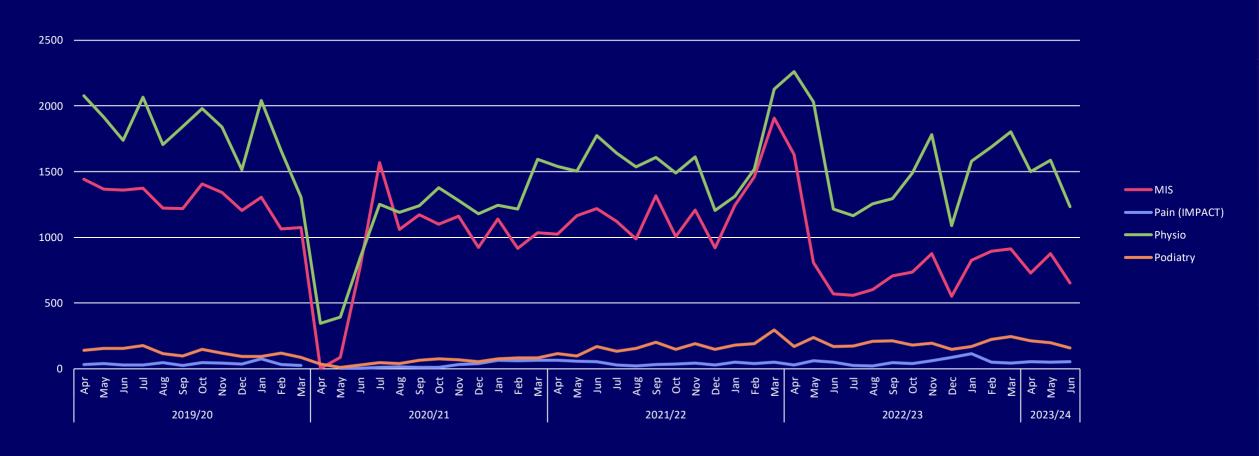
Forbes 2022. McKinsey, BCG, KPMG, Bain & Company

WHAT DO WE HAVE NOW?

- A single point of access
- 6 systems
- Integrated digital dictation
- Digital mail solution
- Less admin burden
- Less duplication
- Less appointments needed
- Some co-located clinics

MSK REFERRALS





COMBINED MSK REFERRALS



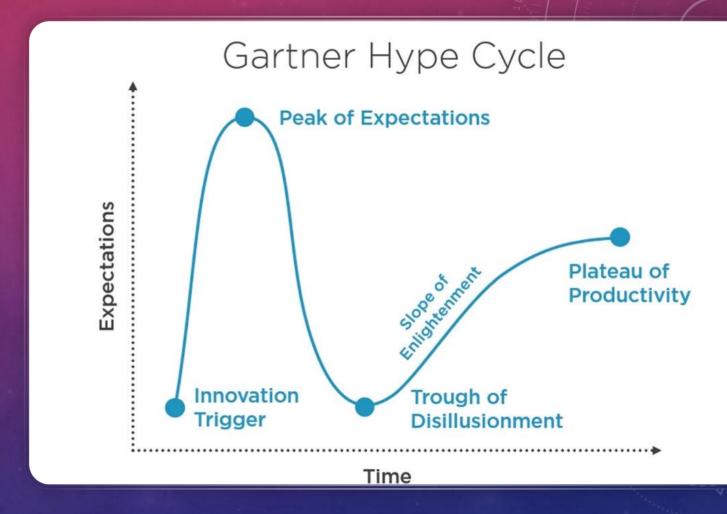
CHALLENGES

- Complexity of the project
- Funnel effect
- Comms with Primary care colleagues
- Relationship pressures with local acute partners
- Not all changes have worked

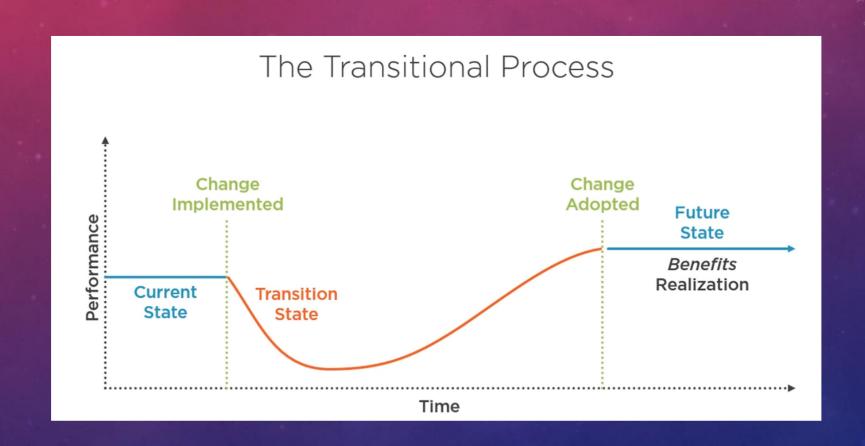
POST GO-LIVE

- Waiting list consequences
- Productivity consequences
- SPA convergeance

GARTNER HYPE CYCLE



THE TRANSITIONAL PROCESS



COMBINED MSK REFERRALS



LESSONS LEARNED

- Communication
- Colleagues didn't feel ready
- People forget
- You don't always need new tech

BENEFITS REALISED

- Improved patient flow
 - Improved patient experience
- Reduced duplication
- Appointments saved
- Single point of access
- Savings in printing/ postage (x1 WTE admin staff)
 - Enabled more home working
 - Projected £400k savings
- Career pathways
- Better data

- Knowledge mobilisation
- Equity for access to CPD
- Sharing of resources
- "sense of belonging"
- Improved operational management

WHAT'S NEXT?

- Self referral
- Patient portal
- Ongoing pathway re design
- Ongoing change management
- Data
- ? Speech recognition
- Integrate with rheumatology?

 Always leave things better than you found them, especially people.

• Dr Henry Cloud.





Speaking Now...



Headlined by:





Dr Gurnak Singh Dosanjh
GP and ICB Clinical Lead for Home
First - Leicester, Leicestershire
and Rutland ICB





Headlined by: (4) CATA

Q&A Panel





Headlined by: <a capacity

Thank you for attending The Patient Flow Conference South!



Register for the next Patient Flow Conference....

